

SD51

SCHOTTKY RECTIFIER



NAINA



Switch mode Power Rectifier.

employing the Schottky Barrier principle in a large area metal-to-silicon power diode. State-of-the-art geometry features epitaxial construction with oxide passivation and metal overlap contact. ideally suited for use as rectifiers in low-voltage, high-frequency inverters, free whelling diodes, and polarity protection diodes.

- Extremely Low V_F
- Low Stored Charge, Majority Carrier Conduction
- Low Power Loss/High Efficiency
- High Surge Capacity

Mechanical Characteristics :

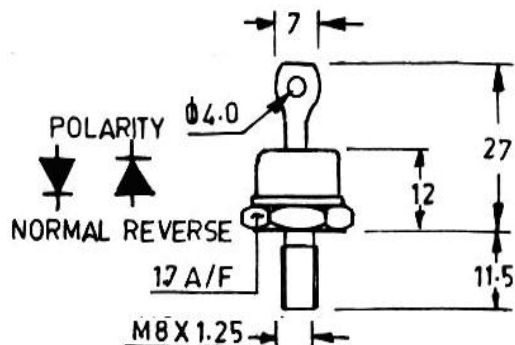
- Case Welded steel, hermetically seated
- Finish : All External Surfaces Corrosion Resistant and Terminal Lead is Readily Solderable

Solder Heat : The excellent heat transfer property of the heavy duty copper anode terminal which transmits heat away from the die requires that caution be used when attaching wires.

- Stud Torque: 15 lb-in max

60 AMPERE

45 VOLTS



MAXIMUM RATINGS

Ratings	Symbol	SD51	UNIT
Peak Repetitive Reverse Voltage	V_{RRM}	45	Volts
Working Peak Reverse Voltage	V_{RWM}		
PC Blocking Voltage	V_R		
Nonrepetitive Peak Reverse Voltage	V_{RSM}	54	Volts
Average Rectified Forward Current $V_{R(equiv)} \leq 0.2 V_{R(dc)}, T_C=85^\circ C$	I_o	60	Amps
Ambient Temperature Rated $V_{R(dc)}, P_{F(AV)}=0, R_{\theta JA}=3.5^\circ C/W$	T_A	90	$^\circ C$
Nonrepetitive Peak Surge Current (surge applied at rated load conditions, halfwave, single phase, 60 Hz)	I_{FSM}	800 for one cycle	Amps
Operating and Storage Junction Temperature Range (Reverse voltage applied)	T_J, T_{stg}	-65 TO +150	$^\circ C$
Peak Operating Junction Temperature (Forward Current Applied)	$T_{J(pk)}$	150	$^\circ C$

THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

Characteristics	Symbol	Max	Unit
Thermal Resistance, Junction to case	$R_{\theta JC}$	1.0	$^\circ C/W$

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($T_C = 25^\circ C$ unless otherwise noted)

Maximum Instantaneous Forward Voltage ($I_F=30$ Amps)	V_F	0.58	Volts
($I_F=60$ Amps)		0.66	
($I_F=120$ Amps)		0.86	
Maximum Instantaneous Reverse Current @ 25 $^\circ C$		50	ma
@125 $^\circ C$		125	ma