

3rd Generation thinQ!TM SiC Schottky Diode

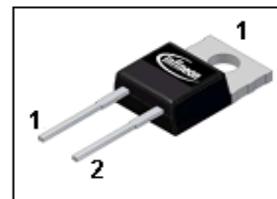
Features

- Revolutionary semiconductor material - Silicon Carbide
- Switching behavior benchmark
- No reverse recovery / No forward recovery
- Temperature independent switching behavior
- High surge current capability
- Pb-free lead plating; RoHS compliant
- Qualified according to JEDEC¹⁾ for target applications
- Breakdown voltage tested at 20mA²⁾
- Optimized for high temperature operation
- Lowest Figure of Merit Q_C/I_F

Product Summary

V_{DC}	600	V
Q_C	4.5	nC
$I_F; T_C < 130^\circ C$	4	A

PG-T0220-2



thinQ! 3G Diode designed for fast switching applications like:

- SMPS e.g.; CCM PFC
- Motor Drives; Solar Applications; UPS

Type	Package	Marking	Pin 1	Pin 2
IDH04SG60C	PG-T0220-2	D04G60C	C	A

Maximum ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value	Unit
Continuous forward current	I_F	$T_C < 130^\circ C$	4	A
Surge non-repetitive forward current, sine halfwave	$I_{F,SM}$	$T_C = 25^\circ C, t_p = 10 \text{ ms}$	18	
		$T_C = 150^\circ C, t_p = 10 \text{ ms}$	13.5	
Non-repetitive peak forward current	$I_{F,max}$	$T_C = 25^\circ C, t_p = 10 \mu\text{s}$	120	
i^2t value	$\int j^2 dt$	$T_C = 25^\circ C, t_p = 10 \text{ ms}$	1.8	A^2s
		$T_C = 150^\circ C, t_p = 10 \text{ ms}$	0.93	
Repetitive peak reverse voltage	V_{RRM}	$T_j = 25^\circ C$	600	V
Diode dv/dt ruggedness	dv/dt	$V_R = 0 \dots 480 \text{ V}$	50	V/ns
Power dissipation	P_{tot}	$T_C = 25^\circ C$	43	W
Operating and storage temperature	T_j, T_{stg}		-55 ... 175	$^\circ C$
Soldering temperature, wavesoldering only allowed at leads	T_{sold}	1.6mm (0.063 in.) from case for 10s	260	
Mounting torque		M3 and M3.5 screws	60	Ncm

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Values			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	

Thermal characteristics

Thermal resistance, junction - case	R_{thJC}		-	-	3.5	K/W
Thermal resistance, junction - ambient	R_{thJA}	Thermal resistance, junction- ambient, leaded	-	-	62	

Electrical characteristics, at $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified

Static characteristics

DC blocking voltage	V_{DC}	$I_R=0.05 \text{ mA}, T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$	600	-	-	V
Diode forward voltage	V_F	$I_F=4 \text{ A}, T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$	-	2.1	2.3	
		$I_F=4 \text{ A}, T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$	-	2.8	-	
Reverse current	I_R	$V_R=600 \text{ V}, T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$	-	0.3	25	μA
		$V_R=600 \text{ V}, T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$	-	1.3	270	

AC characteristics

Total capacitive charge	Q_c	$V_R=400 \text{ V}, I_F \leq I_{F,\text{max}}, di_F/dt = 200 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$	-	4.5	-	nC
Switching time ³⁾	t_c	$T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$	-	-	<10	ns
Total capacitance	C	$V_R=1 \text{ V}, f=1 \text{ MHz}$	-	80	-	pF
		$V_R=300 \text{ V}, f=1 \text{ MHz}$	-	10	-	
		$V_R=600 \text{ V}, f=1 \text{ MHz}$	-	10	-	

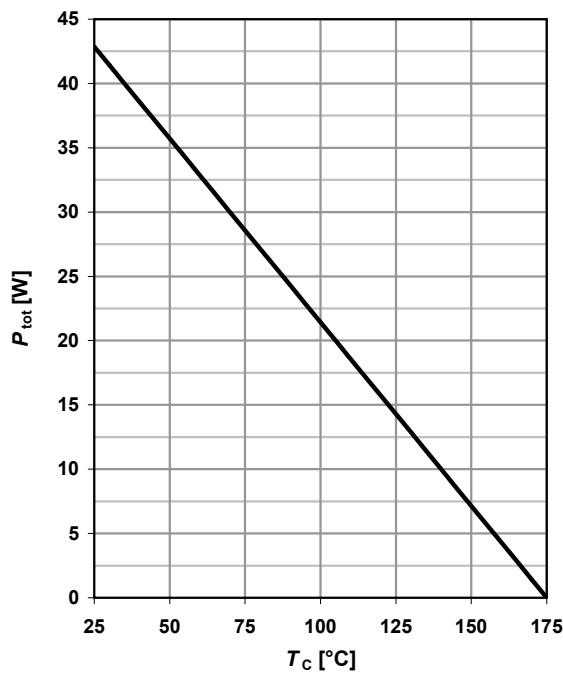
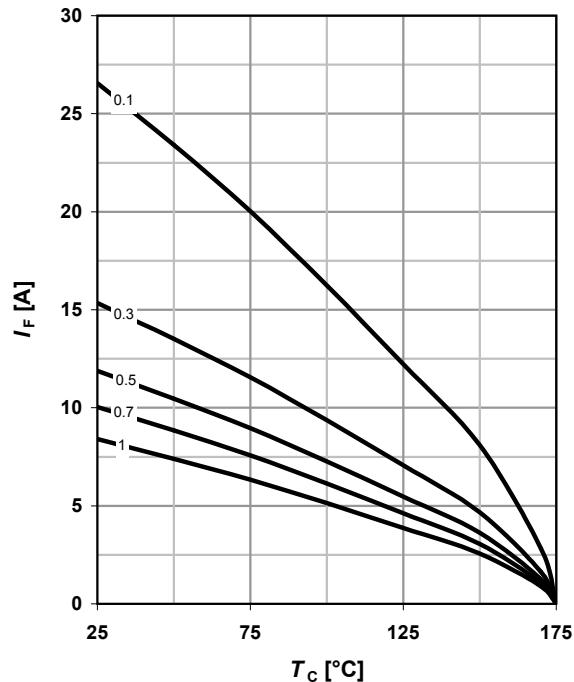
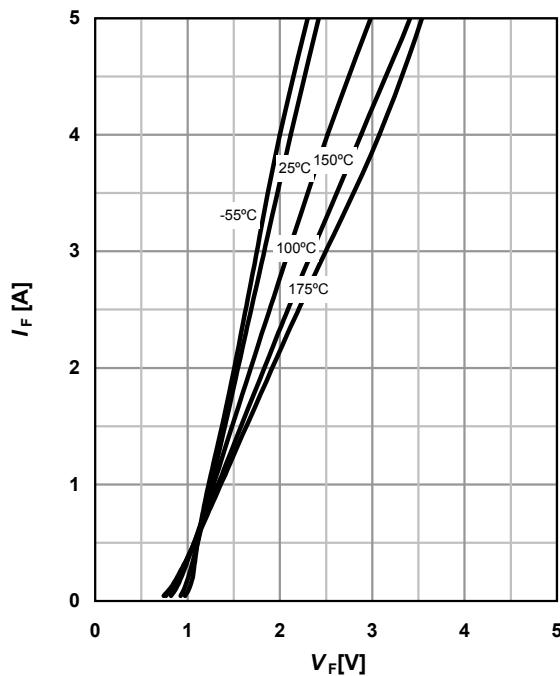
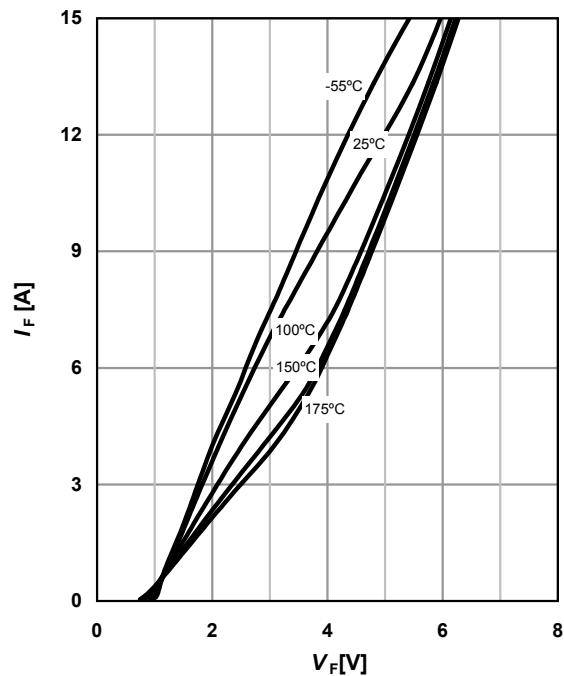
¹⁾ J-STD20 and JESD22

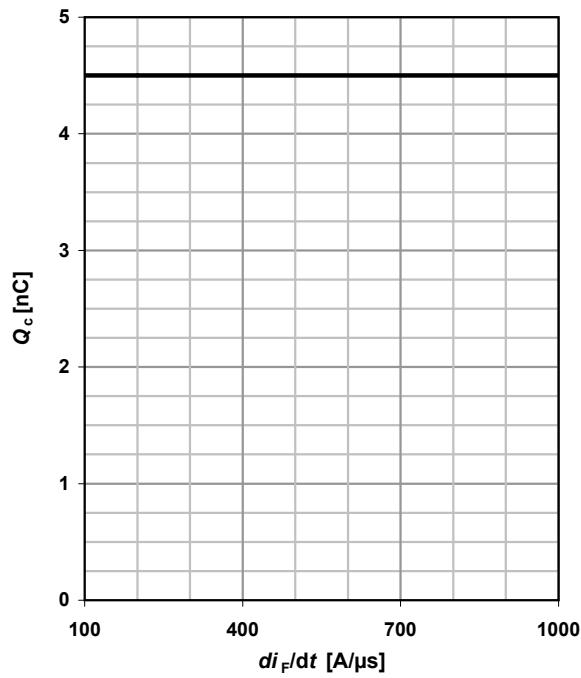
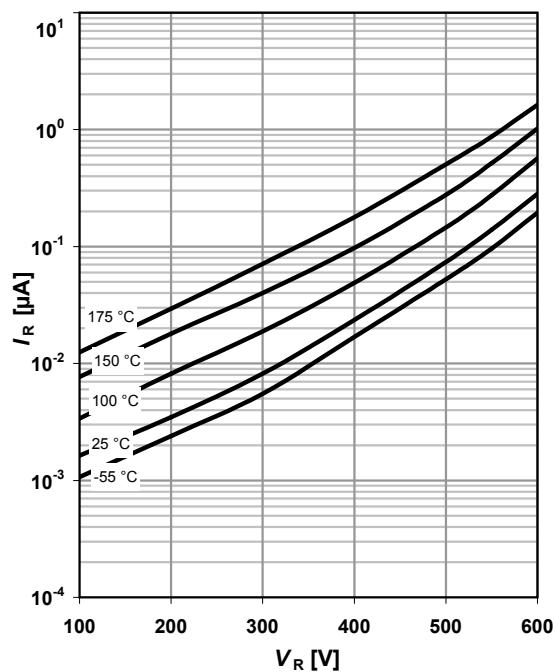
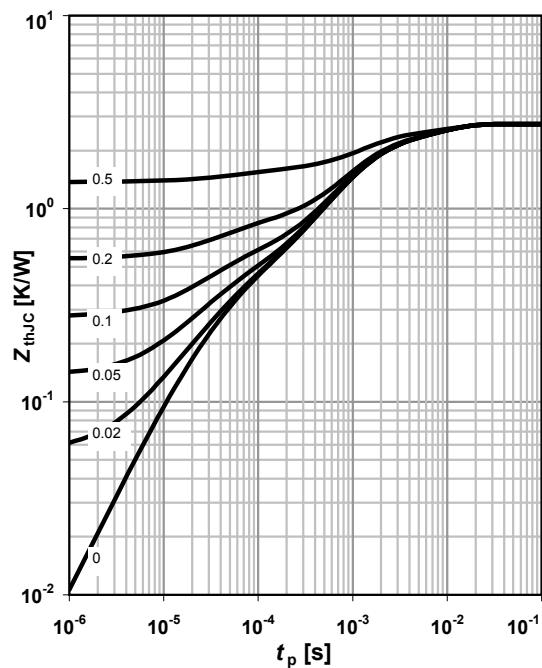
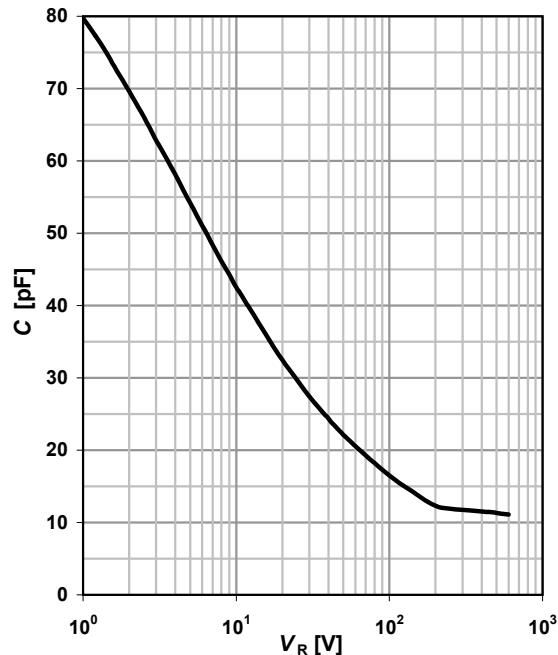
²⁾ All devices tested under avalanche conditions, for a time period of 10ms, at 20mA.

³⁾ t_c is the time constant for the capacitive displacement current waveform (independent from T_j , I_{LOAD} and di/dt), different from t_{rr} which is dependent on T_j , I_{LOAD} and di/dt . No reverse recovery time constant t_{rr} due to absence of minority carrier injection.

⁴⁾ Under worst case Z_{th} conditions.

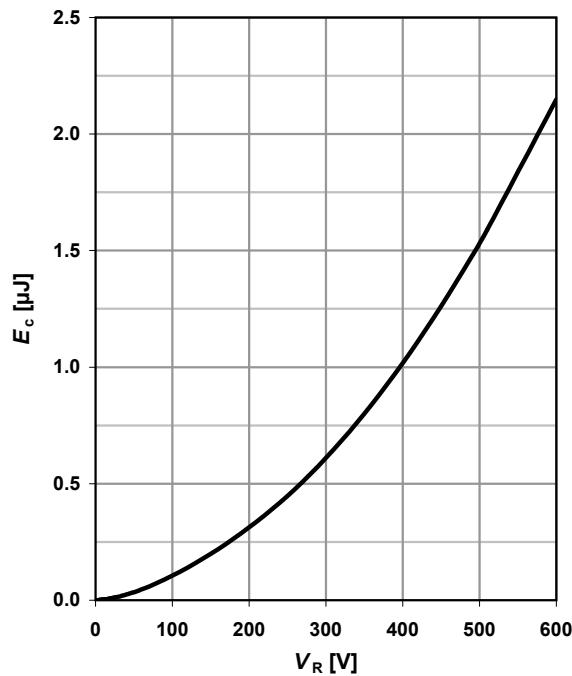
⁵⁾ Only capacitive charge occurring, guaranteed by design.

1 Power dissipation
 $P_{\text{tot}} = f(T_c)$; parameter: $R_{\text{thJC(max)}}$

2 Diode forward current
 $I_F = f(T_c)^4$; $T_j \leq 175$ °C; parameter: $D = t_p/T$

3 Typ. forward characteristic
 $I_F = f(V_F)$; $t_p = 400$ µs; parameter: T_j

4 Typ. forward characteristic in surge current mode
 $I_F = f(V_F)$; $t_p = 400$ µs; parameter: T_j


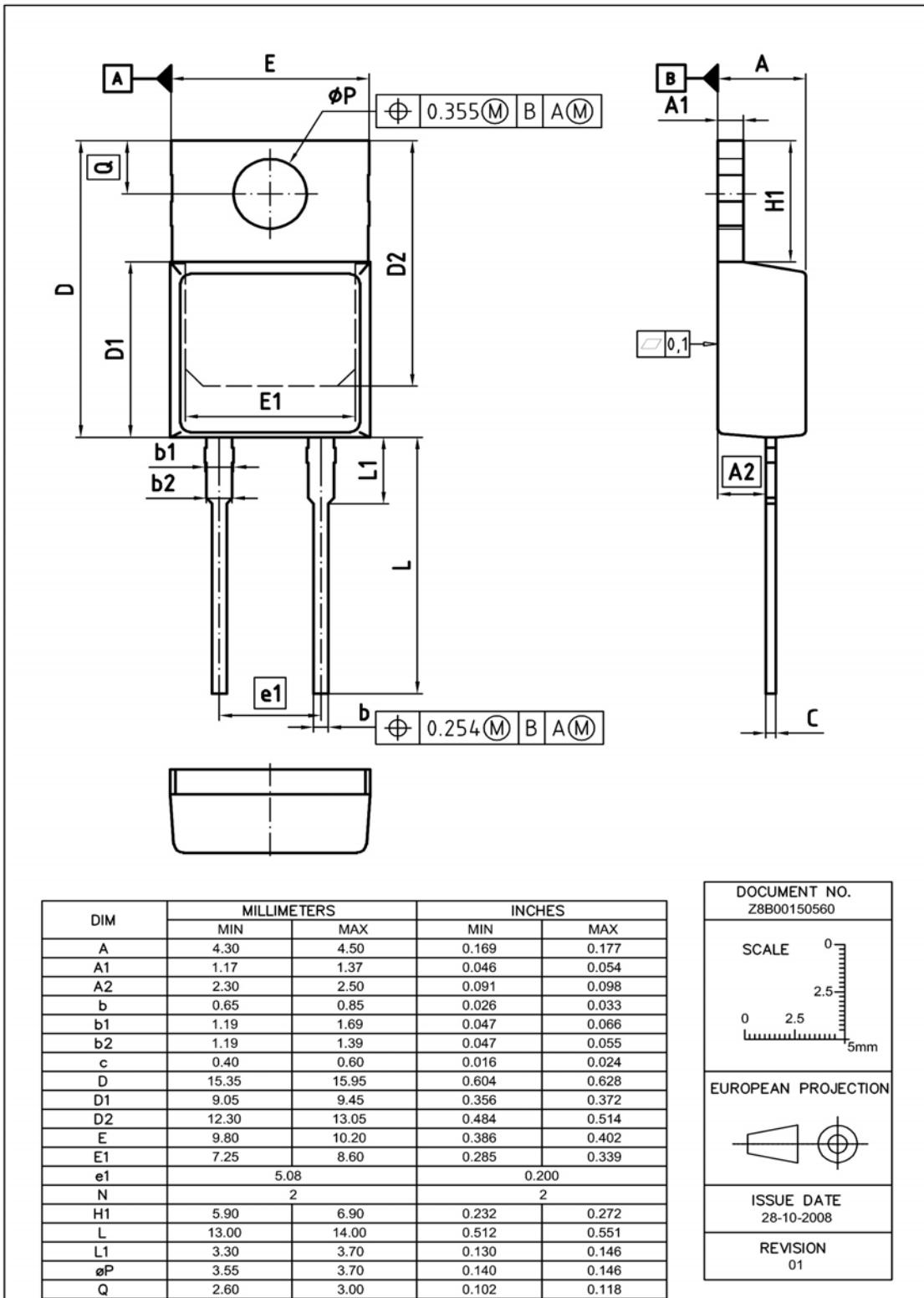
5 Typ. capacitance charge vs. current slope
 $Q_C = f(di_F/dt)^{5)}; I_F \leq I_{F,\max}$

6 Typ. reverse current vs. reverse voltage
 $I_R = f(V_R); \text{ parameter: } T_j$

7 Transient thermal impedance
 $Z_{thJC} = f(t_p); \text{ parameter: } D = t_p/T$

8 Typ. capacitance vs. reverse voltage
 $C = f(V_R); T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}, f = 1 \text{ MHz}$


9 Typ. C stored energy

$$E_C = f(V_R)$$



PG-T0220-2: Outline



Dimensions in mm/inches

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