## PRELIMINARY DATA SHEET



## **PHOTOCOUPLER**

# PS9822-1,-2

# 1 Mbps OPEN COLLECTOR OUTPUT TYPE 8-PIN SSOP (SO-8) HIGH-SPEED PHOTOCOUPLER

-NEPOC Series-

## **DESCRIPTION**

The PS9822-1 and PS9822-2 are active-low type high-speed photocouplers that use a GaAlAs light-emitting diode on the input side and a photodetector IC that includes a photodiode and a signal processor on the same chip on the output side.

The PS9822-1, -2 are high-speed digital output type photocouplers designed specifically for low circuit current. The PS9822-2 is suitable for high density applications.

## **FEATURES**

· Supply Voltage

N rank: Vcc = 3.3 VL rank: Vcc = 5 V

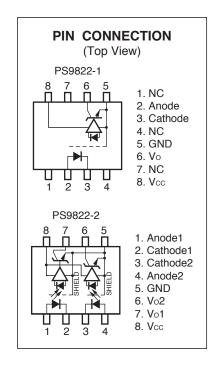
- Pulse width distortion (|tphl-tplh| = 200 ns MAX.)
- 40% reduction of mounting area (5-pin SOP × 2)
- · High-speed (1 Mbps)
- High isolation voltage (BV = 2 500 Vr.m.s.)
- Open collector output
- · Ordering number of tape product: PS9822-1-F3: 1 500 pcs/reel

: PS9822-2-F3: 1 500 pcs/reel

· Pb-Free product

## **APPLICATIONS**

- · PoE (Power over Ethernet)
- Measurement equipment
- FA Network

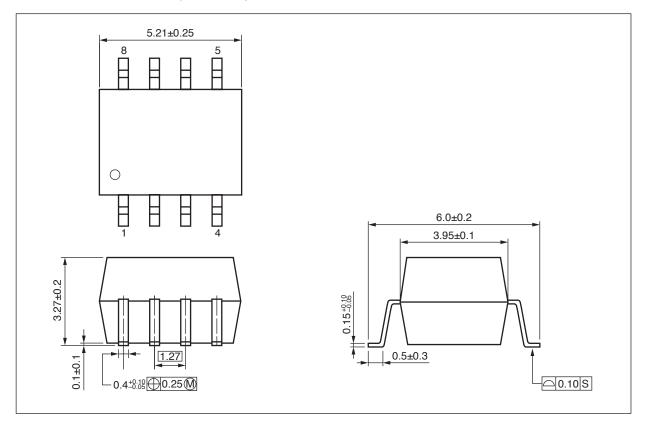


#### TRUTH TABLE

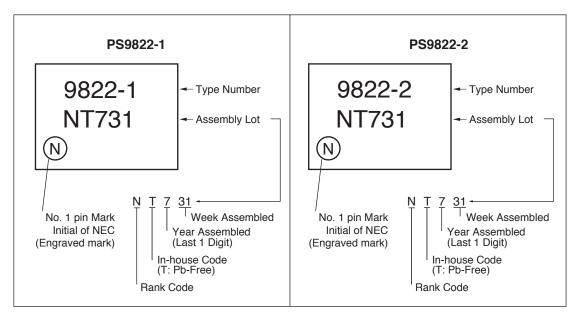
LED	Output
ON	L
OFF	Н

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## PACKAGE DIMENSIONS (UNIT: mm)



## MARKING EXAMPLE



## **ORDERING INFORMATION**

Part Number	Order Number	Rank	Solder Plating Specification	Packing Style		
PS9822-1	PS9822-1-AX	N <sup>™</sup>	Pb-Free	20 pcs (Tape 20 pcs cut)		
		L*2				
PS9822-1-F3	PS9822-1-F3-AX	N <sup>*1</sup>		Embossed Tape 1 500 pcs/reel		
		L*2				
PS9822-2	PS9822-2-AX	N <sup>*1</sup>		20 pcs (Tape 20 pcs cut)		
		L*2				
PS9822-2-F3	PS9822-2-F3-AX	N <sup>*1</sup>		Embossed Tape 1 500 pcs/reel		
		L*2				

\*1 N rank: Vcc = 3.3 V \*2 L rank: Vcc = 5 V

## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (TA = 25°C, unless otherwise specified)

Parameter		Symbol	Ratings		Unit		
			PS9822-1	PS9822-2			
Diode	Forward Current	lF	20 ⁴	20" 15"			
	Reverse Voltage	VR	5		V/ch		
Detector	Supply Voltage	Vcc	7		7		V
	Output Voltage	Vo	7		V/ch		
	Output Current	lo	25		mA/ch		
	Power Dissipation*3	Pc	40		mW/ch		
Isolation Voltage *4		BV	2 500		Vr.m.s.		
Operating Ambient Temperature		Та	-40 to +100		°C		
Storage Temperature		T <sub>stg</sub>	-55 to +125		°C		

- \*1 Reduced to 0.3 mA/°C at  $T_A = 60$ °C or more.
- \*2 Reduced to 0.1 mA/°C at  $T_A = 60$ °C or more.
- \*3 Applies to output pin Vo (collector pin). Reduced to 1.5 mW/ $^{\circ}$ C at T<sub>A</sub> = 65 $^{\circ}$ C or more.
- \*4 AC voltage for 1 minute at T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C, RH = 60% between input and output. Pins 1-4 shorted together, 5-8 shorted together.

## RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

Parameter		Symbol	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Low Level Input Voltage	V <sub>FL</sub>	0		0.8	V	
High Level Input Current		Іғн	6.3	10	12.5	mA
Supply Voltage	N rank	Vcc	2.7	3.3	3.6	V
	L rank		4.5	5.0	5.5	
Pull-up Resistance	RL	330		4 k	Ω	
TLL (R∟ = 1.0 kΩ, loads)	N			5		

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS: N rank (TA = -40 to +100°C, unless otherwise specified)

Parameter		Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.*1	MAX.	Unit
Diode	Forward Voltage	VF	IF = 10 mA, TA = 25°C		1.6	1.8	٧
	Reverse Current	IR	VR = 3 V, TA = 25°C			10	μΑ
	Terminal Capacitance	Ct	V = 0 V, f = 1 MHz, T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C		30		pF
Detector	High Level Output Current	Іон	Vcc = Vo = 3.3 V, V <sub>F</sub> = 0.8 V		1	100	μΑ
	Low Level Output Voltage <sup>*2</sup>	Vol	Vcc = 3.3 V, IF = 5 mA, IoL = 13 mA		0.2	0.6	V
	High Level Supply Current	Іссн	Vcc = 3.3 V, I <sub>F</sub> = 0 mA, Vo = Open			2	mA/ch
	Low Level Supply Current	Iccl	Vcc = 3.3 V, I <sub>F</sub> = 10 mA, Vo = Open			3	
Coupled	Threshold Input Current (H → L)	IFHL	$Vcc = 3.3 \text{ V}, Vo = 0.8 \text{ V}, RL = 350 \Omega$			5	mA
	Isolation Resistance	Ri-o	V <sub>I-O</sub> = 1 kV <sub>DC</sub> , RH = 40 to 60%, T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C	1011			Ω
	Isolation Capacitance	C <sub>I-O</sub>	V = 0 V, f = 1 MHz, T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C		0.6		pF
	Propagation Delay Time (H → L)	<b>t</b> PHL	$\label{eq:Vcc} V_{\text{CC}} = 3.3 \; \text{V}, \; \text{R}_{\text{L}} = 350 \; \Omega, \; \text{I}_{\text{F}} = 7.5 \; \text{mA}, \\ \text{V}_{\text{THAL}} = \text{V}_{\text{THLH}} = 1.5 \; \text{V}$			500	ns
	Propagation Delay Time (L → H)	<b>t</b> PLH				700	
	Pulse Width Distortion (PWD)	трнс-трсн	$\begin{aligned} &\text{Vcc} = 3.3 \text{ V, RL} = 350 \ \Omega, \text{ I}_{\text{F}} = 7.5 \text{ mA}, \\ &\text{V}_{\text{THHL}} = \text{V}_{\text{THLH}} = 1.5 \text{ V} \end{aligned}$			200	ns

<sup>\*1</sup> Typical values at  $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ 

<sup>\*2</sup> Because Vol of 2 V or more may be output when LED current input and when output supply of Vcc = 2.6 V or less, it is important to confirm the characteristics (operation with the power supply on and off) during design, before using this device.

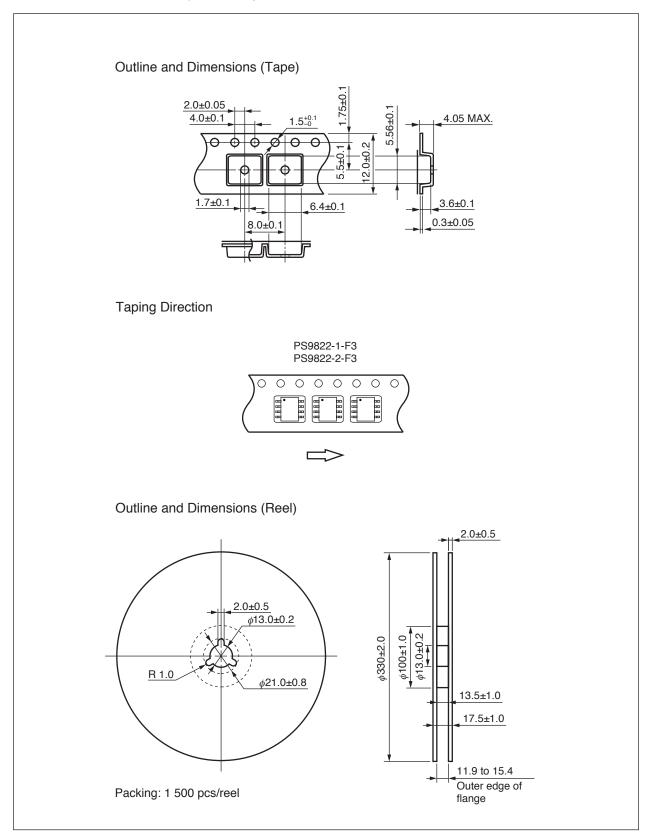
## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS: L rank (T<sub>A</sub> = -40 to +100°C, unless otherwise specified)

	Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.*1	MAX.	Unit
Diode	Forward Voltage	VF	IF = 10 mA, TA = 25°C		1.6	1.8	V
	Reverse Current	IR	VR = 3 V, TA = 25°C			10	μΑ
	Terminal Capacitance	Ct	V = 0 V, f = 1 MHz, T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C		30		pF
Detector	High Level Output Current	Іон	Vcc = Vo = 5 V, VF = 0.8 V		1	100	μΑ
	Low Level Output Voltage <sup>*2</sup>	Vol	Vcc = 5 V, IF = 5 mA, IoL = 13 mA		0.2	0.6	V
	High Level Supply Current	Іссн	Vcc = 5 V, IF = 0 mA, Vo = Open			2.5	mA/ch
	Low Level Supply Current	Iccl	Vcc = 5 V, I <sub>F</sub> = 10 mA, Vo = Open			3.5	
Coupled	Threshold Input Current (H → L)	IFHL	$V_{CC} = 5 \text{ V}, V_{O} = 0.8 \text{ V}, R_{L} = 350 \Omega$			5	mA
	Isolation Resistance	Ri-o	V <sub>I-O</sub> = 1 kV <sub>DC</sub> , RH = 40 to 60%, T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C	1011			Ω
	Isolation Capacitance	C <sub>I-O</sub>	V = 0 V, f = 1 MHz, T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C		0.6		pF
	Propagation Delay Time (H → L)	<b>t</b> PHL	$\label{eq:Vcc} V_{\text{CC}} = 5 \text{ V, } R_{\text{L}} = 350  \Omega, \text{ Ir} = 7.5 \text{ mA}, \\ V_{\text{THHL}} = V_{\text{THLH}} = 1.5 \text{ V}$			500	ns
	Propagation Delay Time (L → H)	<b>t</b> PLH				700	
	Pulse Width Distortion (PWD)	tphl-tplh	$\label{eq:Vcc} V_{\text{CC}} = 5 \text{ V, } R_{\text{L}} = 350  \Omega, \text{ Ir} = 7.5 \text{ mA}, \\ V_{\text{THHL}} = V_{\text{THLH}} = 1.5 \text{ V}$			200	ns

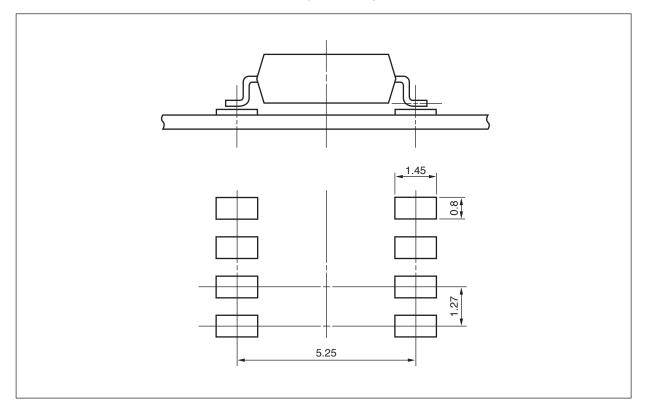
<sup>\*1</sup> Typical values at  $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ 

<sup>\*2</sup> Because Vol of 2 V or more may be output when LED current input and when output supply of Vcc = 2.6 V or less, it is important to confirm the characteristics (operation with the power supply on and off) during design, before using this device.

## TAPING SPECIFICATIONS (UNIT: mm)



# RECOMMENDED MOUNT PAD DIMENSIONS (UNIT: mm)



#### **NOTES ON HANDLING**

## 1. Recommended soldering conditions

## (1) Infrared reflow soldering

· Peak reflow temperature 260°C or below (package surface temperature)

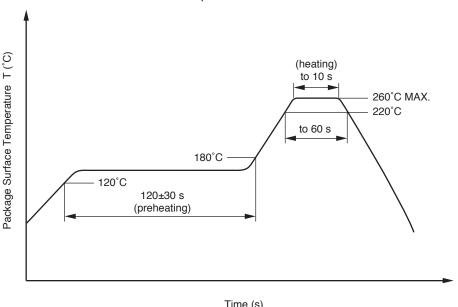
· Time of peak reflow temperature 10 seconds or less · Time of temperature higher than 220°C 60 seconds or less

• Time to preheat temperature from 120 to 180°C 120±30 s · Number of reflows Three

• Flux Rosin flux containing small amount of chlorine (The flux with a

maximum chlorine content of 0.2 Wt% is recommended.)

## Recommended Temperature Profile of Infrared Reflow



#### Time (s)

#### (2) Wave soldering

 Temperature 260°C or below (molten solder temperature)

 Time 10 seconds or less

· Preheating conditions 120°C or below (package surface temperature)

· Number of times One (Allowed to be dipped in solder including plastic mold portion.)

• Flux Rosin flux containing small amount of chlorine (The flux with a maximum chlorine

content of 0.2 Wt% is recommended.)

#### (3) Soldering by soldering iron

 Peak temperature (lead part temperature) 350°C or below · Time (each pins) 3 seconds or less

• Flux Rosin flux containing small amount of chlorine (The flux with a

maximum chlorine content of 0.2 Wt% is recommended.)

- (a) Soldering of leads should be made at the point 1.5 to 2.0 mm from the root of the lead.
- (b) Please be sure that the temperature of the package would not be heated over 100°C.

#### (4) Cautions

Fluxes

Avoid removing the residual flux with freon-based and chlorine-based cleaning solvent.

## 2. Cautions regarding noise

Be aware that when voltage is applied suddenly between the photocoupler's input and output or between collector-emitters at startup, the output transistor may enter the on state, even if the voltage is within the absolute maximum ratings.

#### **USAGE CAUTIONS**

- 1. This product is weak for static electricity by designed with high-speed integrated circuit so protect against static electricity when handling.
- 2. By-pass capacitor of 0.1  $\mu$ F is used between Vcc and GND near device. Also, ensure that the distance between the leads of the photocoupler and capacitor is no more than 10 mm.
- 3. Avoid storage at a high temperature and high humidity.

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#### Caution

**GaAs Products** 

This product uses gallium arsenide (GaAs).

GaAs vapor and powder are hazardous to human health if inhaled or ingested, so please observe the following points.

- Follow related laws and ordinances when disposing of the product. If there are no applicable laws and/or ordinances, dispose of the product as recommended below.
  - Commission a disposal company able to (with a license to) collect, transport and dispose of materials that contain arsenic and other such industrial waste materials.
- 2. Exclude the product from general industrial waste and household garbage, and ensure that the product is controlled (as industrial waste subject to special control) up until final disposal.
- Do not burn, destroy, cut, crush, or chemically dissolve the product.
- Do not lick the product or in any way allow it to enter the mouth.