

32-bit RISC Microcontroller

CMOS

FR50 Family MB91360G Series

MB91FV360GA/F362GA/F369GA

■ DESCRIPTION

The Fujitsu MB91360G series is a standard microcontroller containing a wide range of I/O peripherals and bus control functions. The MB91360G series features a 32-bit RISC CPU (FR50 series) core and is suitable for embedded control applications requiring high-performance and high-speed CPU processing. The MB91360G series also contains up to 4 Kbytes instruction cache memory and other internal memories to improve the execution speed of the CPU.

■ FEATURES

- Execution time : down to 15.6 ns (64 MHz)
- FR50 series CPU : RISC architecture

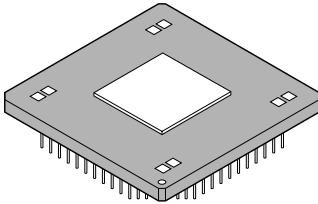
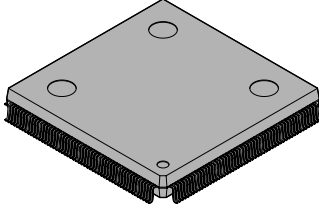
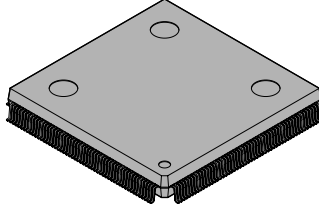
The CPU has a general-purpose register architecture with improved numeric implementation whereby a wide range of delayed branch instructions reduces losses in execution time due to pipeline breaks.

Bit manipulation instructions and memory access instructions have been enhanced resulting in improved code efficiency and execution speed for control implementation.

- A five-stage pipeline structure provides high-speed processing (one instruction per cycle)
- 32-bit linear address space : 4 Gbytes
- Fixed 16-bit instruction size (basic instructions)
- High-speed multiplication/step division
- High-speed interrupt processing (6 cycles)
- General-purpose registers : 16 × 32 bits

(Continued)

■ PACKAGE

401-pin Ceramics PGA	208-pin plastic QFP	160-pin plastic QFP
		
(PGA-401C-A02)	(FPT-208P-M04)	(FPT-160P-M15)

MB91360G Series

(Continued)

- **External bus interface unit with a wide range of functions**

Divides the external memory space into a maximum of eight areas. Chip select signal setting, data bus width selection (8, 16, 32-bit) , and area size can be specified for each area.

- Address bus up to 32 bit wide
- Programmable auto-wait function

- **Internal instruction cache**

The MB91360G series contains up to 4-Kbyte instruction cache to improve the execution speed of external programs.

- Two-way set associative caching

- **DMAC**

Direct memory access (DMA) can be used to perform various types of data transfer without going via the CPU. This improves system performance.

- Eight channels (including up to 3 external channels)
- Three transfer modes supported : single/block, burst, continuous transfer

- **Power consumption control mechanisms**

The MB91360G series contains a number of functions for controlling the operating clock to reduce power consumption.

- Software control : Sleep and stop/real time clock functions
- Hardware control : Hardware standby function
- Gear (divider) function : The CPU and peripheral clock frequencies can be set independently.

- **Contains a range of peripheral functions**

- UART, U-timer
- Real Time Clock (with optional subclock operation and subclock calibration module)
- Stepper Motor Control
- Sound Generator
- Serial IO (SIO) , SIO-Prescaler
- Power Down Reset
- Alarm Comparator
- IO-Timer
- I²C Interface
- 10 Bit D/A Converter
- CAN Interface
- 10-bit A/D converter
- 16-bit reload timer
- 16-bit PWM timer
- Watchdog timer
- Bit search module
- Interrupt controller
- External interrupt inputs
- I/O port function

- **Interrupt levels**

"16 maskable interrupt levels"

- **Other**

- Power supply voltage
- 5 V power supply used, the internal regulator creates internal supply of 3.3 V
- Package : MB91FV360GA uses a PGA401 package, MB91F362GA is delivered in a QFP208 package, and MB91F369GA in QFP160 package.

MB91360G Series

■ PRODUCT LINEUP

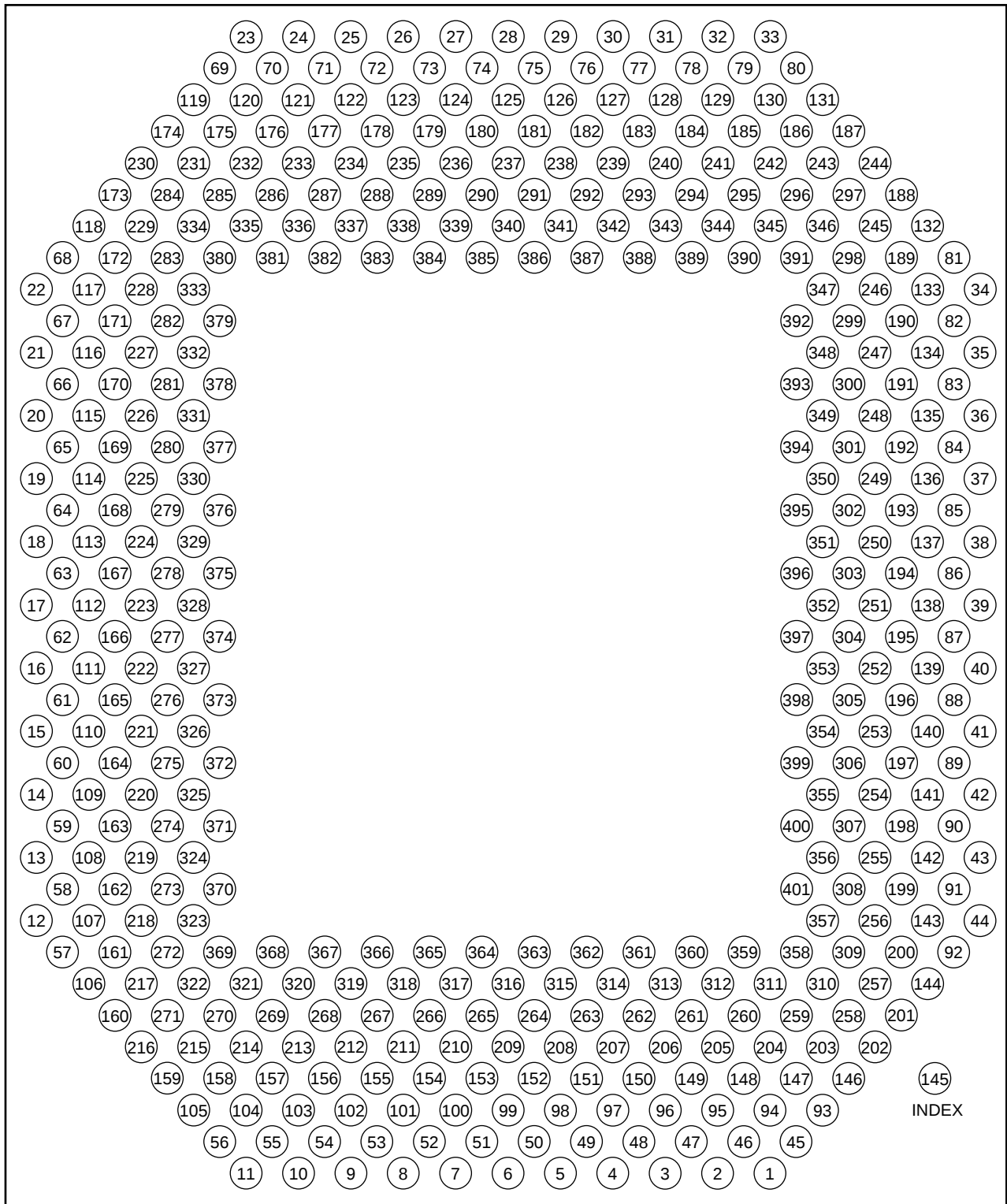
Resource Channels Memory Size	MB91FV360GA	MB91F362GA	MB91F369GA
Cache/Instruction RAM	4 KB / 4 KB	- / 4 KB	- / 4 KB
D-bus RAM	16 KB	12 KB	16 KB
F-bus RAM	16 KB	4 KB	16 KB
Flash/ROM	512 KB on F-bus	512 KB on F-bus	512 KB on F-bus
Boot ROM	2 KB	2 KB	2 KB
CAN	4 ch	3 ch	2 ch
Stepper Motor Control	4 ch	4 ch	—
Sound Generator	1 ch	1 ch	1 ch
PPG	8 ch	8 ch	4 ch
Input Capture	4 ch	4 ch	—
Output Compare	4 ch	4 ch	—
Free Running Timer	2 ch	2 ch	—
D/A Converter	2 ch	2 ch	—
A/D Converter	16 ch	16 ch	10 ch
I ² C 100 kHz I ² C 400 kHz	1 ch	1 ch	1 ch
Alarm Comparator	1 ch	1 ch	1 ch
SIO/SIO prescaler	2 ch	2 ch	2 ch
UART/U-Timer	3 ch	3 ch	1 ch
16-bit Reload Timer	6 ch	6 ch	6 ch
Ext. Interrupt	8 ch	8 ch	8 ch
Non maskable Interrupt	1	—	—
Real Time Clock	1	1	1
32 kHz subclock option for RTC	yes	no	no
subclock calibration	yes	no	no
LED port	8 bit	8 bit	—
Power down Reset	1	1	1
Bit search Module	1	1	1
Watchdog timer	1	1	1
Ext. Address Bus	32 bit	21 bit	up to 24 bit
Ext. Data Bus	32 bit	32 bit	32 bit
Ext. DMA	3 ch	1 ch	1 ch
Max operating frequency	64 MHz	64 MHz	64 MHz

MB91360G Series

■ PIN ASSIGNMENTS

● MB91FV360GA

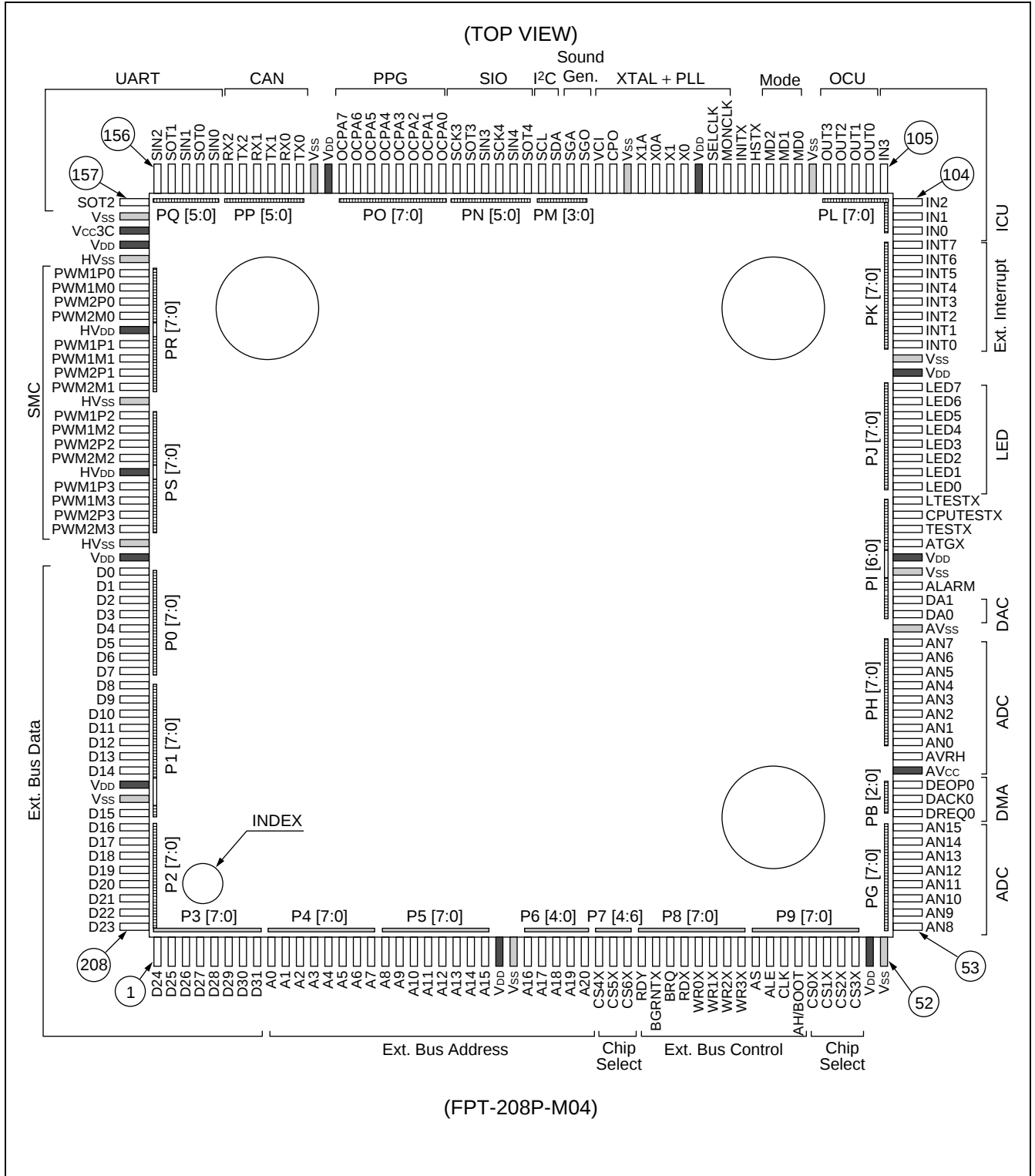
(BOTTOM VIEW)



(PGA-401C-A02)

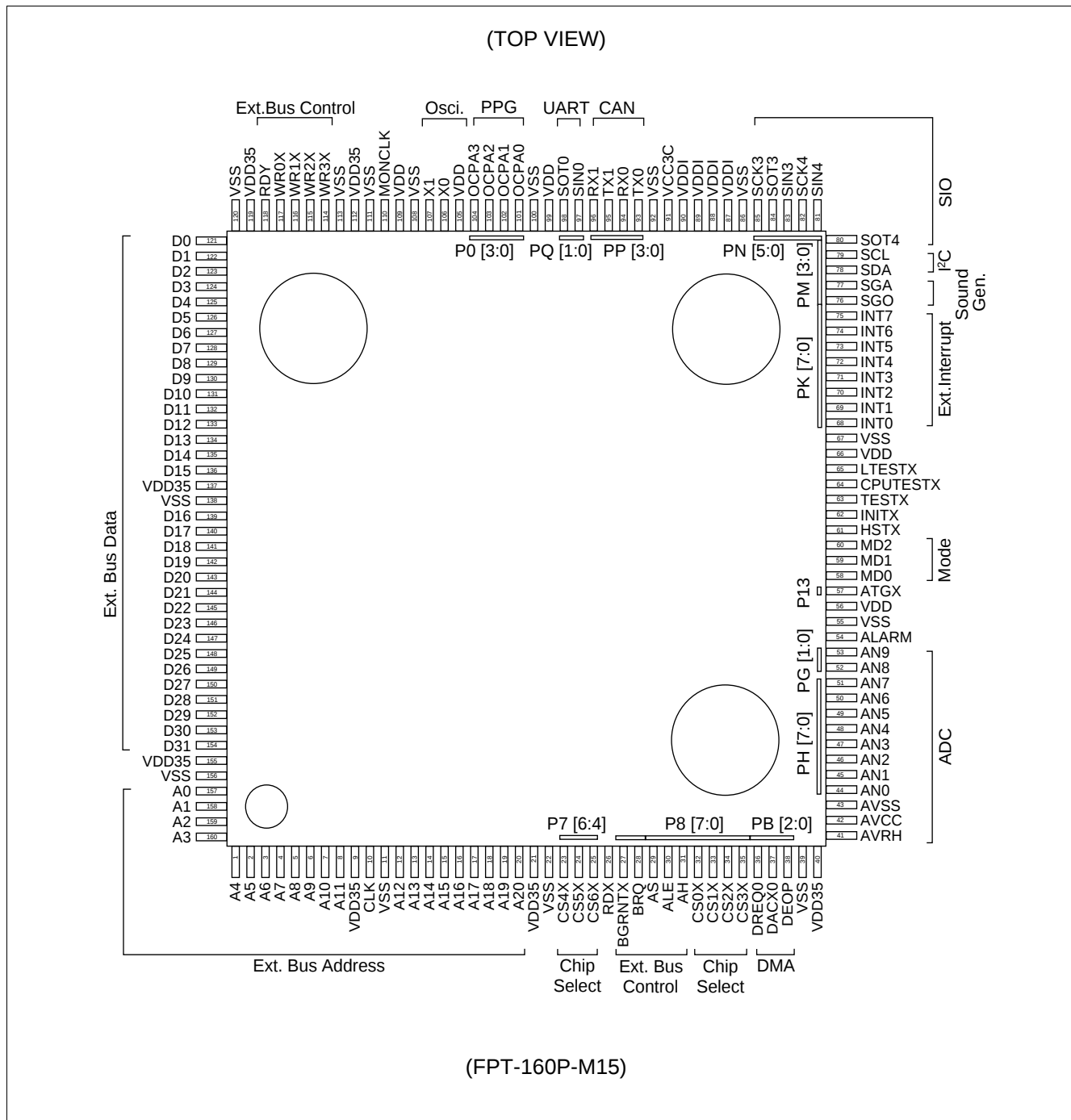
MB91360G Series

• MB91F362GA



MB91360G Series

• MB91F369GA



MB91360G Series

■ PIN DESCRIPTIONS

- MB91FV360GA I/O Pins and Their Functions

Pin No.	Pin Name	I/O	General Purpose IO Port	Circuit Type	Function
1	D18	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Data Bit 18
2	D11	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Data Bit 11
3	D2	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Data Bit 2
4	not connected				
5	HVSS	—	—	—	—
6	HVDD5B	—	—	—	—
7	PWM2M1	I/O	PR7	M	SMC 1
8	PWM1M1	I/O	PR5	K	SMC 1
9	PWM1P0	I/O	PR0	K	SMC 0
10	VDD5R	—	—	—	—
11	VDD5P	—	—	—	—
12	SCK4	I/O	PN2	A	SIO Clock
13	VDD5J	—	—	—	—
14	EXRAM	I	—	P	Trace Control
15	TWRX	O	—	X	Trace Control
16	TAD9	O	—	X	Trace Address
17	TAD5	O	—	X	Trace Address
18	TAD3	O	—	X	Trace Address
19	TDT68	I/O	—	W	Trace Data
20	TDT63	I/O	—	W	Trace Data
21	TDT57	I/O	—	W	Trace Data
22	TDT49	I/O	—	W	Trace Data
23	TDT23	I/O	—	W	Trace Data
24	TDT16	I/O	—	W	Trace Data
25	TDT7	I/O	—	W	Trace Data
26	TDT2	I/O	—	W	Trace Data
27	ICD0	I/O	—	N	ICE Data
28	ICLK	I/O	—	L	ICE Clock
29	X0	—	—	H	4 MHz Oscillator Pin
30	INTX	I	—	U	Initial Pin
31	MD1	I	—	T	Mode Pin 1
32	IN3	I/O	PL3	A	ICU Input 3
33	INT3	I/O	PK3	A	Ext. Interrupt 3

(Continued)

MB91360G Series

Pin No.	Pin Name	I/O	General Purpose IO Port	Circuit Type	Function
34	AN3	I/O	PH3	B	ADC Input 3
35	DACK2	I/O	PB6	A	DMA Acknowledge 2
36	AN13	I/O	PG5	B	ADC Input 13
37	AN8	I/O	PG0	B	ADC Input 8
38	ALE	I/O	P91	A	Ext. Bus Control
39	WR1X	I/O	P85	S	Ext. Bus Control
40	RDX	I/O	P83	S	Ext. Bus Control
41	CS7X	I/O	—	A	Chip Select 7 (CANs)
42	A26	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Address Bit 26
43	A20	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Address Bit 20
44	A12	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Address Bit 12
45	D21	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Data Bit 21
46	D16	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Data Bit 16
47	D13	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Data Bit 13
48	D7	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Data Bit 7
49	D3	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Data Bit 3
50	VSS	—	—	—	—
51	PWM2P2	I/O	PS2	K	SMC 2
52	PWM2P1	I/O	PR6	K	SMC 1
53	PWM1P1	I/O	PR4	K	SMC 1
54	not connected				
55	SIN1	I/O	PQ2	A	UART 1 Input
56	TX3	I/O	PP6	Q	CAN 3 TX
57	SOT3	I/O	PN4	A	SIO Output
58	SOT4	I/O	PN0	A	SIO Output
59	not connected				
60	not connected				
61	SGO	I/O	PM0	A	Sound Generator SGO
62	TOEX	O	—	X	Trace Control
63	TAD8	O	—	X	Trace Address
64	TAD2	O	—	X	Trace Address
65	TDT67	I/O	—	W	Trace Data
66	TDT60	I/O	—	W	Trace Data

(Continued)

MB91360G Series

Pin No.	Pin Name	I/O	General Purpose IO Port	Circuit Type	Function
67	TDT54	I/O	—	W	Trace Data
68	TDT48	I/O	—	W	Trace Data
69	TDT26	I/O	—	W	Trace Data
70	TDT21	I/O	—	W	Trace Data
71	TDT18	I/O	—	W	Trace Data
72	TDT12	I/O	—	W	Trace Data
73	TDT8	I/O	—	W	Trace Data
74	TDT3	I/O	—	W	Trace Data
75	ICS2	O	—	G	ICE Status
76	VDD5F	—	—	—	—
77	RSTX	I	—	E	Reset Pin
78	OUT2	I/O	PL6	A	OCU Output 2
79	IN0	I/O	PL0	A	ICU Input 0
80	INT2	I/O	PK2	A	Ext. Interrupt 2
81	AN6	I/O	PH6	B	ADC Input 6
82	AN1	I/O	PH1	B	ADC Input 1
83	AVCC	—	—	—	Analog VCC
84	DEOP0	I/O	PB2	A	DMA EOP 0
85	AN14	I/O	PG6	B	ADC Input 14
86	AN9	I/O	PG1	B	ADC Input 9
87	AS	I/O	P90	A	Ext. Bus Control
88	BRQ	I/O	P82	A	Ext. Bus Control
89	CS6X	I/O	P76	A	Chip Select 6
90	A23	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Address Bit 23
91	A17	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Address Bit 17
92	A11	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Address Bit 11
93	D27	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Data Bit 27
94	D22	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Data Bit 22
95	D17	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Data Bit 17
96	D6	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Data Bit 16
97	VDD5S	—	—	—	—
98	PWM1M3	I/O	PS5	K	SMC 3
99	PWM2M3	I/O	PS7	M	SMC 3
100	HVDD5A		—	—	—

(Continued)

MB91360G Series

Pin No.	Pin Name	I/O	General Purpose IO Port	Circuit Type	Function
101	PWM2P0	I/O	PR2	K	SMC0
102	VCC3/C	—	—	C	Bypass Capacitor Pin
103	SOT1	I/O	PQ3	A	UART 1 Output
104	SIN0	I/O	PQ0	A	UART 0 Input
105	TX1	I/O	PP2	Q	CAN 1 TX
106	OCPA2	I/O	PO2	A	PPG Output
107	SCK3	I/O	PN5	A	SIO Clock
108	SIN4	I/O	PN1	A	SIO Input
109	SCL	I/O	PM3	Y	I ² C SCL
110	TCLK	I/O	—	W	Trace Control
111	TAD12	O	—	X	Trace Address
112	TAD15	O	—	X	Trace Address
113	TAD1	O	—	X	Trace Address
114	TDT65	I/O	—	W	Trace Data
115	TDT59	I/O	—	W	Trace Data
116	TDT55	I/O	—	W	Trace Data
117	TDT51	I/O	—	W	Trace Data
118	TDT42	I/O	—	W	Trace Data
119	TDT32	I/O	—	W	Trace Data
120	TDT27	I/O	—	W	Trace Data
121	TDT22	I/O	—	W	Trace Data
122	TDT11	I/O	—	W	Trace Data
123	TDT4	I/O	—	W	Trace Data
124	ICD3	I/O	—	N	ICE Data
125	TDT1	I/O	—	W	Trace Data
126	SELCLK	I	—	F	Clock Selection
127	NMIX	I	—	E	Non maskable Interrupt
128	OUT1	I/O	PL5	A	OCU Output 1
129	IN1	I/O	PL1	A	ICU Input 1
130	INT5	I/O	PK5	A	Ext. Interrupt 5
131	LED4	I/O	PJ4	J	LED Port 4
132	ALARM	I	—	D	Alarm Comparator Input
133	AN7	I/O	PH7	B	ADC Input 7
134	AN2	I/O	PH2	B	ADC Input 2

(Continued)

MB91360G Series

Pin No.	Pin Name	I/O	General Purpose IO Port	Circuit Type	Function
135	DACK0	I/O	PB1	A	DMA acknowledge 0
136	AN10	I/O	PG2	B	ADC Input 10
137	CS0X	I/O	P94	A	Chip select 0
138	CS3X	I/O	P97	A	Chip select 3
139	BGRNTX	I/O	P81	A	Ext. Bus Control
140	CS4X	I/O	P74	A	Chip select 4
141	A22	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Address Bit 22
142	A18	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Address Bit 18
143	A14	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Address Bit 14
144	A5	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Address Bit 5
145	INDEX	—	—	—	—
146	D30	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Data Bit 30
147	D26	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Data Bit 26
148	D19	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Data Bit 19
149	D10	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Data Bit 10
150	D9	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Data Bit 9
151	D5	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Data Bit 5
152	PWM2M2	I/O	PS3	M	SMC 2
153	PWM1P3	I/O	PS4	K	SMC 3
154	PWM2M0	I/O	PR3	M	SMC 0
155	VSS	—	—	—	—
156	SOT2	I/O	PQ5	A	UART 2 Output
157	SOT0	I/O	PQ1	A	UART 0 Output
158	VDD50	—	—	—	—
159	OCPA7	I/O	PO7	A	PPG Output
160	OCPA5	I/O	PO5	A	PPG Output
161	OCPA1	I/O	PO1	A	PPG Output
162	VDD5K	—	—	—	—
163	X1A	O	—	I	32 kHz Oscillator Pin
164	X0A	I	—	I	32 kHz Oscillator Pin
165	SDA	I/O	PM2	Y	I ² C SDA
166	TAD10	O	—	X	Trace Address
167	TAD11	O	—	X	Trace Address
168	TDT66	I/O	—	W	Trace Data

(Continued)

MB91360G Series

Pin No.	Pin Name	I/O	General Purpose IO Port	Circuit Type	Function
169	TDT61	I/O	—	W	Trace Data
170	TDT58	I/O	—	W	Trace Data
171	TDT52	I/O	—	W	Trace Data
172	TDT45	I/O	—	W	Trace Data
173	TDT39	I/O	—	W	Trace Data
174	TDT35	I/O	—	W	Trace Data
175	TDT31	I/O	—	W	Trace Data
176	TDT24	I/O	—	W	Trace Data
177	TDT15	I/O	—	W	Trace Data
178	TDT14	I/O	—	W	Trace Data
179	TDT10	I/O	—	W	Trace Data
180	ICD1	I/O	—	N	ICE Data
181	ICD2	I/O	—	N	ICE Data
182	HSTX	I	—	E	Hardware Standby
183	OUT3	I/O	PL7	A	OCU Output 3
184	OUT0	I/O	PL4	A	OCU Output 0
185	INT6	I/O	PK6	A	Ext. Interrupt 6
186	LED7	I/O	PJ7	J	LED Port 7
187	LED1	I/O	PJ1	J	LED Port 1
188	CPUTESTX	I	—	E	Test Input
189	DA1	O	—	C	DAC Output
190	AN4	I/O	PH4	B	ADC Input 4
191	DEOP1	I/O	PB5	A	DMA EOP 1
192	DACK1	I/O	PB4	A	DMA Acknowledge 1
193	DREQ0	I/O	PB0	A	DMA Request 0
194	CLK	I/O	P92	A	Ext. Bus Clock
195	AH/BOOT	I/O	P93	A	Ext. Bus Control/Boot Signal
196	CS5X	I/O	P75	A	Chip Select 5
197	A24	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Address Bit 24
198	A21	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Address Bit 21
199	A15	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Address Bit 15
200	A8	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Address Bit 8
201	A2	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Address Bit 2
202	A0	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Address Bit 0

(Continued)

MB91360G Series

Pin No.	Pin Name	I/O	General Purpose IO Port	Circuit Type	Function
203	D29	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Address Bit 29
204	D25	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Address Bit 25
205	D20	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Address Bit 20
206	D15	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Address Bit 15
207	D4	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Address Bit 4
208	HVDD5C	—	—	—	—
209	PWM1M2	I/O	PS1	K	SMC2
210	PWM1P2	I/O	PS0	K	SMC2
211	PWM1M0	I/O	PR1	K	SMC0
212	SIN2	I/O	PQ4	A	UART 2 Input
213	RX3	I/O	PP7	Q	CAN 3 RX
214	VSS	—	—	—	—
215	RX0	I/O	PP1	Q	CAN 0 RX
216	VDD5N	—	—	—	—
217	OCPA4	I/O	PO4	A	PPG Output
218	OCPA0	I/O	PO0	A	PPG Output
219	SIN3	I/O	PN3	A	SIO Input
220	VSS	—	—	—	—
221	SGA	I/O	PM1	A	Sound Generator SGA
222	TAD13	O	—	X	Trace Address
223	TAD7	O	—	X	Trace Address
224	TAD6	O	—	X	Trace Address
225	TDT64	I/O	—	W	Trace Data
226	TDT56	I/O	—	W	Trace Data
227	TDT50	I/O	—	W	Trace Data
228	TDT44	I/O	—	W	Trace Data
229	TDT41	I/O	—	W	Trace Data
230	TDT37	I/O	—	W	Trace Data
231	TDT34	I/O	—	W	Trace Data
232	TDT30	I/O	—	W	Trace Data
233	TDT25	I/O	—	W	Trace Data
234	TDT20	I/O	—	W	Trace Data
235	TDT9	I/O	—	W	Trace Data
236	BREAK	I	—	O	ICE Break

(Continued)

MB91360G Series

Pin No.	Pin Name	I/O	General Purpose IO Port	Circuit Type	Function
237	ICS1	O	—	G	ICE Status
238	ICS0	O	—	G	ICE Status
239	MD2	I	—	T	Mode Pin 2
240	IN2	I/O	PL2	A	ICU Input 2
241	INT4	I/O	PK4	A	Ext. Interrupt 4
242	LED6	I/O	PJ6	J	LED Port 6
243	LED3	I/O	PJ3	J	LED Port 3
244	not connected				
245	TESTX	I	—	E	Test Input
246	DA0	O	—	C	DAC Output
247	AN5	I/O	PH5	B	ADC Input 5
248	AN0	I/O	PH0	B	ADC Input 0
249	AN15	I/O	PG7	B	ADC Input 15
250	CS1X	I/O	P95	A	Chip select 1
251	WR3X	I/O	P87	S	Ext. Bus Control
252	WR2X	I/O	P86	S	Ext. Bus Control
253	DREQ2	I/O	P73	A	DMA Request 2
254	A19	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Address Bit 19
255	A13	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Address Bit 13
256	A7	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Address Bit 7
257	A4	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Address Bit 4
258	D31	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Data Bit 31
259	D28	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Data Bit 28
260	D23	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Data Bit 23
261	D14	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Data Bit 14
262	D8	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Data Bit 8
263	D1	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Data Bit 1
264	D0	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Data Bit 0
265	not connected				
266	HVSS	—	—	—	—
267	not connected				
268	VSS	—	—	—	—
269	RX2	I/O	PP5	Q	CAN 2 RX
270	RX1	I/O	PP3	Q	CAN 1 RX

(Continued)

MB91360G Series

Pin No.	Pin Name	I/O	General Purpose IO Port	Circuit Type	Function
271	VSS	—	—	—	—
272	OCPA3	I/O	PO3	A	PPG Output
273	VSS	—	—	—	—
274	not connected				
275	VDD5I	—	—	—	—
276	TADSCX	O	—	X	Trace Control
277	TCE1X	O	—	X	Trace Control
278	TAD4	O	—	X	Trace Address
279	TAD0	O	—	X	Trace Address
280	TDT62	I/O	—	W	Trace Data
281	TDT53	I/O	—	W	Trace Data
282	TDT47	I/O	—	W	Trace Data
283	TDT43	I/O	—	W	Trace Data
284	TDT36	I/O	—	W	Trace Data
285	TDT33	I/O	—	W	Trace Data
286	TDT28	I/O	—	W	Trace Data
287	TDT19	I/O	—	W	Trace Data
288	TDT13	I/O	—	W	Trace Data
289	TDT6	I/O	—	W	Trace Data
290	TDT5	I/O	—	W	Trace Data
291	X1	—	—	H	4 MHz Oscillator Pin
292	MONCLK	O	—	G	Clock Output for test purposes
293	MD0	I	—	T	Mode Pin 0
294	INT7	I/O	PK7	A	Ext. Interrupt 7
295	INT1	I/O	PK1	A	Ext. Interrupt 1
296	LED5	I/O	PJ5	J	LED Port 5
297	LTESTX	I	—	E	Test Input
298	ATGX	I/O	PI3	A	Analog Reference Low
299	AVRL	—	—	R	Analog Reference High
300	AVRH	—	—	R	DMA Request 1
301	DREQ1	I/O	PB3	A	ADC Input 12
302	AN12	I/O	PG4	B	ADC Input 11
303	AN11	I/O	PG3	B	Ext. Bus Control
304	WROX	I/O	P84	S	Ext. Bus Control

(Continued)

MB91360G Series

Pin No.	Pin Name	I/O	General Purpose IO Port	Circuit Type	Function
305	RDY	I/O	—	S	Ext. Bus Control
306	A25	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Address Bit 25
307	A16	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Address Bit 16
308	A10	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Address Bit 10
309	A6	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Address Bit 6
310	A1	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Address Bit 1
311	not connected				
312	D24	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Data Bit 24
313	D12	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Data Bit 12
314	not connected				
315	PWM2P3	I/O	PS6	K	SMC 3
316	HVSS	—	—	—	—
317	HVSS	—	—	—	—
318	not connected				
319	VDD5Q	—	—	—	—
320	TX2	I/O	PP4	Q	CAN 2 TX
321	TX0	I/O	PP0	Q	CAN 0 TX
322	OCPA6	I/O	PO6	A	PPG Output
323	VDD5M	—	—	—	—
324	VDD5L	—	—	—	—
325	not connected				
326	VDD5H	—	—	—	—
327	TAD14	O	—	X	Trace Address
328	VSS3	—	—	—	—
329	VSS3	—	—	—	—
330	not connected				
331	VDD3C	—	—	—	—
332	TDT46	I/O	—	W	Trace Data
333	TDT40	I/O	—	W	Trace Data
334	TDT38	I/O	—	W	Trace Data
335	VDD3B	—	—	—	—
336	TDT29	I/O	—	W	Trace Data
337	TDT17	I/O	—	W	Trace Data
338	VDD3A	—	—	—	—

(Continued)

MB91360G Series

Pin No.	Pin Name	I/O	General Purpose IO Port	Circuit Type	Function
339	TDT0	I/O	—	W	Trace Data
340	VSS	—	—	—	—
341	VSS	—	—	—	—
342	not connected				
343	VDD5E	—	—	—	—
344	INT0	I/O	PK0	A	Ext. Interrupt 0
345	LED2	I/O	PJ2	J	LED Port 2
346	LED0	I/O	PJ0	J	LED Port 0
347	VDD5D	—	—	—	—
348	AVSS	—	—	—	Analog VSS
349	DEOP2	I/O	PB7	A	DMA EOP 2
350	VDD5C	—	—	—	—
351	CS2X	I/O	P96	A	Chip select 2
352	VSS	—	—	—	—
353	VSS	—	—	—	—
354	VDD5B	—	—	—	—
355	not connected				
356	A9	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Address Bit 9
357	A3	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Address Bit 3
358	VSS	—	—	—	—
359	VSS	—	—	—	—
360	VDD5T	—	—	—	—
361	VSS	—	—	—	—
362	VSS	—	—	—	—
363	VSS	—	—	—	—
364	not connected				
365	HVSS	—	—	—	—
366	VSS	—	—	—	—
367	VSS	—	—	—	—
368	not connected				
369	VSS	—	—	—	—
370	VSS	—	—	—	—
371	not connected				
372	VSS	—	—	—	—

(Continued)

MB91360G Series

(Continued)

Pin No.	Pin Name	I/O	General Purpose IO Port	Circuit Type	Function
373	VSS	—	—	—	—
374	VSS	—	—	—	—
375	VDD3D	—	—	—	—
376	VSS3	—	—	—	—
377	VSS3	—	—	—	—
378	VSS3	—	—	—	—
379	not connected				
380	VSS3	—	—	—	—
381	VSS3	—	—	—	—
382	not connected				
383	VSS3	—	—	—	—
384	VSS3	—	—	—	—
385	VSS3	—	—	—	—
386	VDD5G	—	—	—	—
387	VSS	—	—	—	—
388	VSS	—	—	—	—
389	VSS	—	—	—	—
390	not connected				
391	VSS	—	—	—	—
392	VSS	—	—	—	—
393	not connected				
394	VSS	—	—	—	—
395	VSS	—	—	—	—
396	VSS	—	—	—	—
397	not connected				
398	VSS	—	—	—	—
399	VSS	—	—	—	—
400	VSS	—	—	—	—
401	VDD5A	—	—	—	—

MB91360G Series

• MB91FV362GA I/O Pins and Their Functions

Pin No.	Pin Name	I/O	General Purpose IO Port	Circuit Type	Function
1	D24	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Data Bit 24
2	D25	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Data Bit 25
3	D26	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Data Bit 26
4	D27	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Data Bit 27
5	D28	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Data Bit 28
6	D29	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Data Bit 29
7	D30	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Data Bit 30
8	D31	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Data Bit 31
9	A0	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Address Bit 0
10	A1	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Address Bit 1
11	A2	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Address Bit 2
12	A3	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Address Bit 3
13	A4	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Address Bit 4
14	A5	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Address Bit 5
15	A6	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Address Bit 6
16	A7	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Address Bit 7
17	A8	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Address Bit 8
18	A9	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Address Bit 9
19	A10	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Address Bit 10
20	A11	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Address Bit 11
21	A12	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Address Bit 12
22	A13	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Address Bit 13
23	A14	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Address Bit 14
24	A15	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Address Bit 15
25	VDD35	—	—	—	Separated Ext. Bus VDD, 3.3 V or 5.0 V
26	VSS	—	—	—	—
27	A16	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Address Bit 16
28	A17	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Address Bit 17
29	A18	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Address Bit 18
30	A19	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Address Bit 19
31	A20	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Address Bit 20
32	CS4X	I/O	P74	A	Chip select 4
33	CS5X	I/O	P75	A	Chip select 5

(Continued)

MB91360G Series

Pin No.	Pin Name	I/O	General Purpose IO Port	Circuit Type	Function
34	CS6X	I/O	P76	A	Chip select 6
35	RDY	I/O	—	S	Ext. Bus Control
36	BGRNT	I/O	P81	A	Ext. Bus Control
37	BRQ	I/O	P82	A	Ext. Bus Control
38	RDX	I/O	—	S	Ext. Bus Control
39	WR0X	I/O	—	S	Ext. Bus Control
40	WR1X	I/O	—	S	Ext. Bus Control
41	WR2X	I/O	—	S	Ext. Bus Control
42	WR3X	I/O	—	S	Ext. Bus Control
43	AS	I/O	P90	A	Ext. Bus Control
44	ALE	I/O	P91	A	Ext. Bus Control
45	CLK	I/O	—	A	Ext. Bus Clock
46	AH	I/O	P93	A	Ext. Bus Control Signal
47	CS0X	I/O	P94	A	Chip select 0
48	CS1X	I/O	P95	A	Chip select 1
49	CS2X	I/O	P96	A	Chip select 2
50	CS3X	I/O	P97	A	Chip select 3
51	VDD35	—	—	—	separated Ext. Bus VDD, 3.3 or 5.0 V
52	VSS	—	—	—	—
53	AN8	I/O	PG0	B	ADC Input 8
54	AN9	I/O	PG1	B	ADC Input 9
55	AN10	I/O	PG2	B	ADC Input 10
56	AN11	I/O	PG3	B	ADC Input 11
57	AN12	I/O	PG4	B	ADC Input 12
58	AN13	I/O	PG5	B	ADC Input 13
59	AN14	I/O	PG6	B	ADC Input 14
60	AN15	I/O	PG7	B	ADC Input 15
61	DREQ0	I/O	PB0	A	DMR Request 0
62	DACK0	I/O	PB1	A	DMA Acknowledge 0
63	DEOP0	I/O	PB2	A	DMA EOP 0
64	AVCC	—	—	—	Analog VCC
65	AVRH	—	—	R	Analog Reference High
66	AN0	I/O	PH0	B	ADC Input 0

(Continued)

MB91360G Series

Pin No.	Pin Name	I/O	General Purpose IO Port	Circuit Type	Function
67	AN1	I/O	PH1	B	ADC Input 1
68	AN2	I/O	PH2	B	ADC Input 2
69	AN3	I/O	PH3	B	ADC Input 3
70	AN4	I/O	PH4	B	ADC Input 4
71	AN5	I/O	PH5	B	ADC Input 5
72	AN6	I/O	PH6	B	ADC Input 6
73	AN7	I/O	PH7	B	ADC Input 7
74	AVSS, AVRL	—	—	—	Analog VSS, Analog Reference Low
75	DA0	O	—	C	DAC Output
76	DA1	O	—	C	DAC Output
77	ALARM	I	—	D	Alarm Comparator Input
78	VSS	—	—	—	—
79	VDD	—	—	—	—
80	ATGX	I/O	PI3	A	ADC Trigger Input
81	TESTX	I	—	E	Test Input (should be connected to VDD)
82	CPUTESTX	I	—	E	Test Input (should be connected to VDD)
83	LTESTX	I	—	E	Test Input (should be connected to VDD)
84	LED0	I/O	PJ0	J	LED Port 0
85	LED1	I/O	PJ1	J	LED Port 1
86	LED2	I/O	PJ2	J	LED Port 2
87	LED3	I/O	PJ3	J	LED Port 3
88	LED4	I/O	PJ4	J	LED Port 4
89	LED5	I/O	PJ5	J	LED Port 5
90	LED6	I/O	PJ6	J	LED Port 6
91	LED7	I/O	PJ7	J	LED Port 7
92	VDD	—	—	—	—
93	VSS	—	—	—	—
94	INT0	I/O	PK0	A	Ext. Interrupt 0
95	INT1	I/O	PK1	A	Ext. Interrupt 1
96	INT2	I/O	PK2	A	Ext. Interrupt 2
97	INT3	I/O	PK3	A	Ext. Interrupt 3
98	INT4	I/O	PK4	A	Ext. Interrupt 4
99	INT5	I/O	PK5	A	Ext. Interrupt 5
100	INT6	I/O	PK6	A	Ext. Interrupt 6

(Continued)

MB91360G Series

Pin No.	Pin Name	I/O	General Purpose IO Port	Circuit Type	Function
101	INT7	I/O	PK7	A	Ext. Interrupt 7
102	IN0	I/O	PL0	A	ICU Input 0
103	IN1	I/O	PL1	A	ICU Input 1
104	IN2	I/O	PL2	A	ICU Input 2
105	IN3	I/O	PL3	A	ICU Input 3
106	OUT0	I/O	PL4	A	OCU Output 0
107	OUT1	I/O	PL5	A	OCU Output 1
108	OUT2	I/O	PL6	A	OCU Output 2
109	OUT3	I/O	PL7	A	OCU Output 3
110	VSS	—	—	—	—
111	MD0	I	—	T	Mode Pin 0
112	MD1	I	—	T	Mode Pin 1
113	MD2	I	—	T	Mode Pin 2
114	HSTX	I	—	E	Hardware Standby
115	INITX	I	—	U	Initial Pin
116	MONCLK	O	—	G	System Clock Output for evaluation purposes
117	SELCLK	I	—	F	Clock Selection, must be connected to VDD
118	VDD	—	—	—	—
119	X0	—	—	H	4 MHz Oscillator Pin
120	X1	—	—	H	4 MHz Oscillator Pin
121	X0A	I	—	I	reserved-must be connected to VSS
122	X1A	O	—	I	reserved-should be left open
123	VSS	—	—	—	—
124	CPO	—	—	C	reserved-should be left open
125	VCI	—	—	D	reserved-must be connected to VSS
126	SGO	I/O	PM0	A	Sound Generator SGO
127	SGA	I/O	PM1	A	Sound Generator SGA
128	SDA	I/O	PM2	Y	I ² C SDA
129	SCL	I/O	PM3	Y	I ² C SCL
130	SOT4	I/O	PN0	A	SIO Output
131	SIN4	I/O	PN1	A	SIO Input
132	SCK4	I/O	PN2	A	SIO Clock
133	SIN3	I/O	PN3	A	SIO Input
134	SOT3	I/O	PN4	A	SIO Output

(Continued)

MB91360G Series

Pin No.	Pin Name	I/O	General Purpose IO Port	Circuit Type	Function
135	SCK3	I/O	PN5	A	SIO Clock
136	OCPA 0	I/O	PO0	A	PPG Output
137	OCPA 1	I/O	PO1	A	PPG Output
138	OCPA 2	I/O	PO2	A	PPG Output
139	OCPA 3	I/O	PO3	A	PPG Output
140	OCPA 4	I/O	PO4	A	PPG Output
141	OCPA 5	I/O	PO5	A	PPG Output
142	OCPA 6	I/O	PO6	A	PPG Output
143	OCPA 7	I/O	PO7	A	PPG Output
144	VDD	—	—	—	—
145	VSS	—	—	—	—
146	TX0	I/O	PP0	Q	CAN 0 TX
147	RX0	I/O	PP1	Q	CAN 0 RX
148	TX1	I/O	PP2	Q	CAN 1 TX
149	RX1	I/O	PP3	Q	CAN 1 RX
150	TX2	I/O	PP4	Q	CAN 2 TX
151	RX2	I/O	PP5	Q	CAN 2 RX
152	SIN0	I/O	PQ0	A	UART 0 Input
153	SOT0	I/O	PQ1	A	UART 0 Output
154	SIN1	I/O	PQ2	A	UART 1 Input
155	SOT1	I/O	PQ3	A	UART 1 Output
156	SIN2	I/O	PQ4	A	UART 2 Input
157	SOT2	I/O	PQ5	A	UART 2 Output
158	VSS	—	—	—	—
159	VCC3/C	—	—	C	Bypass Capacitor Pin
160	VDD	—	—	—	—
161	HVSS	—	—	—	—
162	PWM1P0	I/O	PR0	K	SMC 0
163	PWM1M0	I/O	PR1	K	SMC 0
164	PWM2P0	I/O	PR2	K	SMC 0
165	PWM2M0	I/O	PR3	M	SMC 0
166	HVDD	—	—	—	—
167	PWM1P1	I/O	PR4	K	SMC 1
168	PWM1M1	I/O	PR5	K	SMC 1

(Continued)

MB91360G Series

Pin No.	Pin Name	I/O	General Purpose IO Port	Circuit Type	Function
169	PWM2P1	I/O	PR6	K	SMC 1
170	PWM2M1	I/O	PR7	M	SMC 1
171	HVSS	—	—	—	—
172	PWM1P2	I/O	PS0	K	SMC 2
173	PWM1M2	I/O	PS1	K	SMC 2
174	PWM2P2	I/O	PS2	K	SMC 2
175	PWM2M2	I/O	PS3	M	SMC 2
176	HVDD	—	—	—	—
177	PWM1P3	I/O	PS4	K	SMC 3
178	PWM1M3	I/O	PS5	K	SMC 3
179	PWM2P3	I/O	PS6	K	SMC 3
180	PWM2M3	I/O	PS7	M	SMC 3
181	HVSS	—	—	—	—
182	VDD35	—	—	—	separated Ext. Bus VDD, 3.3 or 5.0 V
183	D0	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Data Bit 0
184	D1	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Data Bit 1
185	D2	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Data Bit 2
186	D3	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Data Bit 3
187	D4	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Data Bit 4
188	D5	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Data Bit 5
189	D6	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Data Bit 6
190	D7	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Data Bit 7
191	D8	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Data Bit 8
192	D9	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Data Bit 9
193	D10	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Data Bit 10
194	D11	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Data Bit 11
195	D12	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Data Bit 12
196	D13	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Data Bit 13
197	D14	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Data Bit 14
198	VDD35	—	—	—	separated Ext. Bus VDD, 3.3 or 5.0 V
199	VSS	—	—	—	—
200	D15	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Data Bit 15
201	D16	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Data Bit 16
202	D17	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Data Bit 17

(Continued)

MB91360G Series

(Continued)

Pin No.	Pin Name	I/O	General Purpose IO Port	Circuit Type	Function
203	D18	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Data Bit 18
204	D19	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Data Bit 19
205	D20	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Data Bit 20
206	D21	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Data Bit 21
207	D22	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Data Bit 22
208	D23	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Data Bit 23

Note : If pins VDD35 (25, 51, 182, 198) are connected to 3.3 V then the external bus interface (pins 1-52, 182-208) can be operated at 3.3 V levels.

MB91360G Series

- MB91F369GA I/O Pins and Their Functions

Pin No.	Pin Name	I/O	General Purpose IO Port	Circuit Type	Function
1	A4	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Address Bit 4
2	A5	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Address Bit 5
3	A6	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Address Bit 6
4	A7	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Address Bit 7
5	A8	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Address Bit 8
6	A9	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Address Bit 9
7	A10	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Address Bit 10
8	A11	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Address Bit 11
9	VDD35	—	—	—	separated Ext. Bus VDD, 3.3 or 5.0 V
10	CLK	I/O	—	A	Ext. Bus Clock
11	VSS	—	—	—	—
12	A12	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Address Bit 12
13	A13	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Address Bit 13
14	A14	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Address Bit 14
15	A15	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Address Bit 15
16	A16	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Address Bit 16
17	A17	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Address Bit 17
18	A18	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Address Bit 18
19	A19	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Address Bit 19
20	A20	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Address Bit 20
21	VDD35	—	—	—	separated Ext. Bus VDD, 3.3 or 5.0 V
22	VSS	—	—	—	—
23	CS4X	I/O	P74	A	Chip Select 4
24	CS5X	I/O	P75	A	Chip Select 5
25	CS6X	I/O	P76	A	Chip Select 6
26	RDX	I/O	—	S	Ext. Bus Control
27	BGRNTX	I/O	P81	A	Ext. Bus Control
28	BRQ	I/O	P82	A	Ext. Bus Control
29	AS	I/O	P90	A	Ext. Bus Control
30	ALE	I/O	P91	A	Ext. Bus Control
31	AH	I/O	P93	A	Ext. Bus Control Signal
32	CS0X	I/O	P94	A	Chip select 0
33	CS1X	I/O	P95	A	Chip select 1

(Continued)

MB91360G Series

Pin No.	Pin Name	I/O	General Purpose IO Port	Circuit Type	Function
34	CS2X	I/O	P96	A	Chip select 2
35	CS3X	I/O	P97	A	Chip select 3
36	DREQ0	I/O	PB0	A	DMA Request 0
37	DACK0	I/O	PB1	A	DMA Acknowledge 0
38	DEOP0	I/O	PB2	A	DMA EOP 0
39	VSS	—	—	—	—
40	VDD35	—	—	—	separated Ext. Bus VDD, 3.3 or 5.0 V
41	AVRH	—	—	R	Analog Reference High
42	AVCC	—	—	—	Analog VCC
43	AVSS, AVRL	—	—	—	Analog VSS, Analog Reference Low
44	AN0	I/O	PH0	B	ADC Input 0
45	AN1	I/O	PH1	B	ADC Input 1
46	AN2	I/O	PH2	B	ADC Input 2
47	AN3	I/O	PH3	B	ADC Input 3
48	AN4	I/O	PH4	B	ADC Input 4
49	AN5	I/O	PH5	B	ADC Input 5
50	AN6	I/O	PH6	B	ADC Input 6
51	AN7	I/O	PH7	B	ADC Input 7
52	AN8	I/O	PG0	B	ADC Input 8
53	AN9	I/O	PG1	B	ADC Input 9
54	ALARM	I	—	D	Alarm Comparator Input
55	VSS	—	—	—	—
56	VDD	—	—	—	—
57	ATGX	I/O	P13	A	ADC Trigger Input
58	MD0	I	—	T	Mode Pin 0
59	MD1	I	—	T	Mode Pin 1
60	MD2	I	—	T	Mode Pin 2
61	HSTX	I	—	E	Hardware Standby
62	INITX	I	—	U	Initial Pin
63	TESTX	I	—	E	Test Input (should be connected to VDD)
64	CPUTESTX	I	—	E	Test Input (should be connected to VDD)
65	LTESTX	I	—	E	Test Input (should be connected to VDD)
66	VDD	—	—	—	—

(Continued)

MB91360G Series

Pin No.	Pin Name	I/O	General Purpose IO Port	Circuit Type	Function
67	VSS	—	—	—	—
68	INT0	I/O	PK0	A	Ext. Interrupt 0
69	INT1	I/O	PK1	A	Ext. Interrupt 1
70	INT2	I/O	PK2	A	Ext. Interrupt 2
71	INT3	I/O	PK3	A	Ext. Interrupt 3
72	INT4	I/O	PK4	A	Ext. Interrupt 4
73	INT5	I/O	PK5	A	Ext. Interrupt 5
74	INT6	I/O	PK6	A	Ext. Interrupt 6
75	INT7	I/O	PK7	A	Ext. Interrupt 7
76	SGO	I/O	PM0	A	Sound Generator SGO
77	SGA	I/O	PM1	A	Sound Generator SGA
78	SDA	I/O	PM2	Y	I ² C SDA
79	SCL	I/O	PM3	Y	I ² C SCL
80	SOT4	I/O	PN0	A	SIO Output
81	SIN4	I/O	PN1	A	SIO Input
82	SCK4	I/O	PN2	A	SIO Clock
83	SIN3	I/O	PN3	A	SIO Input
84	SOT3	I/O	PN4	A	SIO Output
85	SCK3	I/O	PN5	A	SIO Clock
86	VSS	—	—	—	—
87	VDDI	—	—	—	Supply voltage for internal regulator
88	VDDI	—	—	—	Supply voltage for internal regulator
89	VDDI	—	—	—	Supply voltage for internal regulator
90	VDDI	—	—	—	Supply voltage for internal regulator
91	VCC3C	—	—	—	Capacitor pin for internal regulator
92	VSS	—	—	—	—
93	TX0	I/O	PP0	Q	CAN 0 TX
94	RX0	I/O	PP1	Q	CAN 0 RX
95	TX1	I/O	PP2	Q	CAN 1 TX
96	RX1	I/O	PP3	Q	CAN 1 RX
97	SIN0	I/O	PQ0	A	UART 0 Input
98	SOT0	I/O	PQ1	A	UART 0 Output
99	VDD	—	—	—	—
100	VSS	—	—	—	—

(Continued)

MB91360G Series

Pin No.	Pin Name	I/O	General Purpose IO Port	Circuit Type	Function
101	OCPA0	I/O	PO0	A	PPG Output
102	OCPA1	I/O	PO1	A	PPG Output
103	OCPA2	I/O	PO2	A	PPG Output
104	OCPA3	I/O	PO3	A	PPG Output
105	VDDX	—	—	—	—
106	X0	—	—	H	4 MHz Oscillator Pin
107	X1	—	—	H	4 MHz Oscillator Pin
108	VSS	—	—	—	—
109	VDD	—	—	—	—
110	MONCLK	O	—	Q1	System Clock Output
111	VSS	—	—	—	—
112	VDD35	—	—	—	separated Ext. Bus VDD, 3.3 or 5.0 V
113	VSS	—	—	—	—
114	WR3X	I/O	—	S	Ext. Bus Control
115	WR2X	I/O	—	S	Ext. Bus Control
116	WR1X	I/O	—	S	Ext. Bus Control
117	WR0X	I/O	—	S	Ext. Bus Control
118	RDY	I/O	—	S	Ext. Bus Control
119	VDD35	—	—	—	separated Ext. Bus VDD, 3.3 or 5.0 V
120	VSS	—	—	—	—
121	D0	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Data Bit 0
122	D1	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Data Bit 1
123	D2	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Data Bit 2
124	D3	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Data Bit 3
125	D4	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Data Bit 4
126	D5	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Data Bit 5
127	D6	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Data Bit 6
128	D7	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Data Bit 7
129	D8	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Data Bit 8
130	D9	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Data Bit 9
131	D10	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Data Bit 10
132	D11	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Data Bit 11
133	D12	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Data Bit 12
134	D13	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Data Bit 13

(Continued)

MB91360G Series

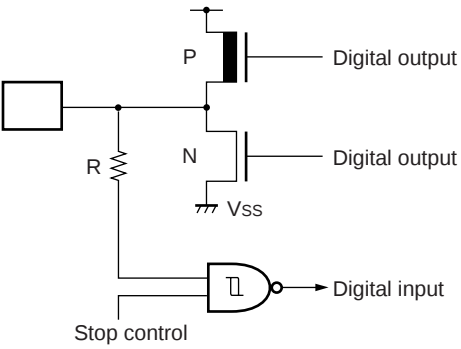
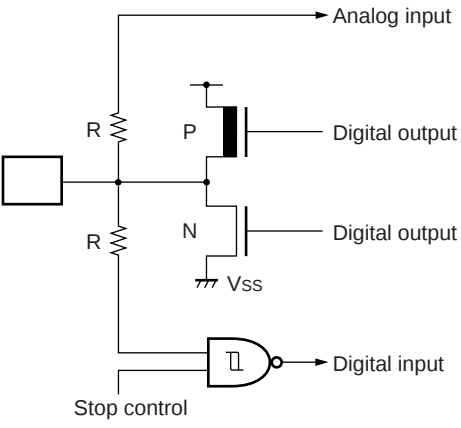
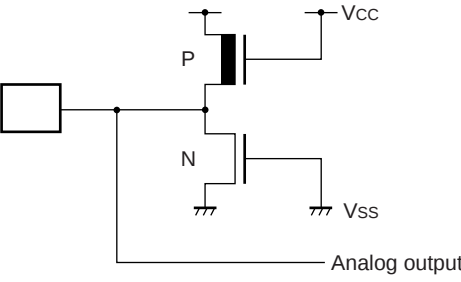
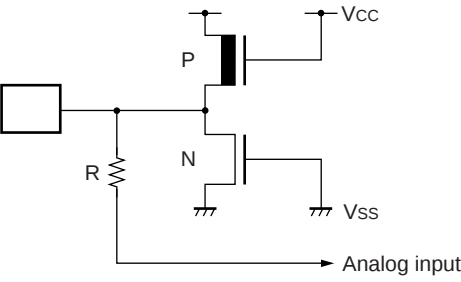
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Pin No.	Pin Name	I/O	General Purpose IO Port	Circuit Type	Function
135	D14	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Data Bit 14
136	D15	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Data Bit 15
137	VDD35	—	—	—	separated Ext. Bus VDD, 3.3 or 5.0 V
138	VSS	—	—	—	—
139	D16	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Data Bit 16
140	D17	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Data Bit 17
141	D18	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Data Bit 18
142	D19	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Data Bit 19
143	D20	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Data Bit 20
144	D21	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Data Bit 21
145	D22	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Data Bit 22
146	D23	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Data Bit 23
147	D24	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Data Bit 24
148	D25	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Data Bit 25
149	D26	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Data Bit 26
150	D27	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Data Bit 27
151	D28	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Data Bit 28
152	D29	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Data Bit 29
153	D30	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Data Bit 30
154	D31	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Data Bit 31
155	VDD35	—	—	—	separated Ext. Bus VDD, 3.3 or 5.0 V
156	VSS	—	—	—	—
157	A0	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Address Bit 0
158	A1	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Address Bit 1
159	A2	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Address Bit 2
160	A3	I/O	—	Q	Ext. Bus Address Bit 3

Note : If pins VDD35 (9, 21, 40, 112, 119, 137, 155) are connected to a 3.3 V supply the external bus interface (pins 1-40, 112-160) can be operated at 3.3 V levels.

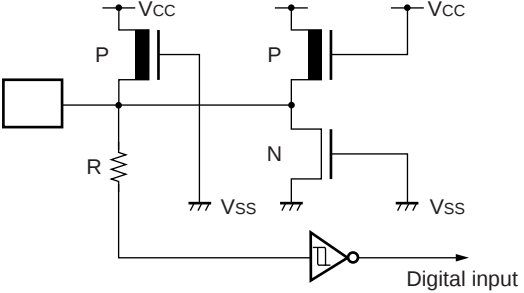
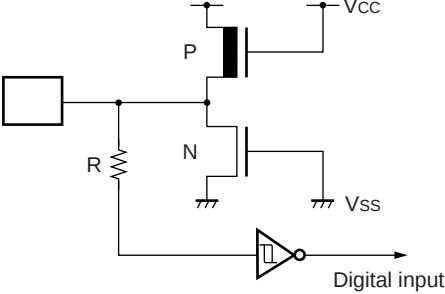
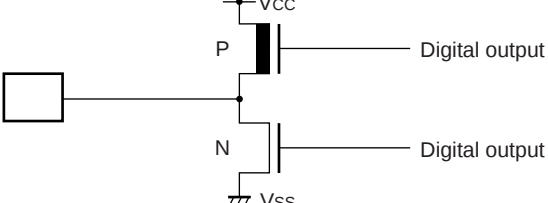
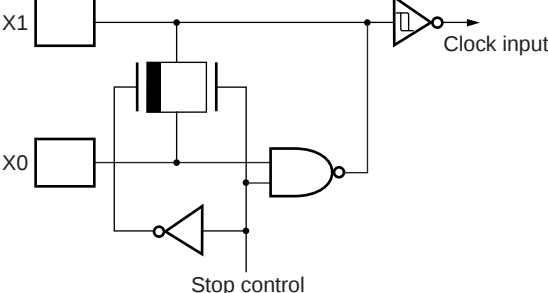
MB91360G Series

I/O CIRCUIT TYPE

Type	Circuit type	Remarks
A		I/O, CMOS Automotive Schmitt-Trigger Input, STOP control, $I_{OH} = 4\text{ mA}$, $I_{OL} = 4\text{ mA}$
B		I/O, CMOS Automotive Schmitt-Trigger Input, Analog Input, STOP control, $I_{OH} = 4\text{ mA}$, $I_{OL} = 4\text{ mA}$
C		Analog output
D		Analog Input

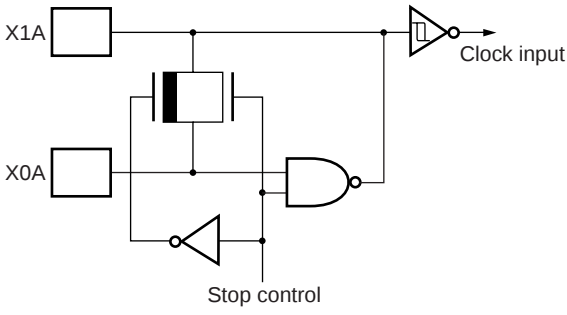
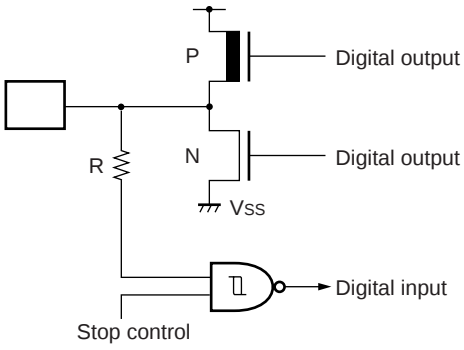
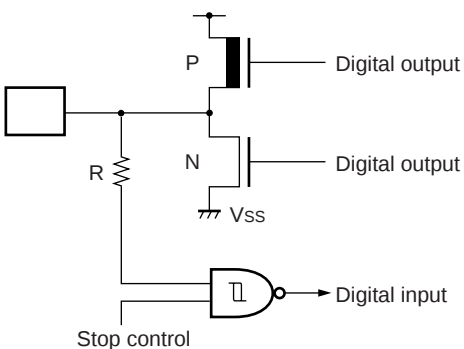
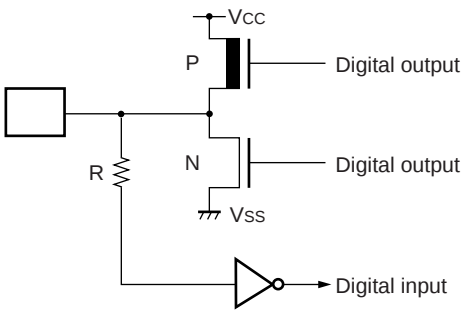
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MB91360G Series

Type	Circuit type	Remarks
E		CMOS Schmitt-Trigger Input, Pullup Resistor: 50 kΩ
F		CMOS Schmitt-Trigger Input
G		Tristate Output, $I_{OH} = 4 \text{ mA}$, $I_{OL} = 4 \text{ mA}$
H		4 MHz Oscillator Pin

(Continued)

MB91360G Series

Type	Circuit type	Remarks
I		32 kHz Oscillator Pin
J		I/O, CMOS Automotive Schmitt-Trigger Input, STOP control (LED) , $I_{OH} = 14\text{ mA}$, $I_{OL} = 24\text{ mA}$
K		- I/O, CMOS Automotive Schmitt-Trigger Input, STOP control (SMC) , $I_{OH} = 30\text{ mA}$, $I_{OL} = 30\text{ mA}$ - Typ slew rate of 40 ns
L		I/O, CMOS Input: 5 V or 3 V input, $I_{OH} = 4\text{ mA}$, $I_{OL} = 4\text{ mA}$

(Continued)

MB91360G Series

Type	Circuit type	Remarks
M		- I/O, CMOS Automotive Schmitt-Trigger Input, Analog Input, STOP control (SMC) , $I_{OH} = 30\text{ mA}$, $I_{OL} = 30\text{ mA}$ - Typ slew rate of 40 ns
N		I/O, CMOS Input, Pulldown Resistor: 50 kΩ, 5 V or 3 V input, $I_{OH} = 4\text{ mA}$, $I_{OL} = 4\text{ mA}$
O		CMOS Input, Pulldown Resistor: 50 kΩ, 5 V or 3 V input
P		CMOS Input: 3 V input

(Continued)

MB91360G Series

Type	Circuit type	Remarks
Q/Q1		- Q : I/O CMOS Input, STOP control, $I_{OH} = 4 \text{ mA}$, $I_{OL} = 4 \text{ mA}$ - Q1 : I/O CMOS Input, STOP control, $I_{OH} = 8 \text{ mA}$, $I_{OL} = 8 \text{ mA}$
S		I/O, CMOS Schmitt-Trigger Input, STOP control, Pullup Resistor : $10 \text{ k}\Omega$, $I_{OH} = 4 \text{ mA}$, $I_{OL} = 4 \text{ mA}$
T		- CMOS Input - can withstand high V_{ID} for flash programming
U		CMOS Schmitt-Trigger Input, Pullup Resistor: $50 \text{ k}\Omega$, 3 V and 5 V input to the core

(Continued)

MB91360G Series

(Continued)

Type	Circuit type	Remarks
V		I/O, CMOS Schmitt-Trigger Input, STOP control, Pullup Resistor: 50 kΩ,, $I_{OH} = 4 \text{ mA}$, $I_{OL} = 4 \text{ mA}$
W		I/O, CMOS Input: 3 V input
X		Tristate Output, 3 V
Y		I/O CMOS Input, STOP control, $I_{OH} = 3 \text{ mA}$, $I_{OL} = 3 \text{ mA}$, in I²C mode operating as open drain outputs

Note : Symbols used in circuit types (Common to all circuit diagrams)

P : P channel transistor
N : N channel transistor
R : Diffusion resistor

MB91360G Series

Circuit Type	Description
A	I/O, $I_{OH} = 4 \text{ mA}$ / $I_{OL} = 4 \text{ mA}$, CMOS Automotive Schmitt-Trigger Input, STOP control
B	I/O, $I_{OH} = 4 \text{ mA}$ / $I_{OL} = 4 \text{ mA}$, CMOS Automotive Schmitt-Trigger Input, Analog Input, STOP control
C	Analog Output
D	Analog Input
E	CMOS Schmitt-Trigger Input, Pull-up Resistor: 50 k Ω ,
F	CMOS Schmitt-Trigger Input
G	Tristate Output, $I_{OH} = 4 \text{ mA}$ / $I_{OL} = 4 \text{ mA}$
H	4 MHz Oscillator Pin
I	32 kHz Oscillator pin
J	I/O, $I_{OH} = 14 \text{ mA}$ / $I_{OL} = 24 \text{ mA}$, CMOS Automotive Schmitt-Trigger Input, STOP control (LED)
K	I/O, $I_{OH} = 30 \text{ mA}$ / $I_{OL} = 30 \text{ mA}$, CMOS Automotive Schmitt-Trigger Input, STOP control, slew rate improved for EMC (SMC)
L	I/O, $I_{OH} = 4 \text{ mA}$ / $I_{OL} = 4 \text{ mA}$, CMOS Input: 5 V or 3 V input
M	I/O, $I_{OH} = 30 \text{ mA}$ / $I_{OL} = 30 \text{ mA}$, CMOS Automotive Schmitt-Trigger Input, Analog Input, STOP control, slew rate improved for EMC (SMC)
N	I/O, $I_{OH} = 4 \text{ mA}$ / $I_{OL} = 4 \text{ mA}$, CMOS Input : 5 V or 3 V input, Pulldown Resistor: 50 k Ω
O	CMOS Input : 5 V or 3 V input, Pulldown Resistor: 50 k Ω
P	CMOS Input: 3 V input
Q	I/O, $I_{OH} = 4 \text{ mA}$ / $I_{OL} = 4 \text{ mA}$, CMOS Input, STOP control
Q1	I/O, $I_{OH} = 8 \text{ mA}$ / $I_{OL} = 8 \text{ mA}$, CMOS Input, STOP control
R	AVRL / AVRH Input
S	I/O, $I_{OH} = 4 \text{ mA}$ / $I_{OL} = 4 \text{ mA}$, CMOS Input, STOP control, Pull-up Resistor: 10 k Ω ,
T	CMOS Input, can withstand V_{ID} for flash programming
U	CMOS Schmitt-Trigger Input, Pull-up Resistor: 50 k Ω , 3.3 V and 5 V inputs to core
W	I/O, $I_{OH} = 4 \text{ mA}$ / $I_{OL} = 4 \text{ mA}$, CMOS Input: 3 V input
X	Tristate Output, $I_{OH} = 4 \text{ mA}$ / $I_{OL} = 4 \text{ mA}$, 3 V
Y	I/O, $I_{OH} = 3 \text{ mA}$ / $I_{OL} = 3 \text{ mA}$ (I ² C) , CMOS Input, STOP control

MB91360G Series

■ HANDLING DEVICES

1. Preventing latch-up

Latch-up may occur in a CMOS IC if a voltage greater than V_{DD} or less than V_{SS} is applied to an input or output pin or if the voltage applied between V_{DD} and V_{SS} exceeds the rating. If latch-up occurs, the power supply current increases rapidly resulting in thermal damage to circuit elements. Therefore, ensure that maximum ratings are not exceeded in circuit operation.

2. Connecting unused pins

Leaving unused input pins open may result in misbehavior or latch up and possible permanent damage of the device. Therefore they must be tied to V_{DD} or V_{SS} through resistors. In this case those resistors should be more than 2 K Ω m.

Unused bidirectional pins should be set to the output state and can be left open, or the input state with the above described connection.

The resistor of more than 2 K Ω m is used to limit currents through the protection diodes. In case of voltages at the not used pin of 0.3 V or more below V_{SS} or 0.3 V or more above V_{DD} currents which could cause latch-up will flow through those diodes.

3. External reset input

When inputting an "L" level to the INITX pin, hold this low level at the INITX pin long enough so that after release of the low level at INITX and the passing of the built in waiting time stable oscillation of the oscillation circuit is achieved. INITX must be pulled low for at least 8 cycles of the 4 MHz oscillation clock.

4. Power supply pins

All V_{DD} pins should be connected to the same potential (exception can be the external bus interface on F362GA and F369GA). The analogue supply voltage (AV_{CC}) must not be turned on before the digital supply voltage. If the external bus interface is supplied with 3.3 V this voltage also must not be turned on before the 5 V digital voltage has been switched on. If the supply voltage to the external bus interface is switched off (it may not be tristate but should be pulled low) it must be made sure that all related signals do not have a voltage higher than this pulled down supply.

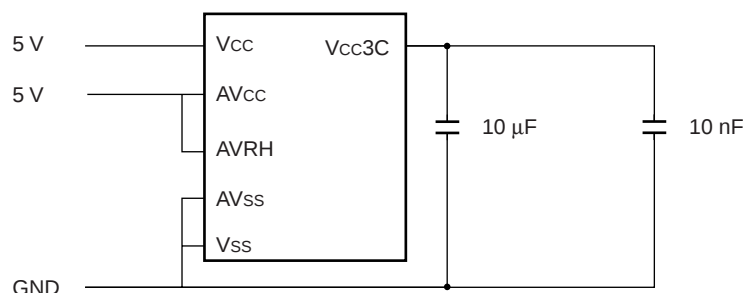
When multiple V_{DD} and V_{SS} pins are provided, be sure to connect all V_{DD} and V_{SS} pins to the power supply or ground externally. Although pins at the same potential are connected together in the internal device design so as to prevent malfunctions such as latch-up, connecting all V_{DD} and V_{SS} pins appropriately minimizes unwanted radiation, prevents malfunction of strobe signals due to increases in the ground level, and keeps the overall output current rating.

Also, take care to connect V_{DD} and V_{SS} to current source in the lowest possible impedance.

Connection of a ceramic bypass capacitor of approximately 0.1 μ F between V_{DD} and V_{SS} close to the device is recommended.

The MB91360G series contains a regulator. To use the device with the 5-V power supply, supply 5-V power to the V_{CC} pins and be sure to connect a bypass capacitor of 10 μ F parallel to 10 nF to the V_{CC3C} pin for the regulator.

[Use with 5-V power supply]



5. Crystal oscillator circuit

Noise in the vicinity of the X0 and X1 pins can be a cause of device malfunction. Design the circuit board so that X0, X1, the crystal oscillator (or ceramic oscillator) , and the bypass capacitor to ground are located as close to the device as possible.

A printed circuit board design that surrounds the X0 and X1 pins with ground provides for stable operation and is strongly recommended.

6. Mode pins

Connect the mode pins (MD0 to MD2) directly to V_{DD} or V_{SS} .

To prevent the device unintentionally entering test mode due to noise, lay out the printed circuit board so as to minimize the distance from the mode pins to V_{DD} or V_{SS} and to provide a low-impedance connection.

7. Turning the power supply on

Immediately after power on always execute INIT at the INITX pin (start with a low level at the INITX pin) . Hold this low level at the INITX pin long enough so that after release of the low level at INITX and the passing of the built in waiting time stable oscillation of the oscillation circuit is achieved. INITX must be pulled low for at least 8 cycles of the 4 MHz oscillation clock.

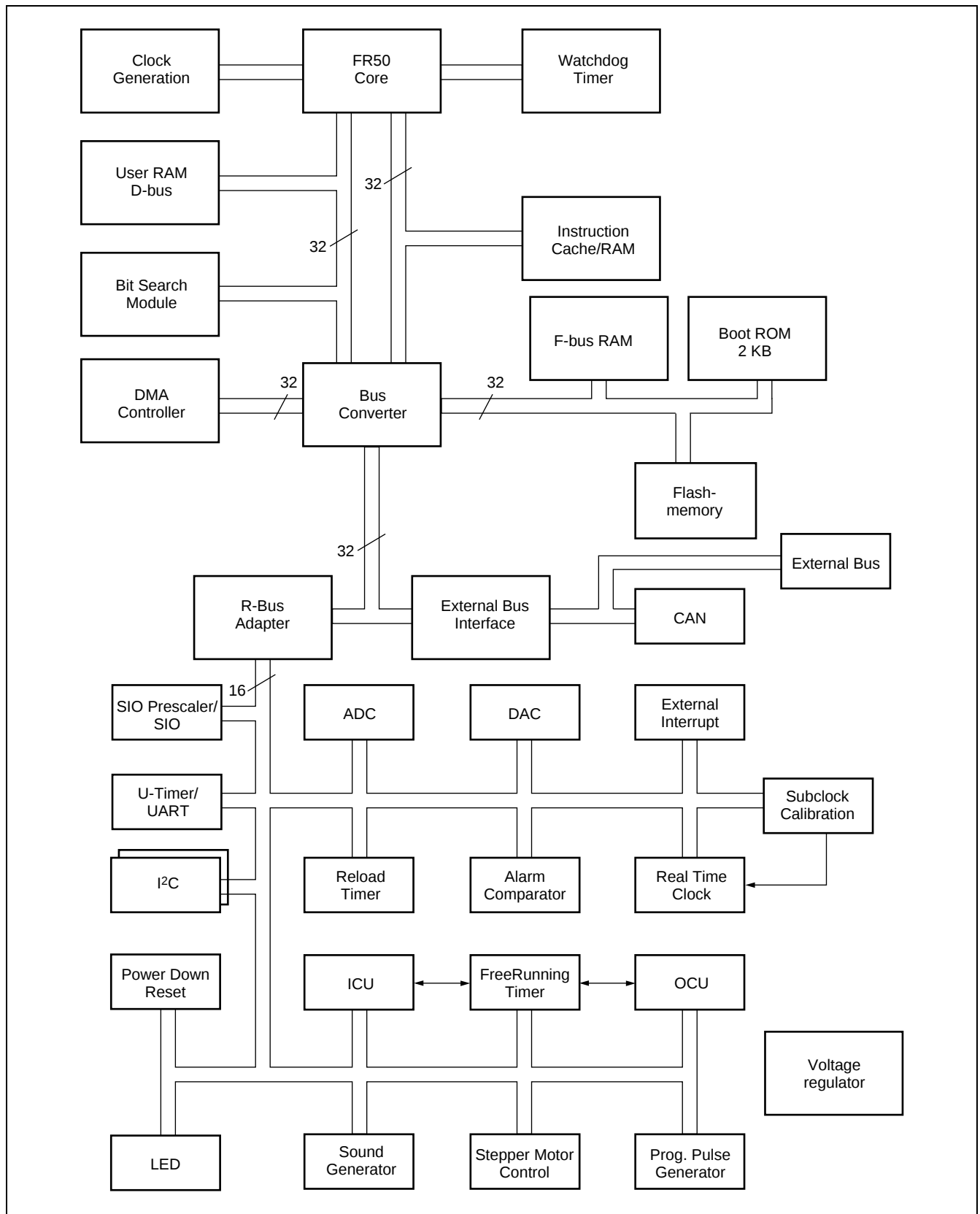
The analogue supply voltage (AV_{CC}) must not be turned on before the digital supply voltage. If the external bus interface is supplied with 3.3 V this voltage also must not be turned on before the 5 V digital voltage has been switched on.

8. A state in turning power on

As long as the minimum operating voltage has not been reached during power-on the output pin levels are not guaranteed.

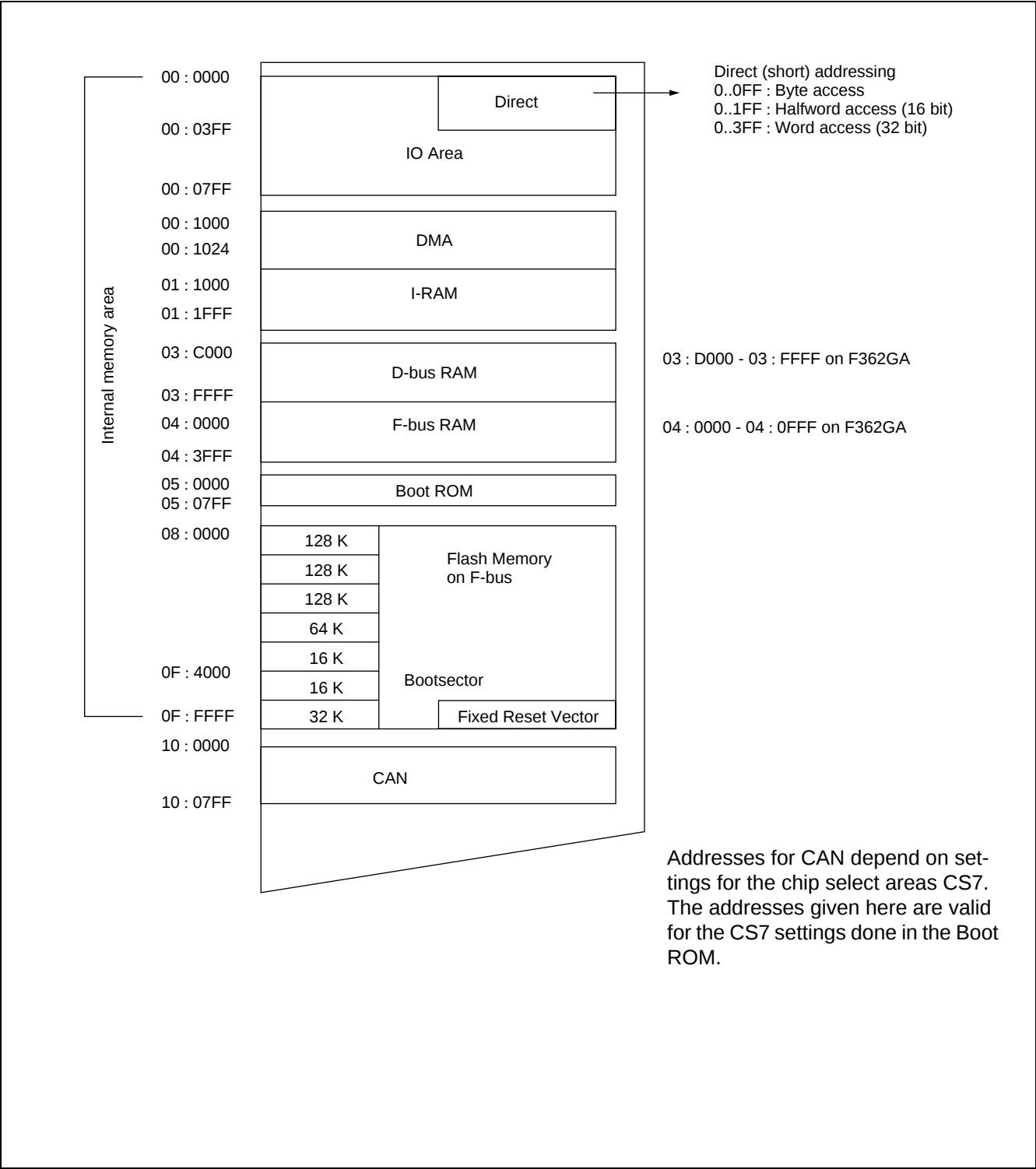
MB91360G Series

■ BLOCK DIAGRAM



CPU CORE

1. Memory Space



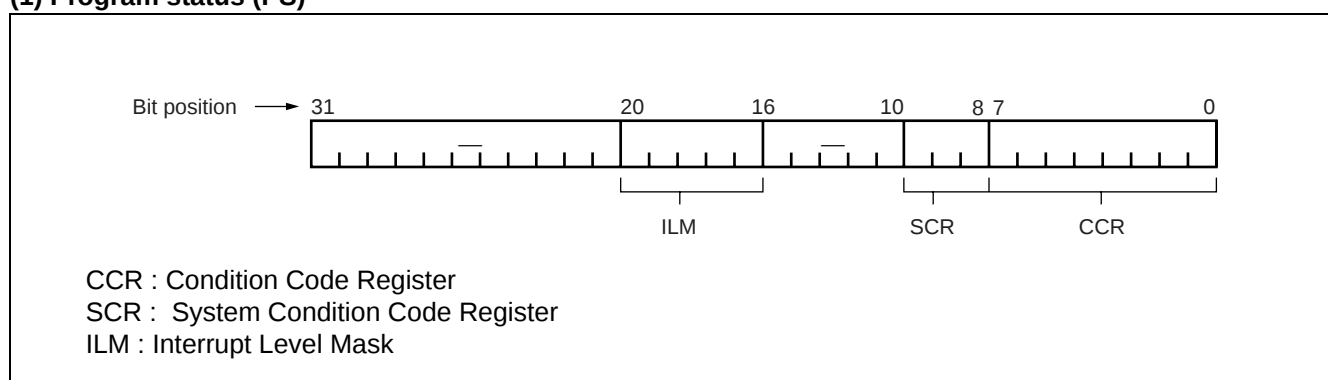
MB91360G Series

2. Dedicated Registers

Each of the dedicated registers is used for a particular purpose. The dedicated registers consist of the program counter (PC) , program status (PS) , table base register (TBR) , return pointer (RP) , system stack pointer (SSP) , user stack pointer (USP) , and multiplication and division result registers (MDH/MDL) .

	← 32 bits →	
Program counter	PC	Initial value XXXX XXXXH (Indeterminate)
Program status	PS	
Table base register	TBR	000F FC00H
Return pointer	RP	XXXX XXXXH (Indeterminate)
System stack pointer	SSP	0000 0000H
User stack pointer	USP	XXXX XXXXH (Indeterminate)
Multiplication and division results registers	MDH	XXXX XXXXH (Indeterminate)
	MDL	XXXX XXXXH (Indeterminate)

(1) Program status (PS)



(2) Condition Code Register (CCR)

(Bit)	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Initial value
	—	—	S	I	N	Z	V	C	--00XXXX _B

(3) System Condition Code Register (SCR)

(Bit)	10	9	8	Initial value
	D1	D0	T	XX0 _B

(4) Interrupt Level Mask Register (ILM)

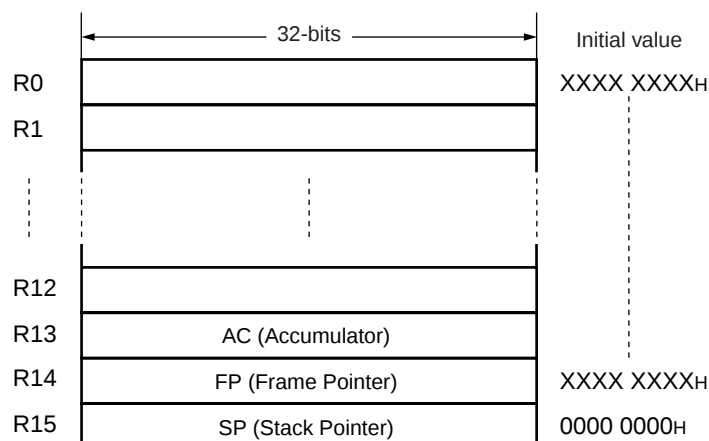
(Bit)	20	19	18	17	16	Initial value
	ILM4	ILM3	ILM2	ILM1	ILM0	01111 _B

MB91360G Series

3. General-Purpose Registers

The general-purpose registers are CPU registers R0 to R15. The register are used as the accumulator for operations and as pointers (a field indicating an address) for memory access. The user can specify the purpose for which the general-purpose registers are used.

Register bank structure



Among 16 general-purpose registers, the following registers assume a special purpose. This enhances some instructions.

- R13 : Virtual accumulator (AC)
- R14 : Frame pointer (FP)
- R15 : Stack pointer (SP)

The initial value of R0 to R14 after a reset is indeterminate. The initial value of R15 is 00000000H (SSP value) .

■ MODE SETTING

The FR50 series of devices uses mode pins (MD2 to MD0) and a mode register (MODR) to set the operation mode.

(1) Mode Pins

Three mode pins (MD2 to MD0) are used to specify the reset mode vector access area.

Mode Pins			Mode name	Reset vector access area	Remarks
MD2	MD1	MD0			
0	0	0	Internal ROM mode vector	Internal	
0	0	1	External ROM mode vector	External	The mode register is used to set the bus width.
remaining settings			—	—	Reserved

(2) Mode Register (MODR)

The data to be written to 0000_7FDH using mode vector fetch is called mode data.

MODR is located at 0000_07FDH. After an operation mode has been set in MODR, the device operates in this operation mode. MODR is set only when a reset factor (INIT level) occurs. User programs cannot write data to MODR.

< Mode Register (MODR) >

Address	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Initial value
0000 07FD _H	0	0	0	0	0	ROMA	WTH1	WTH0	XXXXXXXX
						← Operation mode setting bit →			

[Bits 7 to 3] : (Reserved bits)

Always set 00000 at bits 7 to 3. Operation is not guaranteed when other values are set.

[Bit 2] : ROMA (internal ROM enable bit)

The ROMA bit is used to set whether to validate the internal ROM area (Fbus memory area) .

ROMA	Function	Remarks
0	External ROM mode	Access to the Fbus area is external.
1	Internal ROM mode	

MB91360G Series

[Bits 1 and 0] : WTH1 and WTH0 (bus width/single chip mode specifying bits)

The WTH1 and WTH0 bits are used to set the bus width (valid when operation mode is external bus mode) and the single chip mode. When the operation mode is the external bus mode, this value is set at the BW1 and BW0 bits of AMD0 (CS0 area) .

WTH1	WTH0	Function	Remarks
0	0	8-bit bus width	External bus mode
0	1	16-bit bus width	External bus mode
1	0	32-bit bus width	External bus mode
1	1	Single chip mode	

(3) Fixed Vector

If MB91360 series devices are started in mode MD[2 : 0] = 000, the internal fixed mode vector (FMV = 0x06) and the fixed reset vector are used. The fixed reset vector points to the start address of the internal Boot ROM.

This enables access to the F-bus area, to the internal CAN modules and the internal flash memory.

See also section Boot ROM.

■ I/O MAP

- How to Read the I/O Map

Address	Register				Internal peripheral
	+0	+1	+2	+3	
000014 _H	PDRG[R/W] ----- XXXXXXXX	PDRH[R/W] ----- XXXXXXXX	PDRI[R/W] ----- ---- XXXX	—	Port data register

Read/Write attribute

Register initial value after a reset (bit initial values)

“1” : initial value “1”, “0” : initial value “0”,

“x” : initial value “X” (indeterminate) ,

“—” indicates non-existent bits

Register name (The register in column 1 is at location 4n, the register in column 2 at 4n+1, and so on.)

Location of far left of register (+0) . +1+2, and+3 each increment the location by one. When performing word access, the register in column 1 is placed at the MSB end of the data.

Precautions :

- Do not use RMW instructions on registers containing write-only (W) bits.

RMW instructions (RMW : read-modify-write)

AND Rj, @Ri OR Rj, @Ri EOR Rj, @Ri

ANDH Rj, @Ri ORH Rj, @Ri EORH Rj, @Ri

ANDB Rj, @Ri ORB Rj, @Ri EORB Rj, @Ri

BANDL #u4, @Ri BORL #u4, @Ri BEORL #u4, @Ri

BANDH #u4, @Ri BORH #u4, @Ri BEORH #u4, @Ri

- The data in reserved areas and areas marked “—” is indeterminate. Do not use those areas !

MB91360G Series

Address	Register				Block
	+0	+1	+2	+3	
000000 _H	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	T-unit Port Data Register
000004 _H	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	PDR7 [R/W] -111 - - - -	
000008 _H	PDR8 [R/W] XXXXXXXX	PDR9 [R/W] XXXXXXXX1	—	PDRB [R/W] - - - - - XXX	
00000C _H	—				
000010 _H	PDRG [R/W] XXXXXXXX	PDRH [R/W] XXXXXXXX	PDRI [R/W] X - - - X - - -	PDRJ [R/W] XXXXXXXX	R-bus Port Data Register
000014 _H	PDRK [R/W] XXXXXXXX	PDRL [R/W] XXXXXXXX	PDRM [R/W] - - - - XXXX	PDRN [R/W] - - XXXXXX	
000018 _H	PDRO [R/W] XXXXXXXX	PDRP [R/W] - - XXXXX	PDRQ [R/W] - - XXXXX	PDRR [R/W] XXXXXXXX	
00001C _H	PDRS [R/W] XXXXXXXX	—	—	—	
000020 _H to 00003C _H	—				Reserved
000040 _H	EIRR [R/W] 00000000	ENIR [R/W] 00000000	ELVR [R/W] 00000000 00000000		Ext int/NMI
000044 _H	DICR [R/W] - - - - - 0	HRCL [R/W, R] 0 - - 11111	CLKR2 [R/W] - - - - - 000	reserved	DLYI/I-unit RTC
000048 _H	TMRLR0 [W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX		TMR0 [R] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX		Reload Timer 0
00004C _H	—		TMCSR0 [R/W] - - - - 0000 - - - 00000		
000050 _H	TMRLR1 [W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX		TMR1 [R] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX		Reload Timer 1
000054 _H	—		TMCSR1 [R/W] - - - - 0000 - - - 00000		
000058 _H	TMRLR2 [W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX		TMR2 [R] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX		Reload Timer 2
00005C _H	—		TMCSR2 [R/W] - - - - 0000 - - - 00000		
000060 _H	SSR0 [R/W] 00001 - 00	SIDR0 [R/W] XXXXXXXX	SCR0 [R/W, W] 00000100	SMR0 [R/W, W] 00 - - 0 - 0 -	UART0
000064 _H	ULS0 [R/W] - - - - 0000	—	—	—	

(Continued)

MB91360G Series

Address	Register				Block
	+0	+1	+2	+3	
000068 _H	UTIM0/UTIMR0 [R/W] 00000000 00000000		DRCL0 [W] -----	UTIMC0 [R/W] 0 --- 0 - 01	U-TIMER 0
00006C _H	SSR1 [R/W, R] 00001 - 00	SIDR1 [R/W] XXXXXXXXXX	SCR1 [R/W, W] 00000100	SMR1 [R/W, W] 00 -- 0 - 0 -	UART1
000070 _H	ULS1 [R/W] ---- 0000	—	—	—	
000074 _H	UTIM1/UTIMR1 [R/W] 00000000 00000000		DRCL1 [W] -----	UTIMC1 [R/W] 0 ----- 01	U-TIMER 1
000078 _H	SSR2 [R/W, R] 00001 - 00	SIDR2 [R/W] XXXXXXXXXX	SCR2 [R/W, W] 00000100	SMR2 [R/W, W] 00 -- 0 - 0 -	UART2
00007C _H	ULS2 [R/W] ---- 0000	—	—	—	
000080 _H	UTIM2/UTIMR2 [R/W] 00000000 00000000		DRCL2 [W] -----	UTIMC2 [R/W] 0 --- 0 - 01	U-TIMER2
000084 _H	SMCS0 [R/W, R] 00000010 ---- 00-0		SES0 [R/W] ----- 00	SDR0 [R/W] 00000000	SIO 0
000088 _H	SMCS1 [R/W, R] 00000010 ---- 00 - 0		SES1 [R/W] ----- 00	SDR1 [R/W] 00000000	SIO 1
00008C _H	CDCR0 [R/W] 0 --- 1111	Reserved	CDCR1 [R/W] 0 --- 1111	Reserved	SIO 0/1 Prescaler
000090 _H	—				Reserved
000094 _H	IBCR [R/W] 00000000	IBSR [R] 00000000	IADR [R/W] -XXXXXXXX	ICCR [R/W] -- 0XXXXX	I ² C (old)
000098 _H	—	IDAR [R/W] XXXXXXXXXX	—	IDBL [R/W] ----- 0	→ new I ² C from addr 0x184
00009C _H	ADMD [R/W, W] --- X0000	ADCH [R/W] 00000000	—	ADCS [R/W, W] 0000 -- 00	A/D Converter
0000A0 _H	ADCD [R/W] 000000XX XXXXXXXX		—	ADBL [R/W] ----- 0	
0000A4 _H	—	DACR [R/W] ----- 000	DADR0 [R/W] ----- XX XXXXXXXX		DAC
0000A8 _H	DADR1 [R/W] ----- XX XXXXXXXX		—	DDBL [R/W] ----- 0	
0000AC _H	IOTDBL0 [R/W] ----- 000	ICS01 [R/W] 00000000	IOTDBL1 [R/W] ----- 000	ICS23 [R/W] 00000000	Input Capture 0, 1, 2, 3
0000B0 _H	IPCP0 [R] XXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX		IPCP1 [R] XXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX		
0000B4 _H	IPCP2 [R] XXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX		IPCP3 [R] XXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX		

(Continued)

MB91360G Series

Address	Register				Block
	+0	+1	+2	+3	
0000B8 _H	OCS01 [R/W] --- 0 -- 00 0000 -- 00		reserved		Output Compare 0, 1, 2, 3
0000BC _H	OCCP0 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX		OCCP1 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX		
0000C0 _H	OCCP2 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX		OCCP3 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX		
0000C4 _H	—				Reserved
0000C8 _H	TCDT0 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX		—	TCCS0 [R/W] - 0000000	Free Running Counter 0 for ICU/OCU
0000CC _H	TCDT1 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX		—	TCCS1 [R/W] - 0000000	Free Running Counter 1 for ICU/OCU
0000D0 _H	ZPD0 [R/W] 00000010	PWC0 [R/W] -- 000 -- 0	ZPD1 [R/W] 00000010	PWC1 [R/W] 00000 -- 0	SMC 0, 1
0000D4 _H	ZPD2 [R/W] 00000010	PWC2 [R/W] -- 000 -- 0	ZPD3 [R/W] 00000010	PWC3 [R/W] 00000 -- 0	SMC 2, 3
0000D8 _H	PWC20 [R/W] XXXXXXXX	PWC10 [R/W] XXXXXXXX	PWS20 [R/W] - 0000000	PWS10 [R/W] -- 000000	SMC 0
0000DC _H	PWC21 [R/W] XXXXXXXX	PWC11 [R/W] XXXXXXXX	PWS21 [R/W] - 0000000	PWS11 [R/W] -- 000000	SMC 1
0000E0 _H	PWC22 [R/W] XXXXXXXX	PWC12 [R/W] XXXXXXXX	PWS22 [R/W] - 0000000	PWS12 [R/W] -- 000000	SMC 2
0000E4 _H	PWC23 [R/W] XXXXXXXX	PWC13 [R/W] XXXXXXXX	PWS23 [R/W] - 0000000	PWS13 [R/W] -- 000000	SMC 3
0000E8 _H	SMDBL0 [R/W] ----- 0	SMDBL1 [R/W] ----- 0	SMDBL2 [R/W] ----- 0	SMDBL3 [R/W] ----- 0	SMC 0, 1, 2, 3
0000EC _H	—	SGDBL [R/W] ----- 0	SGCR [R/W, R] 0 ----- 00 000 -- 000		Sound generator
0000F0 _H	SGAR [R/W] 00000000	SGFR [R/W] XXXXXXXX	SGTR [R/W] XXXXXXXX	SGDR [R/W] XXXXXXXX	
0000F4 _H	—	WTDBL [R/W] ----- 0	WTCR [R/W, R] 00000000 000 - 0000		Real Time Clock (WatchTimer)
0000F8 _H	—	WTBR [R/W] -- XXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX			
0000FC _H	WTHR [R/W] --- 00000	WTMR [R/W] -- 000000	WTSR [R/W] -- 000000	—	
000100 _H	TMRLR3 [W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX		TMR3 [R] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX		Reload Timer 3
000104 _H	—		TMCSR3 [R/W] ---- XX -- --- XXXXX		

(Continued)

MB91360G Series

Address	Register				Block
	+0	+1	+2	+3	
000108 _H	TMRLR4 [W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX		TMR4 [R] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX		Reload Timer 4
00010C _H	—		TMCSR4 [R/W] ---- XX -- --- XXXXX		
000110 _H	TMRLR5 [W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX		TMR5 [R] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX		Reload Timer 5
000114 _H	—		TMCSR5 [R/W] ---- XX -- --- XXXXX		
000118 _H	GCN10 [R/W] 00110010 00010000		PDBL0 [R/W] --- 00000	GCN20 [R/W] ---- 0000	PWM Control 0
00011C _H	GCN11 [R/W] 00110010 00010000		PDBL1 [R/W] --- 00000	GCN21 [R/W] ---- 0000	PWM Control 1
000120 _H	PTMR0 [R] 11111111 11111111		PCSR0 [W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX		PWM0
000124 _H	PDUT0 [W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX		PCNH0 [R/W] 0000000 -	PCNL0 [R/W] 000000 - 0	
000128 _H	PTMR1 [R] 11111111 11111111		PCSR1 [W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX		PWM1
00012C _H	PDUT1 [W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX		PCNH1 [R/W] 0000000 -	PCNL1 [R/W] 000000 - 0	
000130 _H	PTMR2 [R] 11111111 11111111		PCSR2 [W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX		PWM2
000134 _H	PDUT2 [W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX		PCNH2 [R/W] 0000000 -	PCNL2 [R/W] 000000 - 0	
000138 _H	PTMR3 [R] 11111111 11111111		PCSR3 [W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX		PWM3
00013C _H	PDUT3 [W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX		PCNH3 [R/W] 0000000 -	PCNL3 [R/W] 000000 - 0	
000140 _H	PTMR4 [R] 11111111 11111111		PCSR4 [W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX		PWM4
000144 _H	PDUT4 [W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX		PCNH4 [R/W] 0000000 -	PCNL4 [R/W] 000000 - 0	
000148 _H	PTMR5 [R] 11111111 11111111		PCSR5 [W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX		PWM5
00014C _H	PDUT5 [W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX		PCNH5 [R/W] 0000000 -	PCNL5 [R/W] 000000 - 0	
000150 _H	PTMR6 [R] 11111111 11111111		PCSR6 [W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX		PWM6
000154 _H	PDUT 6 [W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX		PCNH6 [R/W] 0000000 -	PCNL6 [R/W] 000000 - 0	

(Continued)

MB91360G Series

Address	Register				Block
	+0	+1	+2	+3	
000158 _H	PTMR7 [R] 11111111 11111111		PCSR7 [W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX		PWM7
00015C _H	PDUT7 [W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX		PCNH7 [R/W] 0000000 -	PCNL7 [R/W] 000000 - 0	
000160 _H	—				Reserved
000164 _H	CMCR [R/W] 11111111 0000000		CMPR [R/W] --- -1001 1 --- -0001		Clock Modulation
000168 _H	CMLS0 [R/W] 01110111 1111111		CMLS1 [R/W] 01110111 1111111		
00016C _H	CMLS2 [R/W] 01110111 1111111		CMLS3 [R/W] 01110111 1111111		
000170 _H	CMLT0 [R/W, R] -----100 00000010		CMLT1 [R/W, R] 11110100 00000010		
000174 _H	CMLT2 [R/W] -----100 00000010		CMLT3 [R/W, R] ---- -100 00000010		
000178 _H	CMAC [R/W] 11111111 1111111		CMTS [R] - -000001 01111111		
00017C _H	—	PDCRC [R/W] ----- 000	—	—	Power down reset
000180 _H	ACCDL[R/W] ----- 0	ACSR [R/W, R] --- XXX00	—	—	Alarm comparator
000184 _H	IBCR2 [R/W] 00000000	IBSR2 [R] 00000000	ITBAH [R/W] ----- 00	ITBAL [R/W] 00000000	I ² C (new) (*) old and new I ² C share this bit !
000188 _H	ITMKH [R/W, R] 00 ---- 11	ITMKL [R/W] 11111111	ISMK [R/W] 01111111	ISBA [R/W] - 0000000	
00018C _H	IDARH [-] 00000000	IDAR2 [R/W] 00000000	ICCR2 [R/W] - 0011111	IDBL2 (*) [R/W] ----- 0	
000190 _H	CUCR [R/W, R] ----- --- 0 --00		CUTD [R/W] 10000000 00000000		Calibration Unit of 32 kHz oscillator
000194 _H	CUTR1 [R] ----- 00000000		CUTR2 [R] 00000000 00000000		
000198 _H to 0001F8 _H	—				Reserved
0001FC _H	—	—	F362MD [R/W] 00000000	—	F362 Mode Register
000200 _H	DMACA0 [R/W] 00000000 0000XXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX				DMAC
000204 _H	DMACB0 [R/W] 00000000 00000000 XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX				

* : Old and new I²C share this bit.

(Continued)

MB91360G Series

Address	Register				Block
	+0	+1	+2	+3	
000208 _H	DMACA1 [R/W] 00000000 0000XXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX				DMAC
00020C _H	DMACB1 [R/W] 00000000 00000000 XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX				
000210 _H	DMACA2 [R/W] 00000000 0000XXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX				
000214 _H	DMACB2 [R/W] 00000000 00000000 XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX				
000218 _H	DMACA3 [R/W] 00000000 0000XXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX				
00021C _H	DMACB3 [R/W] 00000000 00000000 XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX				
000220 _H	DMACA4 [R/W] 00000000 0000XXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX				
000224 _H	DMACB4 [R/W] 00000000 00000000 XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX				
000228 _H to 00023C _H	—				
000240 _H	DMACR [R/W] 00 -- 0000 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -				
000244 _H to 0002FC _H	—				Reserved
000300 _H	IRBS [R/W, R] 00000000 00000001 00100000 - - - - - - - -				Instruction Cache
000304 _H	—			ISIZE [R/W] - - - - -11	
000308 _H to 0003E0 _H	—				Reserved
0003E4 _H	—			ICHRC [R/W] 0-000000	Instruction Cache
0003E8 _H to 0003EC _H	—				Reserved

(Continued)

MB91360G Series

Address	Register				Block
	+0	+1	+2	+3	
0003F0 _H	BSD0 [W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX				Bit Search Module
0003F4 _H	BSD1 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX				
0003F8 _H	BSDC [W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX				
0003FC _H	BSRR [R] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX				
000400 _H	DDRG [R/W] 00000000	DDRH [R/W] 00000000	DDRI [R/W] - - - -0- - -	DDRJ [R/W] 00000000	R-bus Port Direction Register
000404 _H	DDRK [R/W] 00000000	DDRL [R/W] 00000000	DDRM [R/W] - - - -0000	DDRN [R/W] - -000000	
000408 _H	DDRO [R/W] 00000000	DDRP [R/W] - - - -0000	DDRQ [R/W] - -000000	DDRR [R/W] 00000000	
00040C _H	DDRS [R/W] 00000000	—	—	—	
000410 _H	PFRG [R/W] 00000000	PFRH [R/W] 00000000	PFRI [R/W] - - - -0- - -	PFRJ [R/W] 00000000	R-bus Port Function Register
000414 _H	PFRK [R/W] 00000000	PFRL [R/W] 00000000	PFRM [R/W] - - - -0000	PFRN [R/W] - -000000	
000418 _H	PFRO [R/W] 00000000	PFRP [R/W] 00000000	PFRQ [R/W] - -000000	PFRR [R/W] 00000000	
00041C _H	PFRS [R/W] 00000000	—	—	—	
000420 _H to 00043C _H	—				Reserved
000440 _H	ICR00 [R/W, R] - - -11111	ICR01 [R/W, R] - - -11111	ICR02 [R/W, R] - - -11111	ICR03 [R/W, R] - - -11111	Interrupt Control unit
000444 _H	ICR04 [R/W, R] - - -11111	ICR05 [R/W, R] - - -11111	ICR06 [R/W, R] - - -11111	ICR07 [R/W, R] - - -11111	
000448 _H	ICR08 [R/W, R] - - -11111	ICR09 [R/W, R] - - -11111	ICR10 [R/W, R] - - -11111	ICR11 [R/W, R] - - -11111	
00044C _H	ICR12 [R/W, R] - - -11111	ICR13 [R/W, R] - - -11111	ICR14 [R/W, R] - - -11111	ICR15 [R/W, R] - - -11111	
000450 _H	ICR16 [R/W, R] - - -11111	ICR17 [R/W, R] - - -11111	ICR18 [R/W, R] - - -11111	ICR19 [R/W, R] - - -11111	
000454 _H	ICR20 [R/W, R] - - -11111	ICR21 [R/W, R] - - -11111	ICR22 [R/W, R] - - -11111	ICR23 [R/W, R] - - -11111	
000458 _H	ICR24 [R/W, R] - - -11111	ICR25 [R/W, R] - - -11111	ICR26 [R/W, R] - - -11111	ICR27 [R/W, R] - - -11111	

(Continued)

MB91360G Series

Address	Register				Block
	+0	+1	+2	+3	
00045C _H	ICR28 [R/W, R] ---11111	ICR29 [R/W, R] ---11111	ICR30 [R/W, R] -- -11111	ICR31 [R/W, R] -- -11111	Interrupt Control unit
000460 _H	ICR32 [R/W, R] ---11111	ICR33 [R/W, R] -- -11111	ICR34 [R/W, R] -- -11111	ICR35 [R/W, R] -- -11111	
000464 _H	ICR36 [R/W, R] ---11111	ICR37 [R/W, R] ---11111	ICR38 [R/W, R] -- -11111	ICR39 [R/W, R] -- -11111	
000468 _H	ICR40 [R/W, R] ---11111	ICR41 [R/W, R] ---11111	ICR42 [R/W, R] -- -11111	ICR43 [R/W, R] -- -11111	
00046C _H	ICR44 [R/W, R] ---11111	ICR45 [R/W, R] -- -11111	ICR46 [R/W, R] -- -11111	ICR47 [R/W, R] -- -11111	
000470 _H to 00047C _H	—				Reserved
000480 _H	RSRR [R/W, R] 10000000	STCR [R/W] 00110011	TBCR [R/W] X0000X00	CTBR [W] XXXXXXXXXX	Clock Control unit
000484 _H	CLKR [R/W] 00000000	WPR [W] XXXXXXXXXX	DIVR0 [R/W] 00000011	DIVR1 [R/W] 00000000	
000488 _H to 0005FC _H	—				Reserved
000600 _H	—	—	—	—	T-unit Port Direction Register
000604 _H	—	—	—	DDR7 [R/W] 00000000	
000608 _H	DDR8 [R/W] 00000000	DDR9 [R/W] 00000000	—	DDRB [R/W] 00000000	
00060C _H	—				
000610 _H	—	—	—	—	T-unit Port Function Register
000614 _H	—	—	—	PFR7 [R/W] 00001111	
000618 _H	PFR8 [R/W] 111110-0	PFR9 [R/W] 11110101	—	PFRB [R/W] 00000000	
00061C _H	—				
000620 _H	—				
000624 _H	—			PFR27 [R/W] 1111-00-	
000628 _H to 00063F _H	—				Reserved

(Continued)

MB91360G Series

Address	Register				Block
	+0	+1	+2	+3	
000640 _H	ASR0 [W] 00000000 00000000		AMR0 [W] 11111000 11111111		T-unit
000644 _H	ASR1 [W] 00000000 00000000		AMR1 [W] 00000000 00000000		
000648 _H	ASR2 [W] 00000000 00000000		AMR2 [W] 00000000 00000000		
00064C _H	ASR3 [W] 00000000 00000000		AMR3 [W] 00000000 00000000		
000650 _H	ASR4 [W] 00000000 00000000		AMR4 [W] 00000000 00000000		
000654 _H	ASR5 [W] 00000000 00000000		AMR5 [W] 00000000 00000000		
000658 _H	ASR6 [W] 00000000 00000000		AMR6 [W] 00000000 00000000		
00065C _H	ASR7 [W] 00000000 00000000		AMR7 [W] 00000000 00000000		
000660 _H	AMD0 [R/W] -00XX111	AMD1 [R/W] -XXXXXXX	AMD2 [R/W] --XXXXXX	AMD3 [R/W] --XXXXXX	
000664 _H	AMD4 [R/W] --XXXXXX	AMD5 [R/W] --XXXXXX	AMD6 [R/W] -XXXXXXX	AMD7 [R/W] -XXXXXXX	
000668 _H	CSE 11000011	—	—	—	
00066C _H	—		—		
000670 _H	CHE 11111111	—	—		
000674 _H to 0007F8 _H	—				Reserved
0007FC _H	—	MODR [W] XXXXXXXX	—	—	Mode Register
000800 _H to 000AFC _H	—				Reserved

(Continued)

MB91360G Series

Address	Register				Block
	+0	+1	+2	+3	
000B00 _H	ESTS0 X0000000	ESTS1 XXXXXXXX	ESTS2 XXXXXXXX	—	DSU
000B04 _H	ECTL0 0X000000	ECTL1 00000000	ECTL2 000X0000	ECTL3 00000X11	
000B08 _H	ECNT0 XXXXXXXX	ECNT1 XXXXXXXX	EUSA XXX0000X	EDTC 0000XXXX	
000B0C _H	EWPT XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX		—		
000B10 _H	EDTR0 XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX		EDTR1 XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX		
000B14 _H to 000B1C _H	—				
000B20 _H	EIA0 XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX				
000B24 _H	EIA1 XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX				
000B28 _H	EIA2 XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX				
000B2C _H	EIA3 XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX				
000B30 _H	EIA4 XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX				
000B34 _H	EIA5 XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX				
000B38 _H	EIA6 XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX				
000B3C _H	EIA7 XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX				
000B40 _H	EDTA XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX				
000B44 _H	EDTM XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX				
000B48 _H	EOA0 XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX				
000B4C _H	EOA1 XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX				
000B50 _H	EPCR XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX				
000B54 _H	EPSR XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX				

(Continued)

MB91360G Series

Address	Register				Block
	+0	+1	+2	+3	
000B58 _H	EIAM0 XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX				DSU
000B5C _H	EIAM1 XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX				
000B60 _H	EOAM0/EODM0 XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX				
000B64 _H	EOAM1/EODM1 XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX				
000B68 _H	EOD0 XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX				
000B6C _H	EOD1 XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX				
001000 _H	DMASA0 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX				DMAC
001004 _H	DMADA0 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX				
001008 _H	DMASA1 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX				
00100C _H	DMADA1 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX				
001010 _H	DMASA2 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX				
001014 _H	DMADA2 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX				
001018 _H	DMASA3 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX				
00101C _H	DMADA3 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX				
001020 _H	DMASA4 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX				
001024 _H	DMADA4 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX				
001028 _H to 003FFC _H	—				Reserved
004000 _H to 006FFF _H	—				Reserved

(Continued)

MB91360G Series

Address	Register				Block
	+0	+1	+2	+3	
007000 _H	FMCS [R/W] 1110X000	—	—	—	Flash Memory Control Register
007004 _H	FMWT [R/W] - -000011	—	—	—	
007008 _H to 00FFFC _H	—				Reserved
010000 _H to 010FFC _H	(for exact address range see chapter about I-cache) on F362GA and F369GA no cache, but 4 K I-RAM are available				I-Cache 4 KB
011000 _H to 011FFC _H	—				Reserved
012000 _H to 01FFFC _H	—				Reserved
020000 _H to 03BFFC _H	—				Reserved
03C000 _H to 03FFFC _H	Only first 12 KB are available on F362GA				User RAM 16 KB (D-Bus)
040000 _H to 043FFC _H	Only first 4 K are available on F362GA				Fast RAM 16 KB (F-Bus)
044000 _H to 0FEFFC	—				Reserved
050000 _H to 0507FC _H	—				Boot ROM 2 KB (F-Bus)
050800 _H to 07FFF4 _H	—				reserved

(Continued)

MB91360G Series

Address	Register				Block
	+0	+1	+2	+3	
080000 _H to 09FFFC _H	Sector 0 64 KB		Sector 7 64 KB		Flash Memory 512 K on F-Bus
0A0000 _H to 0BFFFC	Sector 1 64 KB		Sector 8 64 KB		
0C0000 _H to 0DFFFC	Sector 2 64 KB		Sector 9 64 KB		
0E0000 _H to 0EFFFFC	Sector 3 32 KB		Sector 10 32 KB		
0F0000 _H to 0F3FFC _H	Sector 4 8 KB		Sector 11 8 KB		
0F4000 _H to 0F7FFC _H	Sector 5 8 KB		Sector 12 8 KB		
0F8000 _H to 0FFFF4 _H	Sector 6 16 KB		Sector 13 16 KB		
0FFFF8 _H	FMV [R] 06 00 00 00 _H				Fixed Reset/Mode Vector
0FFFFC _H	FRV [R] 00 05 00 00 _H				
Write operations to address 0FFFF8 _H and 0FFFFC _H are not possible. When reading these addresses, the values shown above will be read.					

(Continued)

MB91360G Series

Address	Register				Block
	+0	+1	+2	+3	
10000 _H	BVALR0 [R/W] 00000000 00000000		TREQR0 [R/W] 00000000 00000000		CAN 0 Remark : Address range for CAN 0 to CAN 3 depends on chip select range. Mentioned addresses are default values, determined by boot ROM contents.
10004 _H	TCANR0 [W] 00000000 00000000		TCR0 [R/W] 00000000 00000000		
10008 _H	RCR0 [R/W] 00000000 00000000		RRTRR0 [R/W] 00000000 00000000		
1000C _H	ROVRR0 [R/W] 00000000 00000000		RIER0 [R/W] 00000000 00000000		
10010 _H	CSR0 [R/W, R] 00000000 00000001		—	LEIR0 [R/W] 000-0000	
10014 _H	RTEC0 [R] 00000000 00000000		BTR0 [R/W] -1111111 11111111		
10018 _H	IDER0 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX		TRTRR0 [R/W] 00000000 00000000		
1001C _H	RFWTR0 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX		TIER0 [R/W] 00000000 00000000		
10020 _H	AMSR0 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX				
10024 _H	AMR00 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXX --- XXXXXXXX				
10028 _H	AMR10 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXX --- XXXXXXXX				
1002C _H to 10048 _H	GENERAL PURPOSE RAM [R/W]				
1004C _H	IDR00 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXX --- XXXXXXXX				
10050 _H	IDR10 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXX --- XXXXXXXX				
10054 _H	IDR20 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXX --- XXXXXXXX				
10058 _H	IDR30 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXX --- XXXXXXXX				
1005C _H	IDR40 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXX --- XXXXXXXX				
10060 _H	IDR50 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXX --- XXXXXXXX				
10064 _H	IDR60 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXX --- XXXXXXXX				
10068 _H	IDR70 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXX --- XXXXXXXX				CAN 0

(Continued)

MB91360G Series

Address	Register				Block
	+0	+1	+2	+3	
10006C _H	IDR80 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXX --- XXXXXXXX				CAN 0
100070 _H	IDR90 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXX --- XXXXXXXX				
100074 _H	IDR100 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXX --- XXXXXXXX				
100078 _H	IDR110 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXX --- XXXXXXXX				
10007C _H	IDR120 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXX --- XXXXXXXX				
100080 _H	IDR130 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXX --- XXXXXXXX				
100084 _H	IDR140 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXX --- XXXXXXXX				
100088 _H	IDR150 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXX --- XXXXXXXX				
10008C _H	DLCR00 [R/W] -----XXXX		DLCR10 [R/W] -----XXXX		
100090 _H	DLCR20 [R/W] -----XXXX		DLCR30 [R/W] -----XXXX		
100094 _H	DLCR40 [R/W] -----XXXX		DLCR50 [R/W] -----XXXX		
100098 _H	DLCR60 [R/W] -----XXXX		DLCR70 [R/W] -----XXXX		
10009C _H	DLCR80 [R/W] -----XXXX		DLCR90 [R/W] -----XXXX		
1000A0 _H	DLCR100 [R/W] -----XXXX		DLCR110 [R/W] -----XXXX		
1000A4 _H	DLCR120 [R/W] -----XXXX		DLCR130 [R/W] -----XXXX		
1000A8 _H	DLCR140 [R/W] -----XXXX		DLCR150 [R/W] -----XXXX		
1000AC _H	DTR00 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX				
1000B4 _H	DTR10 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX				
1000BC _H	DTR20 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX				

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MB91360G Series

Address	Register				Block
	+0	+1	+2	+3	
1000C _H	DTR30 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX				CAN 0
1000C _C	DTR40 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX				
1000D _H	DTR50 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX				
1000D _C	DTR60 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX				
1000E _H	DTR70 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX				
1000E _C	DTR80 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX				
1000F _H	DTR90 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX				
1000F _C	DTR100 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX				
10010 _H	DTR110 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX				
10010 _C	DTR120 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX				
10011 _H	DTR130 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX				
10011 _C	DTR140 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX				
10012 _H	DTR150 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX				
10012 _C	CREG0 [R/W] 00000000 00000110		—		

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MB91360G Series

Address	Register				Block
	+0	+1	+2	+3	
100200 _H	BVALR1 [R/W] 00000000 00000000	—	TREQR1 [R/W] 00000000 00000000	—	CAN 1 Remark : Address range for CAN 0 to CAN 3 depends on chip select range. Mentioned addresses are default values, determined by boot ROM contents.
100204 _H	TCANR1 [W] 00000000 00000000		TCR1 [R/W] 00000000 00000000		
100208 _H	RCR1 [R/W] 00000000 00000000		RRTRR1 [R/W] 00000000 00000000		
10020C _H	ROVRR1 [R/W] 00000000 00000000		RIER1 [R/W] 00000000 00000000		
100210 _H	CSR1 [R/W, R] 00000000 00000001		—	LEIR1 [R/W] 000-0000	
100214 _H	RTEC1 [R] 00000000 00000000		BTR1 [R/W] -1111111 11111111		
100218 _H	IDER1 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX		TRTRR1 [R/W] 00000000 00000000		
10021C _H	RFWTR1 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX		TIER1 [R/W] 00000000 00000000		
100220 _H	AMSR1 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX				
100224 _H	AMR01 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXX --- XXXXXXXX				
100228 _H	AMR11 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXX --- XXXXXXXX				
10022C _H to 100248 _H	GENERAL PURPOSE RAM [R/W]				
10024C _H	IDR01 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXX --- XXXXXXXX				
100250 _H	IDR11 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXX --- XXXXXXXX				
100254 _H	IDR21[R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXX --- XXXXXXXX				
100258 _H	IDR31 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXX --- XXXXXXXX-				
10025C _H	IDR41 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXX --- XXXXXXXX				
100260 _H	IDR51 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXX --- XXXXXXXX				
100264 _H	IDR61 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXX --- XXXXXXXX				

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MB91360G Series

Address	Register				Block
	+0	+1	+2	+3	
100268 _H	IDR71 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXX --- XXXXXXXX				CAN 1
10026C _H	IDR81 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXX --- XXXXXXXX				
100270 _H	IDR91 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXX --- XXXXXXXX				
100274 _H	IDR101 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXX --- XXXXXXXX				
100278 _H	IDR111 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXX --- XXXXXXXX				
10027C _H	IDR121 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXX ---				
100280 _H	IDR131 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXX --- XXXXXXXX				
100284 _H	IDR141 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXX --- XXXXXXXX				
100288 _H	IDR151 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXX --- XXXXXXXX				
10028C _H	DLCR01 [R/W] -----XXXX		DLCR11 [R/W] -----XXXX		
100290 _H	DLCR21 [R/W] -----XXXX		DLCR31 [R/W] -----XXXX		
100294 _H	DLCR41 [R/W] -----XXXX		DLCR51 [R/W] -----XXXX		
100298 _H	DLCR61 [R/W] -----XXXX		DLCR71 [R/W] -----XXXX		
10029C _H	DLCR81[R/W] -----XXXX		DLCR91 [R/W] -----XXXX		
1002A0 _H	DLCR101 [R/W] -----XXXX		DLCR111 [R/W] -----XXXX		
1002A4 _H	DLCR121 [R/W] -----XXXX		DLCR131 [R/W] -----XXXX		
1002A8 _H	DLCR141 [R/W] -----XXXX		DLCR151 [R/W] -----XXXX		
1002AC _H	DTR01 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX				

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MB91360G Series

Address	Register				Block
	+0	+1	+2	+3	
1002B4 _H	DTR11 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX				CAN 1
1002BC _H	DTR21 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX				
1002C4 _H	DTR31 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX				
1002CC _H	DTR41 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX				
1002D4 _H	DTR51 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX				
1002DC _H	DTR61 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX				
1002E4 _H	DTR71 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX				
1002EC _H	DTR81 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX				
1002F4 _H	DTR91 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX				
1002FC _H	DTR101 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX				
100304 _H	DTR111 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX				
10030C _H	DTR121 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX				
100314 _H	DTR131 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX				
10031C _H	DTR141 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX				

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MB91360G Series

Address	Register				Block
	+0	+1	+2	+3	
100324 _H	DTR151 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX				CAN 1
10032C _H	CREG1 [R/W] 00000000 00000110		—		
100400 _H	BVALR2 [R/W] 00000000 00000000		TREQR2 [R/W] 00000000 00000000		CAN 2 Remark : Address range for CAN 0 to CAN 3 depends on chip select range. Mentioned addresses are default values, determined by boot ROM contents.
100404 _H	TCANR2 [W] 00000000 00000000		TCR2 [R/W] 00000000 00000000		
100408 _H	RCR2 [R/W] 00000000 00000000		RRTRR1 [R/W] 00000000 00000000		
10040C _H	ROVRR2 [R/W] 00000000 00000000		RIER2 [R/W] 00000000 00000000		
100410 _H	CSR2 [R/W, R] 00000000 00000001		—	LEIR2 [R/W] 000-0000	
100414 _H	RTEC2 [R] 00000000 00000000		BTR2 [R/W] -1111111 11111111		
100418 _H	IDER2 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX		TRTRR2 [R/W] 00000000 00000000		
10041C _H	RFWTR2 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX		TIER2 [R/W] 00000000 00000000		
100420 _H	AMSR2 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX				
100424 _H	AMR02 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXX --- XXXXXXXX				
100428 _H	AMR12 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXX --- XXXXXXXX				
10042C _H to 100448 _H	GENERAL PURPOSE RAM [R/W]				
10044C _H	IDR02 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXX --- XXXXXXXX				
100450 _H	IDR12 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXX --- XXXXXXXX				
100454 _H	IDR22[R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXX --- XXXXXXXX				
100458 _H	IDR32 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXX --- XXXXXXXX-				
10045C _H	IDR42 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXX --- XXXXXXXX				

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MB91360G Series

Address	Register				Block
	+0	+1	+2	+3	
100460 _H	IDR52 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXX --- XXXXXXXX				CAN 2
100464 _H	IDR62 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXX --- XXXXXXXX				
100468 _H	IDR72 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXX --- XXXXXXXX				
10046C _H	IDR82 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXX --- XXXXXXXX				
100470 _H	IDR92 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXX --- XXXXXXXX				
100474 _H	IDR102 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXX --- XXXXXXXX				
100478 _H	IDR112 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXX --- XXXXXXXX				
10047C _H	IDR122 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXX ---				
100480 _H	IDR132 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXX --- XXXXXXXX				
100484 _H	IDR142 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXX --- XXXXXXXX				
100488 _H	IDR152 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXX --- XXXXXXXX				
10048C _H	DLCR02 [R/W] -----XXXX		DLCR12 [R/W] -----XXXX		
100490 _H	DLCR22 [R/W] -----XXXX		DLCR32 [R/W] -----XXXX		
100494 _H	DLCR42 [R/W] -----XXXX		DLCR52 [R/W] -----XXXX		
100498 _H	DLCR62 [R/W] -----XXXX		DLCR72 [R/W] -----XXXX		
10049C _H	DLCR82[R/W] -----XXXX		DLCR92 [R/W] -----XXXX		
1004A0 _H	DLCR102 [R/W] -----XXXX		DLCR112 [R/W] -----XXXX		
1004A4 _H	DLCR122 [R/W] -----XXXX		DLCR132 [R/W] -----XXXX		
1004A8 _H	DLCR142 [R/W] -----XXXX		DLCR152 [R/W] -----XXXX		

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MB91360G Series

Address	Register				Block
	+0	+1	+2	+3	
1004AC _H	DTR02 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX				CAN 2
1004B4 _H	DTR12 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX				
1004BC _H	DTR22 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX				
1004C4 _H	DTR32 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX				
1004CC _H	DTR42 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX				
1004D4 _H	DTR52 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX				
1004DC _H	DTR62 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX				
1004E4 _H	DTR72 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX				
1004EC _H	DTR82 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX				
1004F4 _H	DTR92 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX				
1004FC _H	DTR102 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX				
100504 _H	DTR112 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX				
10050C _H	DTR122 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX				
100514 _H	DTR132 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX				

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MB91360G Series

Address	Register				Block
	+0	+1	+2	+3	
10051C _H	DTR142 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX				CAN 2
100524 _H	DTR152 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX				
10052C _H	CREG2 [R/W] 00000000 00000110		—		
100600 _H	BVALR3 [R/W] 00000000 00000000		TREQR3 [R/W] 00000000 00000000		CAN 3 Remark : Address range for CAN 0 to CAN 3 depends on chip select range. Mentioned addresses are default values, determined by boot ROM contents.
100604 _H	TCANR3 [W] 00000000 00000000		TCR3 [R/W] 00000000 00000000		
100608 _H	RCR3 [R/W] 00000000 00000000		RRTRR31 [R/W] 00000000 00000000		
10060C _H	ROVRR3 [R/W] 00000000 00000000		RIER3 [R/W] 00000000 00000000		
100610 _H	CSR3 [R/W, R] 00000000 00000001		—	LEIR3 [R/W] 000-0000	
100614 _H	RTEC3 [R] 00000000 00000000		BTR3 [R/W] -1111111 11111111		
100618 _H	IDER3 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX		TRTRR3 [R/W] 00000000 00000000		
10061C _H	RFWTR3 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX		TIER3 [R/W] 00000000 00000000		
100620 _H	AMSR3 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX				
100624 _H	AMR03 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXX --- XXXXXXXX				
100628 _H	AMR13 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXX --- XXXXXXXX				
10062C _H to 100648 _H	GENERAL PURPOSE RAM [R/W]				
10064C _H	IDR03 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXX --- XXXXXXXX				
100650 _H	IDR13 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXX --- XXXXXXXX				
100654 _H	IDR23[R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXX --- XXXXXXXX				
100658 _H	IDR33 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXX --- XXXXXXXX-				

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MB91360G Series

Address	Register				Block
	+0	+1	+2	+3	
10065C _H	IDR43 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXX --- XXXXXXXX				CAN 3
100660 _H	IDR53 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXX --- XXXXXXXX				
100664 _H	IDR63 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXX --- XXXXXXXX				
100668 _H	IDR73 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXX --- XXXXXXXX				
10066C _H	IDR83 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXX --- XXXXXXXX				
100670 _H	IDR93 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXX --- XXXXXXXX				
100674 _H	IDR103 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXX --- XXXXXXXX				
100678 _H	IDR113 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXX --- XXXXXXXX				
10067C _H	IDR123 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXX ---				
100680 _H	IDR133 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXX --- XXXXXXXX				
100684 _H	IDR143 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXX --- XXXXXXXX				
100688 _H	IDR153 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXX --- XXXXXXXX				
10068C _H	DLCR032 [R/W] -----XXXX		DLCR13 [R/W] -----XXXX		
100690 _H	DLCR232 [R/W] -----XXXX		DLCR33 [R/W] -----XXXX		
100694 _H	DLCR43 [R/W] -----XXXX		DLCR53 [R/W] -----XXXX		
100698 _H	DLCR63 [R/W] -----XXXX		DLCR733 [R/W] -----XXXX		
10069C _H	DLCR83[R/W] -----XXXX		DLCR93 [R/W] -----XXXX		
1006A0 _H	DLCR103 [R/W] -----XXXX		DLCR113 [R/W] -----XXXX		
1006A4 _H	DLCR123 [R/W] -----XXXX		DLCR133 [R/W] -----XXXX		
1006A8 _H	DLCR143 [R/W] -----XXXX		DLCR153 [R/W] -----XXXX		

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MB91360G Series

Address	Register				Block
	+0	+1	+2	+3	
1006AC _H	DTR03 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX				CAN 3
1006B4 _H	DTR13 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX				
1006BC _H	DTR23 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX				
1006C4 _H	DTR33 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX				
1006CC _H	DTR43 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX				
1006D4 _H	DTR53 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX				
1006DC _H	DTR63 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX				
1006E4 _H	DTR73 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX				
1006EC _H	DTR83 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX				
1006F4 _H	DTR93 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX				
1006FC _H	DTR103 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX				
100704 _H	DTR113 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX				
10070C _H	DTR123 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX				
100714 _H	DTR133 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX				

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MB91360G Series

(Continued)

Address	Register				Block
	+0	+1	+2	+3	
10071C _H	DTR143 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX				CAN 3
100724 _H	DTR153 [R/W] XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX				
10072C _H	CREG3 [R/W] 00000000 00000110		—		

MB91360G Series

■ INTERRUPT CAUSES, INTERRUPT VECTORS, AND INTERRUPT CONTROL REGISTER

Interrupt	Interrupt number		Interrupt level ^{*1}		Interrupt vector ^{*2}		RN
	Decimal	Hexa-decimal	Setting Register	Register address	Offset	Default Vector address	
Reset	0	00	—	—	0x3FC	0x000FFFFC	—
Mode vector	1	01	—	—	0x3F8	0x000FFFF8	—
System reserved	2	02	—	—	0x3F4	0x000FFFF4	—
System reserved	3	03	—	—	0x3F0	0x000FFFF0	—
System reserved	4	04	—	—	0x3EC	0x000FFFE4	—
System reserved	5	05	—	—	0x3E8	0x000FFFE8	—
System reserved	6	06	—	—	0x3E4	0x000FFFE4	—
Co-processor fault trap ^{*4}	7	07	—	—	0x3E0	0x000FFFE0	—
Co-processor error trap ^{*4}	8	08	—	—	0x3DC	0x000FFFD4	—
INTE instruction ^{*4}	9	09	—	—	0x3D8	0x000FFFD8	—
Instruction break exception ^{*4}	10	0A	—	—	0x3D4	0x000FFFD4	—
Operand break trap ^{*4}	11	0B	—	—	0x3D0	0x000FFFD0	—
Step trace trap ^{*4}	12	0C	—	—	0x3CC	0x000FFFC4	—
NMI interrupt (tool) ^{*4}	13	0D	—	—	0x3C8	0x000FFFC8	—
Undefined instruction exception	14	0E	—	—	0x3C4	0x000FFFC4	—
NMI request	15	0F	F _H fixed		0x3C0	0x000FFFC0	—
External Interrupt 0	16	10	ICR00	0x440	0x3BC	0x000FFFB4	4
External Interrupt 1	17	11	ICR01	0x441	0x3B8	0x000FFFB8	5
External Interrupt 2	18	12	ICR02	0x442	0x3B4	0x000FFFB4	8
External Interrupt 3	19	13	ICR03	0x443	0x3B0	0x000FFFB0	9
External Interrupt 4	20	14	ICR04	0x444	0x3AC	0x000FFFA4	—
External Interrupt 5	21	15	ICR05	0x445	0x3A8	0x000FFFA8	—
External Interrupt 6	22	16	ICR06	0x446	0x3A4	0x000FFFA4	—
External Interrupt 7	23	17	ICR07	0x447	0x3A0	0x000FFFA0	—
Reload Timer 0	24	18	ICR08	0x448	0x39C	0x000FFF9C	6
Reload Timer 1	25	19	ICR09	0x449	0x398	0x000FFF98	7
Reload Timer 2	26	1A	ICR10	0x44A	0x394	0x000FFF94	—
CAN 0 RX	27	1B	ICR11	0x44B	0x390	0x000FFF90	—
CAN 0 TX/NS	28	1C	ICR12	0x44C	0x38C	0x000FFF8C	—
CAN 1 RX	29	1D	ICR13	0x44D	0x388	0x000FFF88	—
CAN 1 TX/NS	30	1E	ICR14	0x44E	0x384	0x000FFF84	—

(Continued)

MB91360G Series

Interrupt	Interrupt number		Interrupt level ^{*1}		Interrupt vector ^{*2}		RN
	Decimal	Hexa-decimal	Setting Register	Register address	Offset	Default Vector address	
CAN 2 RX	31	1F	ICR15	0x44F	0x380	0x000FFF80	—
CAN 2 TX/NS	32	20	ICR16	0x450	0x37C	0x000FFF7C	—
CAN 3 RX ^{*5}	33	21	ICR17	0x451	0x378	0x000FFF78	—
CAN 3 TX/NS ^{*5}	34	22	ICR18	0x452	0x374	0x000FFF74	—
PPG 0/1	35	23	ICR19	0x453	0x370	0x000FFF70	—
PPG 2/3	36	24	ICR20	0x454	0x36C	0x000FFF6C	—
PPG 4/5	37	25	ICR21	0x455	0x368	0x000FFF68	—
PPG 6/7	38	26	ICR22	0x456	0x364	0x000FFF64	—
Reload Timer 3	39	27	ICR23	0x457	0x360	0x000FFF60	—
Reload Timer 4	40	28	ICR24	0x458	0x35C	0x000FFF5C	—
Reload Timer 5	41	29	ICR25	0x459	0x358	0x000FFF58	—
ICU 0/1	42	2A	ICR26	0x45A	0x354	0x000FFF54	—
OCU 0/1	43	2B	ICR27	0x45B	0x350	0x000FFF50	—
ICU 2/3	44	2C	ICR28	0x45C	0x34C	0x000FFF4C	—
OCU 2/3	45	2D	ICR29	0x45D	0x348	0x000FFF48	—
ADC	46	2E	ICR30	0x45E	0x344	0x000FFF44	14
Timebase Overflow	47	2F	ICR31	0x45F	0x340	0x000FFF40	—
Free Running Counter 0	48	30	ICR32	0x460	0x33C	0x000FFF3C	—
Free Running Counter 1	49	31	ICR33	0x461	0x338	0x000FFF38	—
SIO 0 ^{*6}	50	32	ICR34	0x462	0x334	0x000FFF34	12
SIO 1 ^{*6}	51	33	ICR35	0x463	0x330	0x000FFF30	15
Sound Generator	52	34	ICR36	0x464	0x32C	0x000FFF2C	—
UART 0 RX	53	35	ICR37	0x465	0x328	0x000FFF28	0
UART 0 TX	54	36	ICR38	0x466	0x324	0x000FFF24	1
UART 1 RX	55	37	ICR39	0x467	0x320	0x000FFF20	2
UART 1 TX	56	38	ICR40	0x468	0x31C	0x000FFF1C	3
UART 2 RX	57	39	ICR41	0x469	0x318	0x000FFF18	10
UART 2 TX	58	3A	ICR42	0x46A	0x314	0x000FFF14	11
I ² C ^{*7}	59	3B	ICR43	0x46B	0x310	0x000FFF10	13
Alarm Comparator	60	3C	ICR44	0x46C	0x30C	0x000FFF0C	—
RTC (Watchtimer) / Calibration Unit	61	3D	ICR45	0x46D	0x308	0x000FFF08	—
DMA	62	3E	ICR46	0x46E	0x304	0x000FFF04	—

(Continued)

MB91360G Series

(Continued)

Interrupt	Interrupt number		Interrupt level ^{*1}		Interrupt vector ^{*2}		RN
	Decimal	Hexa-decimal	Setting Register	Register address	Offset	Default Vector address	
Delayed interrupt activation bit	63	3F	ICR47	0x46F	0x300	0x000FFF00	— —
System reserved ^{*3}	64	40	—	—	0x2FC	0x000FFEFC	—
System reserved ^{*3}	65	41	—	—	0x2F8	0x000FFEF8	—
Security vector	66	42	—	—	0x2F4	0x000FFEF4	—
System reserved	67	43	(ICR51)	0x473	0x2F0	0x000FFEF0	—
System reserved	68	44	(ICR52)	0x474	0x2EC	0x000FFEEC	—
System reserved	69	45	(ICR53)	0x475	0x2E8	0x000FFEE8	—
System reserved	70	46	(ICR54)	0x476	0x2E4	0x000FFEE4	—
System reserved	71	47	(ICR55)	0x477	0x2E0	0x000FFEE0	—
System reserved	72	48	(ICR56)	0x478	0x2DC	0x000FFEDC	—
System reserved	73	49	(ICR57)	0x479	0x2D8	0x000FFED8	—
System reserved	74	4A	(ICR58)	0x47A	0x2D4	0x000FFED4	—
System reserved	75	4B	(ICR59)	0x47B	0x2D0	0x000FFED0	—
System reserved	76	4C	(ICR60)	0x47C	0x2CC	0x000FFECC	—
System reserved	77	4D	(ICR61)	0x47D	0x2C8	0x000FFEC8	—
System reserved	78	4E	(ICR62)	0x47E	0x2C4	0x000FFEC4	—
System reserved	79	4F	(ICR63)	0x47F	0x2C0	0x000FFEC0	—
Used by the INT instruction.	80 to 255	50 to FF	—	—	0x2BC to 0x000	0x000FFEBC to 0x000FFC00	— — —

*1 : The ICRs are located in the interrupt controller and set the interrupt level for each interrupt request. An ICR is provided for each interrupt request.

*2 : The vector address for each EIT (exception, interrupt or trap) is calculated by adding the listed offset to the table base register value (TBR). The TBR specifies the top of the EIT vector table. The addresses listed in the table are for the default TBR value (0x000FFC00). The TBR is initialized to this value by a reset. After execution of the internal boot ROM TBR is set to 0x00FFC00.

*3 : Used by REALOS

*4 : System reserved

*5 : Only available on MB91FV360GA

*6 : DMA to/from SIO only implemented on F369GA.

*7 : DMA to/from I²C is not implemented on MB91F362GA.

Remarks :

The 1-Kbyte area from the address specified in TRB is the EIT vector area. Each vector consists of four bytes. The following formula shows the relationship between the vector number and vector address.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{vector} &= \text{TBR} + \text{vctofs} \\ &= \text{TBR} + (3\text{FC}_{\text{H}} - 4 \times \text{vct}) \\ \text{vctadr} &: \text{Vector address} \\ \text{vctofs} &: \text{Vector offset} \\ \text{vct} &: \text{Vector number} \end{aligned}$$

■ PERIPHERAL RESOURCES

1. INSTRUCTION CACHE

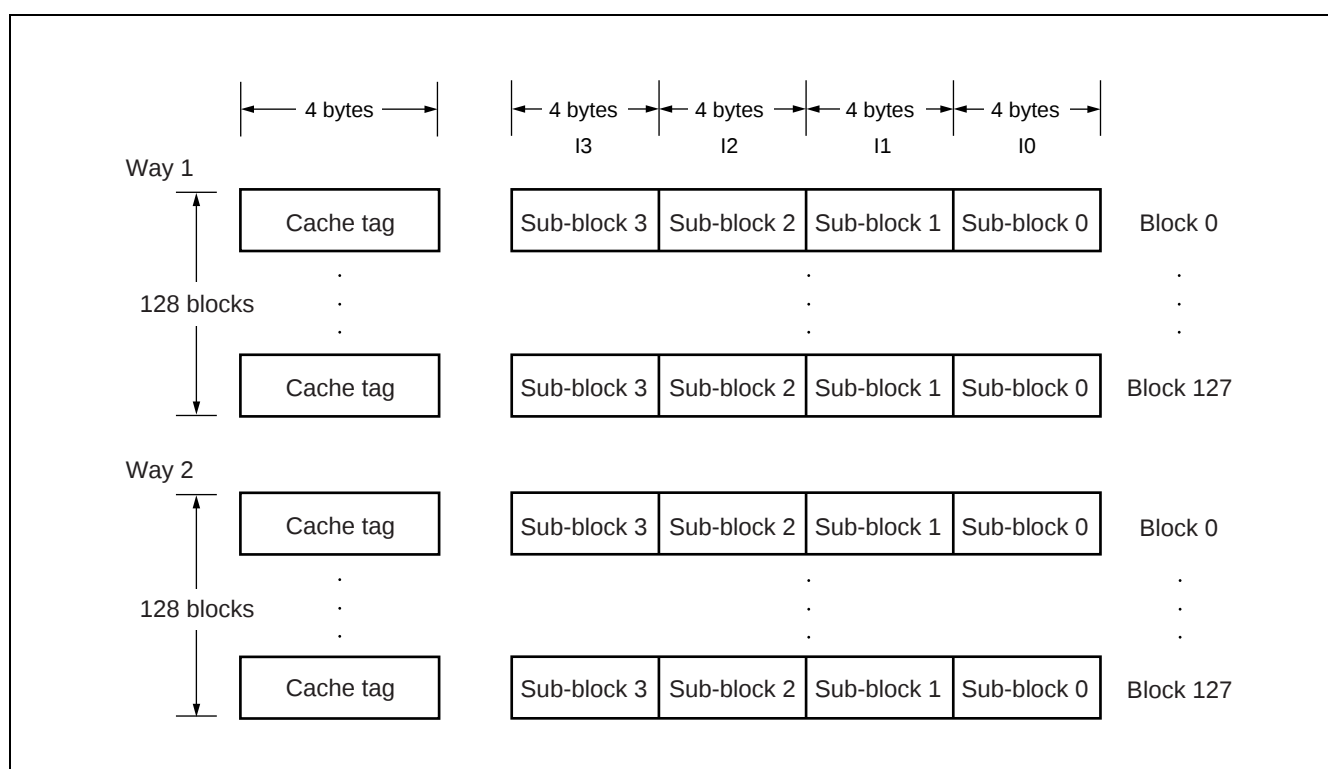
This section describes the instruction cache memory included in FR50 Family members and its operation. This only applies to MB91FV360GA.

(1) General Description

The instruction cache is temporary memory. When an external low-speed memory accesses an instruction code, the instruction cache stores the single-accessed code to increase the second and subsequent access speeds. Setting this memory to the RAM mode enables software to directly read and write instruction cache data RAM and tag RAM.

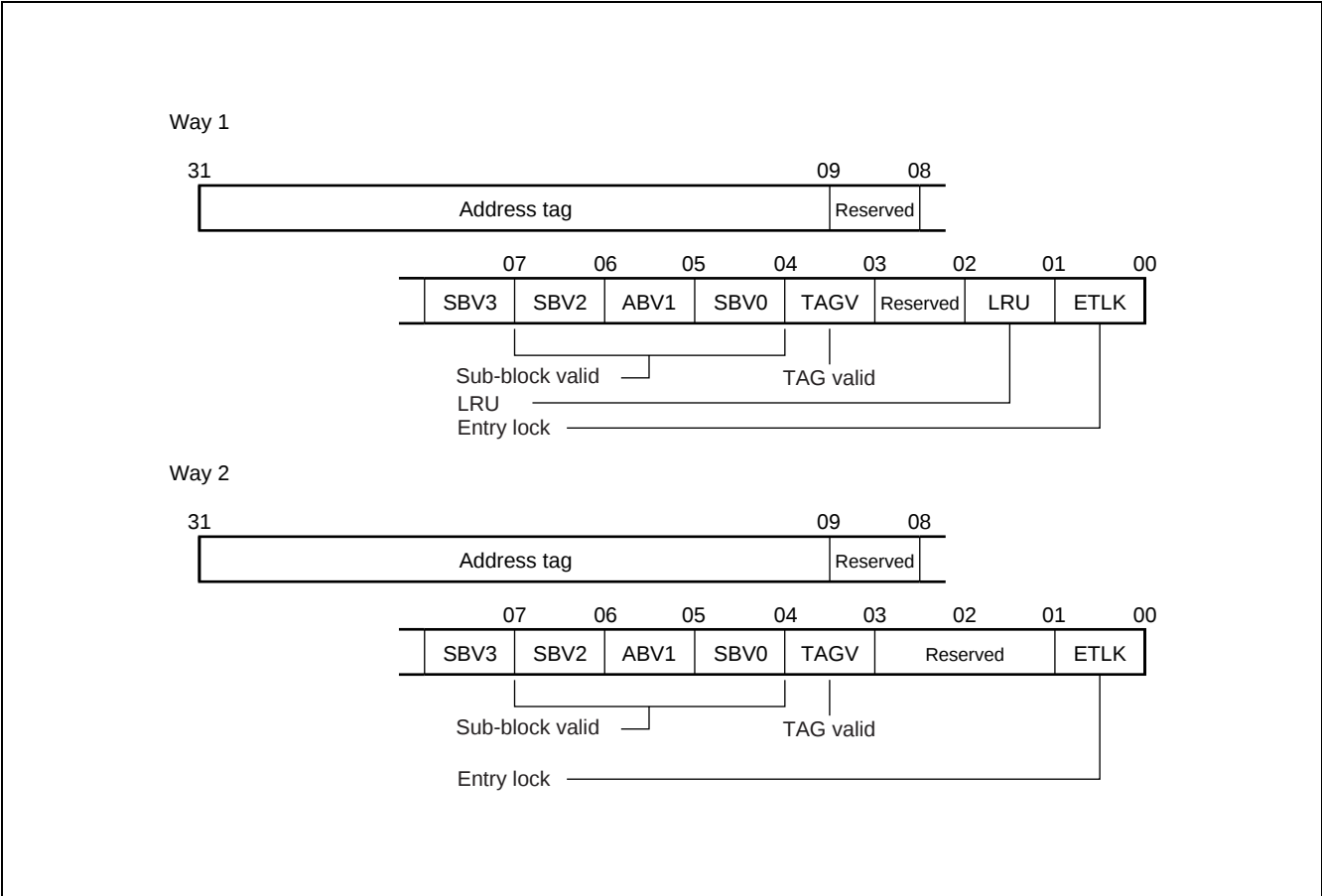
(2) Main Body Structure

- FR basic instruction length : 2 bytes
- Block arrangement system : 2-way set associative system
- Block
 - One way consists of 128 blocks.
 - One block consists of 16 bytes (= 4 sub-blocks) .
 - One sub-block consists of 4 bytes (= 1 bus access unit) .



Instruction Cache Structure

MB91360G Series



Instruction Cache Tag

(3) Control Register Structure

IRBS (32 bits) Address : 00000300 _H	31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	Initial value 00000000 _B
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	

23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	Initial value 00000001 _B ICR26
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	
R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	

Address : 00000302 _H	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	Initial value 0010 - - - - _B
	IRBS	IRBS	IRBS	IRBS	—	—	—	—	
	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	—	—	—	—	

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Initial value - - - - - - _B
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	

IRBS [bits 15 to 12] These bits are used to set the base address of cache RAM at access in the RAM mode. Align cache RAM in units of 4 K bytes. These bits are initialized by INIT. The initial value is the 00012000_H address.

ISIZE (8 bits) 00000307 _H	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Initial value - - - - - 11 _B
	—	—	—	—	—	—	SIZE1	SIZE0	
	—	—	—	—	—	—	R/W	R/W	

The ICHCR (I-CacHe Control Register) controls the instruction cache operations.

Writing to the ICHCR does not affect caching of instructions fetched within three subsequent cycles.

ICHCR (8 bits) 000003E7 _H	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Initial value 0 - 000000 _B
	RAM	—	GBLK	ALFL	EOLK	ELKR	FLSH	ENAB	
	R/W	—	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	

MB91360G Series

2. BOOT ROM

The Boot ROM is a fixed start-up routine which is located at FF000 (Reset entry) and will therefore be executed after every RST or INIT. The purpose of this ROM is to configure the device after a reset and to provide a simple serial bootloader for programming the embedded Flash memories.

The Boot ROM contains three logical parts :

(1) Chip Initializations

Immediately after each reset, the following settings will be made :

CS0 : 200000...2FFFFFF, 32 Bit Bus, 1 wait-state (default external access)

CS7 : 100000...10FFFF, 16 Bit Bus, 1 wait-state (CAN)

In addition, the Table-Base Register will be initialized to 1FFC00 (F361GA only) and the synchronous reset (see TBCR) will be enabled.

(2) Check for Bootcondition

After the chip initialization, the "Security-Vector" will be checked (Vector #66) . The purpose of this feature is to disable the bootstraploader due to security reasons.

The RSRR (reset cause register) will be read and saved. If no power-on reset (external INITX input, RSRR = 0x80) is indicated, a branch to the user application will be initiated (Branch to 1F4000) .

If INITX was detected and the "Security-Vector" check okay, the following conditions must be met in order to start the Bootstraploader :

Within a certain time, the start-up character "V" must be received via UART0 (9600, 8N1) . The time-out is set to 200 ms.

(3) Bootstraploader

If the Bootcondition was met, an acknowledge character "F" will be transmitted via UART0 to indicate that the Bootloader is ready to accept commands. 4 different commands are possible :

- Receive and write to a specified memory block
- Dump the contents of a specified memory block
- Initiate a "CALL" to a certain location
- Re-dump a calculated checksum for verification

(4) Configuration Register (F362Mode Register F362MD)

This register is used to control which pins of the external bus interface are active, where the pins for the external DMA channel are located and which I²C module is used.

address	bit 15	bit 14	bit 13	bit 12	bit 11	bit 10	bit 9	bit 8
00001FE _H	ADRSWAP	ASYMCLKT	HIZ_D_A	HIZ_ECLK	HIZ_D_23_16	HIZ_D_15_0	DMASWP	IICSEL
access	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W
Initial value	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

3. CLOCK MODULATOR

An important property of MCUs and other electronic devices is their electromagnetic compatibility - EMC. Besides a low susceptibility against external interferences, a low radiated emission is desired to avoid interference of adjacent devices.

Particularly the system clock and derived signals such as data- and address busses contribute significantly to the radiated emission. The purpose of the clock modulator is to spread the energy of these signals over a wide range of frequencies and thus reducing the amplitudes of the fundamental and harmonic frequencies.

With the use of an advanced frequency modulation algorithm, the Fujitsu built in clock modulator can achieve an attenuation of up to 20-25 dB compared to non modulated clock operation. Since the modulator is highly configurable, it can be optimally adjusted to the actual application in order to achieve minimal electromagnetic interference.

By default, the modulator is disabled and the MCU is running with unmodulated clock.

If you plan to use this feature, please contact Fujitsu.

MB91360G Series

4. I/O PORTS

The I/O port registers consist of the “port data registers (PDR)”, the “data direction registers (DDR)” and the “port function registers (PFR)”.

The bits in PDRs correspond to the bits in DDRs and PFRs. Similarly, the register bits correspond to the port pins.

The port data registers contain the port I/O data and the data direction registers specify whether the corresponding bits (pins) are inputs or outputs. Bits set to “0” are inputs and bits set to “1” are outputs. The port function registers specify whether the port is used as peripheral port or as “I/O” port. Usually bits set to “0” mean I/O port and bits set to “1” mean functional port.

In case of analog peripherals there is additional circuitry to ensure that the digital logic is not disturbed by the analog signals. If the analog input function e.g. ADC is enabled the digital input is fixed to “0”.

- Input mode (DDR = “0”)
PDR read : Reads the level on the corresponding external pin.
PDR write : writes the PDR setting value.
- Output mode (DDR = “1”)
PDR read : Reads the PDR value.
PDR write : Outputs the PDR value to the corresponding external pins.

MB91360G Series

(1) Register configuration

Port Data Register

PDR7	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Initial value	Access
Address: 00000007 _H	P77	P76	P75	P74	P73	P72	P71	P70	1111XXXX _B	R/W
PDR8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Initial value	Access
Address: 00000008 _H	P87	P86	P85	P84	P83	P82	P81	P80	XXXXXXXX _B	R/W
PDR9	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Initial value	Access
Address: 00000009 _H	P97	P96	P95	P94	P93	P92	P91	P90	XXXXXXXX1 _B	R/W
PDRB	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Initial value	Access
Address: 0000000B _H	PB7	PB6	PB5	PB4	PB3	PB2	PB1	PB0	XXXXXXXX _B	R/W
PDRG	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Initial value	Access
Address: 00000010 _H	PG7	PG6	PG5	PG4	PG3	PG2	PG1	PG0	XXXXXXXX _B	R/W
PDRH	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Initial value	Access
Address: 00000011 _H	PH7	PH6	PH5	PH4	PH3	PH2	PH1	PH0	XXXXXXXX _B	R/W
PDRI	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Initial value	Access
Address: 00000012 _H	PI7	—	—	—	PI3	—	—	—	X - - - X - - _B	R/W
PDRJ	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Initial value	Access
Address: 00000013 _H	PJ7	PJ6	PJ5	PJ4	PJ3	PJ2	PJ1	PJ0	XXXXXXXX _B	R/W
PDRK	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Initial value	Access
Address: 00000014 _H	PK7	PK6	PK5	PK4	PK3	PK2	PK1	PK0	XXXXXXXX _B	R/W
PDRL	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Initial value	Access
Address: 00000015 _H	PL7	PL6	PL5	PL4	PL3	PL2	PL1	PL0	XXXXXXXX _B	R/W
PDRM	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Initial value	Access
Address: 00000016 _H	—	—	—	—	PM3	PM2	PM1	PM0	- - - - XXXX _B	R/W
PDRN	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Initial value	Access
Address: 00000017 _H	—	—	PN5	PN4	PN3	PN2	PN1	PN0	- - XXXXXX _B	R/W
PDRO	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Initial value	Access
Address: 00000018 _H	PO7	PO6	PO5	PO4	PO3	PO2	PO1	PO0	XXXXXXXX _B	R/W

(Continued)

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(Continued)

PDRP		7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Initial value	Access
Address: 00000019 _H		PP7	PP6	PP5	PP4	PP3	PP2	PP1	PP0	XXXXXXXX _B	R/W
PDRQ		7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Initial value	Access
Address: 0000001A _H		—	—	PQ5	PQ4	PQ3	PQ2	PQ1	PQ0	--XXXXXX _B	R/W
PDRR		7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Initial value	Access
Address: 0000001B _H		PR7	PR6	PR5	PR4	PR3	PR2	PR1	PR0	XXXXXXXX _B	R/W
PDRS		7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Initial value	Access
Address: 0000001C _H		PS7	PS6	PS5	PS4	PS3	PS2	PS1	PS0	XXXXXXXX _B	R/W

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Data directon Register

DDR7	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Initial value	Access
Address: 00000607 _H	P77	P76	P75	P74	P73	P72	P71	P70	00000000 _B	R/W
DDR8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Initial value	Access
Address: 00000608 _H	P87	P86	P85	P84	P83	P82	P81	P80	00000000 _B	R/W
DDR9	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Initial value	Access
Address: 00000609 _H	P97	P96	P95	P94	P93	P92	P91	P90	00000000 _B	R/W
DDRB	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Initial value	Access
Address: 0000600B _H	PB7	PB6	PB5	PB4	PB3	PB2	PB1	PB0	00000000 _B	R/W
DDRG	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Initial value	Access
Address: 00000400 _H	PG7	PG6	PG5	PG4	PG3	PG2	PG1	PG0	00000000 _B	R/W
DDRH	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Initial value	Access
Address: 00000401 _H	PH7	PH6	PH5	PH4	PH3	PH2	PH1	PH0	00000000 _B	R/W
DDRI	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Initial value	Access
Address: 00000402 _H	—	—	—	—	PI3	—	—	—	----0--- _B	R/W
DDRJ	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Initial value	Access
Address: 00000403 _H	PJ7	PJ6	PJ5	PJ4	PJ3	PJ2	PJ1	PJ0	00000000 _B	R/W
DDRK	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Initial value	Access
Address: 00000404 _H	PK7	PK6	PK5	PK4	PK3	PK2	PK1	PK0	00000000 _B	R/W
DDRL	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Initial value	Access
Address: 00000405 _H	PL7	PL6	PL5	PL4	PL3	PL2	PL1	PL0	00000000 _B	R/W
DDRM	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Initial value	Access
Address: 00000406 _H	—	—	—	—	PM3	PM2	PM1	PM0	----0000 _B	R/W
DDRN	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Initial value	Access
Address: 00000407 _H	—	—	PN5	PN4	PN3	PN2	PN1	PN0	- -000000 _B	R/W
DDRO	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Initial value	Access
Address: 00000408 _H	PO7	PO6	PO5	PO4	PO3	PO2	PO1	PO0	00000000 _B	R/W

(Continued)

MB91360G Series

(Continued)

DDRP	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Initial value	Access
Address: 00000409 _H	PP7	PP6	PP5	PP4	PP3	PP2	PP1	PP0	00000000 _B	R/W
DDRQ	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Initial value	Access
Address: 0000040A _H	—	—	PQ5	PQ4	PQ3	PQ2	PQ1	PQ0	--000000 _B	R/W
DDRR	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Initial value	Access
Address: 0000040B _H	PR7	PR6	PR5	PR4	PR3	PR2	PR1	PR0	00000000 _B	R/W
DDRS	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Initial value	Access
Address: 0000040C _H	PS7	PS6	PS5	PS4	PS3	PS2	PS1	PS0	00000000 _B	R/W

MB91360G Series

Port function registers (PFR)

PFR7	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Initial value	Access
Address: 00000617 _H	P77	P76	P75	P74	P73	P72	P71	P70	00001111 _B	R/W
PFR8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Initial value	Access
Address: 00000618 _H	P87	P86	P85	P84	P83	P82	—	—	111110 -- _B	R/W
PFR9	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Initial value	Access
Address: 00000619 _H	P97	P96	P95	P94	P93	P92	P91	P90	11110101 _B	R/W
PFRB	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Initial value	Access
Address: 0000061B _H	PB7	PB6	PB5	PB4	PB3	PB2	PB1	PB0	00000000 _B	R/W
PFR27	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Initial value	Access
Address: 00000627 _H	P277	P276	P275	P274	P273	P272	P271	P270	1111 - 00 -- _B	R/W
PFRG	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Initial value	Access
Address: 00000410 _H	PG7	PG6	PG5	PG4	PG3	PG2	PG1	PG0	00000000 _B	R/W
PFRH	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Initial value	Access
Address: 00000411 _H	PH7	PH6	PH5	PH4	PH3	PH2	PH1	PH0	00000000 _B	R/W
PFRJ	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Initial value	Access
Address: 00000412 _H	—	—	—	—	PI3	—	—	—	---- 0 --- _B	R/W
PFRJ	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Initial value	Access
Address: 00000413 _H	PJ7	PJ6	PJ5	PJ4	PJ3	PJ2	PJ1	PJ0	00000000 _B	R/W
PFRK	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Initial value	Access
Address: 00000414 _H	PK7	PK6	PK5	PK4	PK3	PK2	PK1	PK0	00000000 _B	R/W
PFRJ	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Initial value	Access
Address: 00000415 _H	PL7	PL6	PL5	PL4	PL3	PL2	PL1	PL0	00000000 _B	R/W
PFRM	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Initial value	Access
Address: 00000416 _H	—	—	—	—	PM3	PM2	PM1	PM0	--- 0000 _B	R/W
PFRN	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Initial value	Access
Address: 00000417 _H	—	—	PN5	PN4	PN3	PN2	PN1	PN0	- - 000000 _B	R/W

(Continued)

MB91360G Series

(Continued)

PFR0	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Initial value	Access
Address: 00000418 _H	PO7	PO6	PO5	PO4	PO3	PO2	PO1	PO0	00000000 _B	R/W
PFRP	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Initial value	Access
Address: 00000419 _H	PP7	PP6	PP5	PP4	PP3	PP2	PP1	PP0	00000000 _B	R/W
PFRQ	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Initial value	Access
Address: 0000041A _H	—	—	PQ5	PQ4	PQ3	PQ2	PQ1	PQ0	- - 000000 _B	R/W
PFRR	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Initial value	Access
Address: 0000041B _H	PR7	PR6	PR5	PR4	PR3	PR2	PR1	PR0	00000000 _B	R/W
PFRS	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Initial value	Access
Address: 0000041C _H	PS7	PS6	PS5	PS4	PS3	PS2	PS1	PS0	00000000 _B	R/W

5. DMA CONTROLLER (DMAC)

The DMAC module is used to implement direct memory access (DMA) transfer in FR50 series devices.

In a DMA transfer controlled by this module, various types of data can be transferred at high speed without involving the CPU, thus increasing system performance.

(1) Hardware Configuration

The following are the main components of the DMAC module :

- Five independent DMA channels
- 5-channel independent access control circuit
- 32-bit address registers (Reload can be specified : Two registers for each channel.)
- 16-bit transfer count registers (Reload can be specified : One register for each channel.)
- 4-bit block count registers (One register for each channel)
- External transfer request input pins DREQ0, DREQ1, and DREQ2 (only channels 0, 1, and 2)
- External transfer request acceptance output pins DACK0, DACK1, and DACK2 (only channels 0, 1, and 2)
- DMA termination output pins DEOP0, DEOP1, and DEOP2 (only channels 0, 1, and 2)
- Two-cycle transfer

(2) Main Functions

The following are the main functions of data transfer performed by the module :

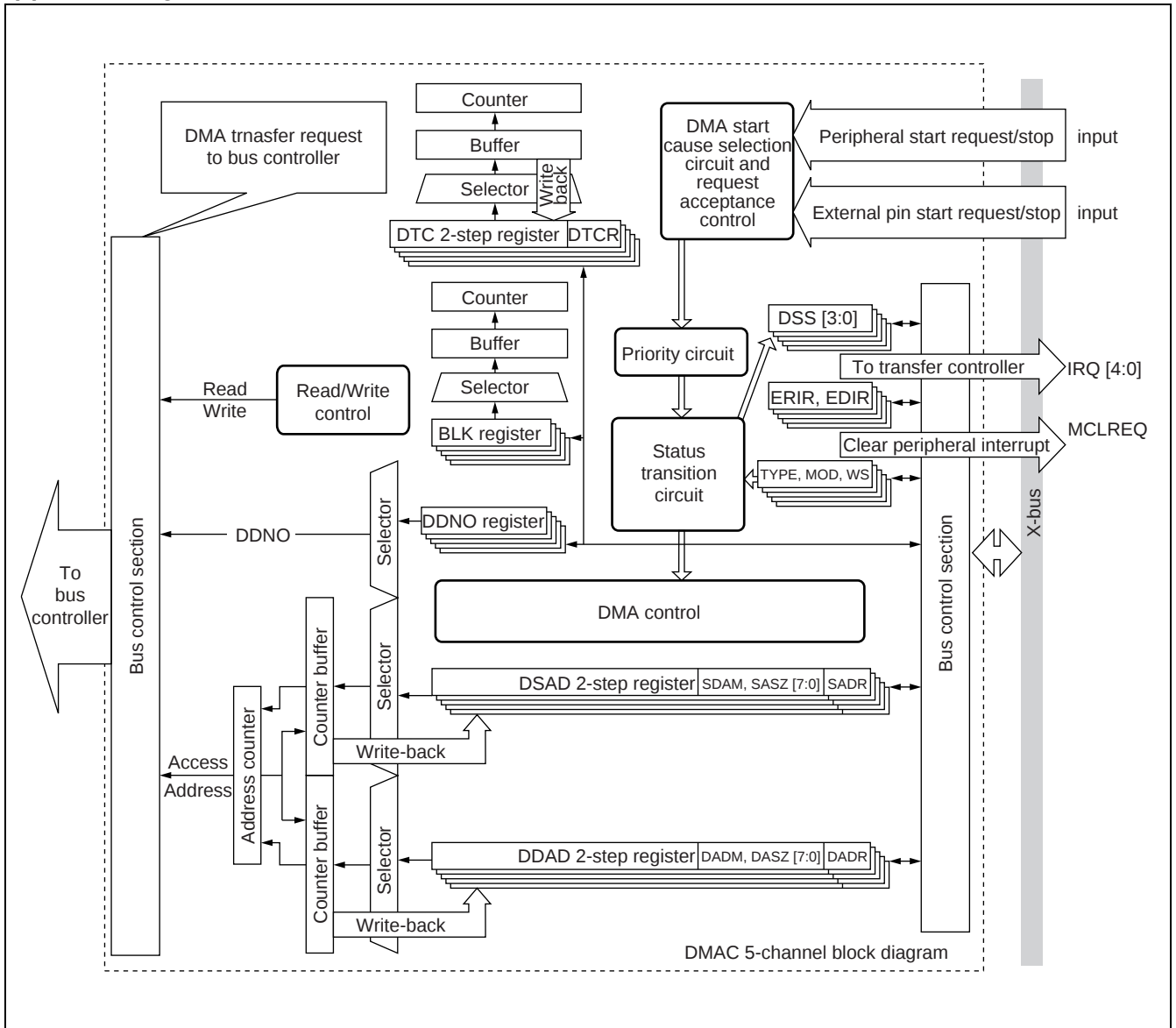
- Independent data transfer in multiple channels is enabled (5 channels) .
 - a : Priority (channel 0 > channel 1 > channel 2 > channel 3 > channel 4)
 - b : Priority can be alternated between channel 0 and channel 1.
 - c : DMAC start cause
 - External-only pin input (edge detection/level detection channels 0 to 2 only)
 - Internal peripheral request (interrupt request is shared, including external interrupts)
 - Software request (register write)
 - d : Transfer mode
 - Demand transfer, burst transfer, step transfer, block transfer
 - Addressing mode 32-bit full address specification (increase, decrease, fixed)
(An address increment/decrement size of -255 to +255 can be specified.)
 - Data types of byte, halfword, and word lengths
 - Single-shot/reload selectable

MB91360G Series

(3) Registers Configuration

Channel 0 control/status register A	DMACA0 0000200H	
Channel 0 control/status register B	DMACB0 0000204H	
Channel 1 control/status register A	DMACA1 0000208H	
Channel 1 control/status register B	DMACB1 000020CH	
Channel 2 control/status register A	DMACA2 0000210H	
Channel 2 control/status register B	DMACB2 0000214H	
Channel 3 control/status register A	DMACA3 0000218H	
Channel 3 control/status register B	DMACB3 000021CH	
Channel 4 control/status register A	DMACA4 0000220H	
Channel 4 control/status register B	DMACB4 0000224H	
Overall control register	DMACR 0000240H	
Channel 0 transfer source address register	DMASA0 0001000H	
Channel 0 transfer destination address register	DMADA0 0001004H	
Channel 1 transfer source address register	DMASA1 0001008H	
Channel 1 transfer destination address register	DMADA1 000100CH	
Channel 2 transfer source address register	DMASA2 0001010H	
Channel 2 transfer destination address register	DMADA2 0001014H	
Channel 3 transfer source address register	DMASA3 0001018H	
Channel 3 transfer destination address register	DMADA3 000101CH	
Channel 4 transfer source address register	DMASA4 0001020H	
Channel 4 transfer destination address register	DMADA4 0001028H	

(4) Block Diagram



MB91360G Series

6. UART

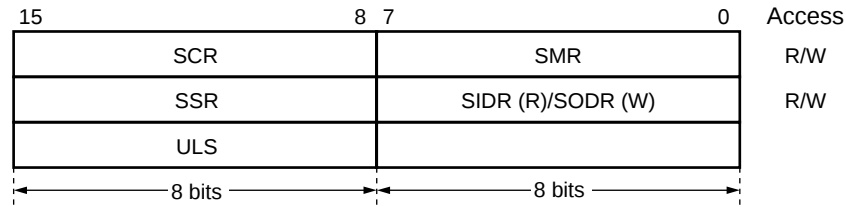
The UART is a serial I/O port for performing asynchronous (stop-start synchronization) communications. The MB91360G series contains three UART channels.

(1) Features

- Full-duplex, double buffering
- Supports asynchronous (stop-start synchronization) communications
- Supports multi-processor mode
- Fully programmable baud rate
The baud rate can be set using an internal timer. (See the U-TIMER section.)
- Supports flexible baud rate setting using an external clock
- Error detection function (parity, framing, overrun)
- Non return to zero (NRZ) transfer signal
- Supports DMA transfer activation using an interrupt

(2) Register Configuration

Register structure



Serial input register (SIDR)

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0

Serial output register (SODR)

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0

Serial status register (SSR)

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
PE	ORE	FRE	RDRF	TDRE	—	RIE	TIE

Serial mode register (SMR)

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
MD1	MD0	—	—	CS0	—	SCKE	—

Serial control register (SCR)

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
PEN	P	SBL	CL	A/D	REC	RXE	TXE

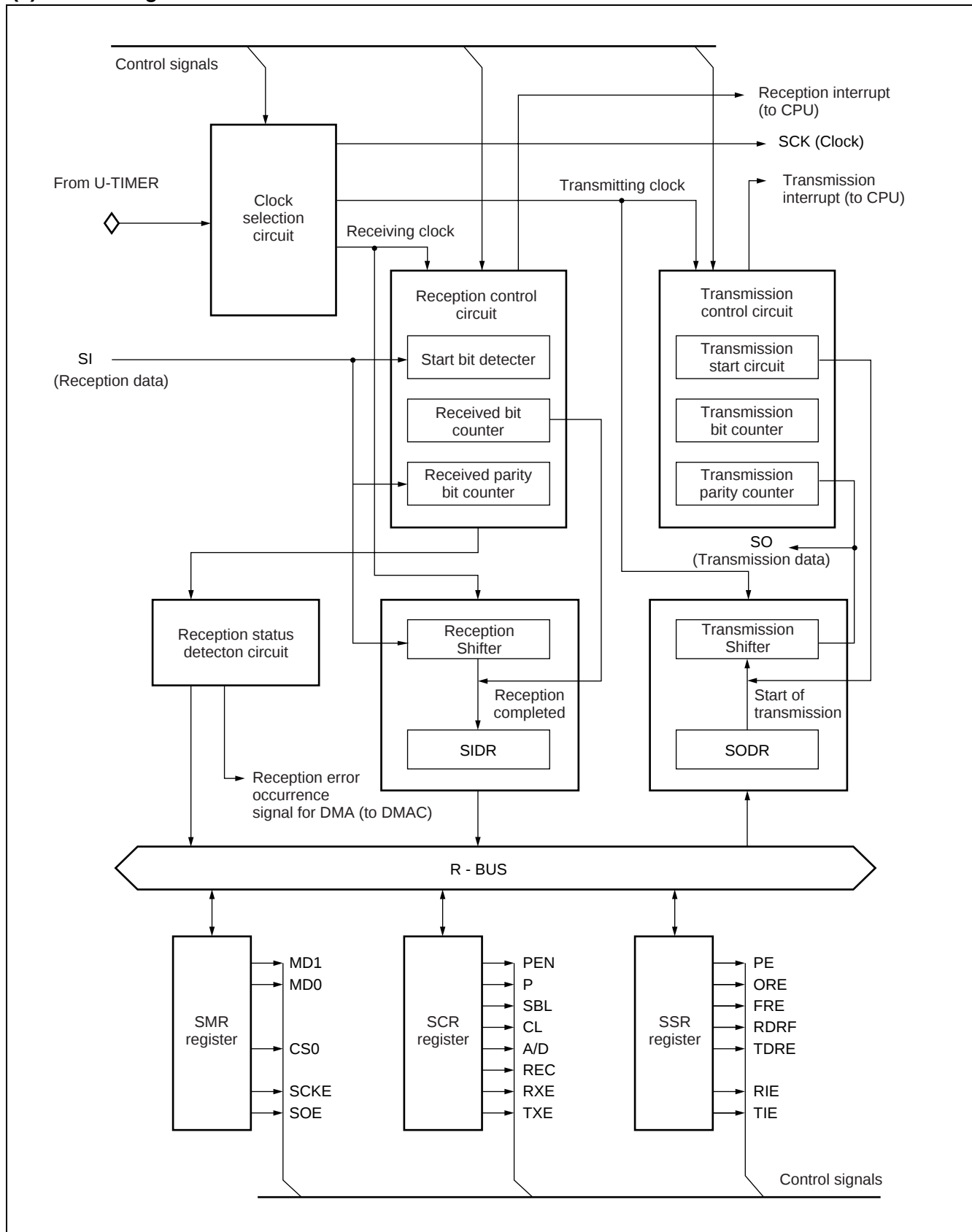
UART level select register (ULS)

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
—	—	—	—	NSDO	NSDI	UTDBL	UDBL

SMR	Address	Bits	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Initial value
	0000 0063 _H		MD1	MD2	Reserved	Reserved	CS0	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	
	0000 006F _H		R/W	R/W			W				← Access
	0000 007B _H										
SCR	Address	Bits	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Initial value
	0000 0062 _H		PEN	P	SBL	CL	A/D	REC	RXE	TXE	
	0000 006E _H		R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	W	R/W	R/W	← Access
	0000 007A _H										

MB91360G Series

(3) Block Diagram

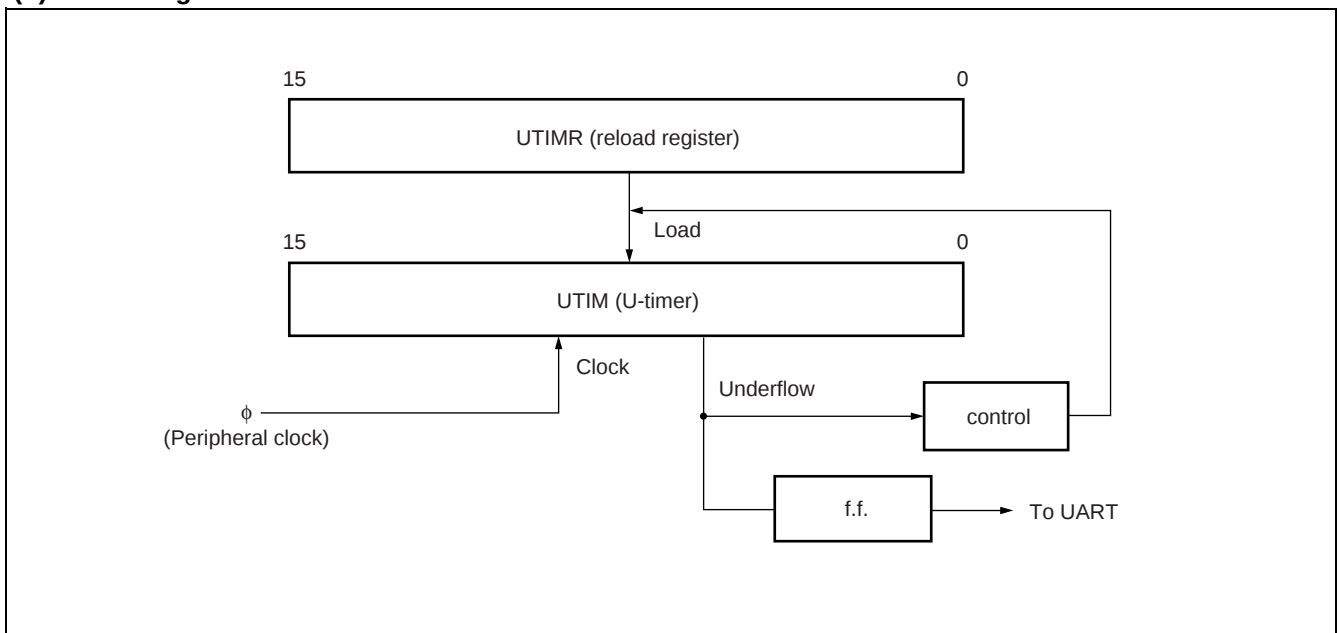


7. U-TIMER (16-bit Timer for UART Baud Rate Generation)

The U-timer (U-TIMER) is a 16-bit timer used to generate the baud rate for the UART. The operating frequency of the chip and the U-TIMER reload value can be combined to set a user-defined baud rate.

The MB91360G series contains three U-TIMER channels. The intervaltimers can count for a maximum of $216 \times \phi$.

(1) Block Diagram



MB91360G Series

(2) Register Configuration

Register structure

15	8	7	0	Access
UTIM				R
UTIMR				W
DRCL		UTIMC		R/W

R : Read,
W : Write

UTIM	Address	Bits	15	14	-----	2	1	0	Initial value	Access	
0-ch	00000068 _H		b15	b14			b2	b1	b0	0	R
1-ch	00000074 _H										
2-ch	00000080 _H										

UTIMR Reload Register

UTIMR	Address	Bits	15	14	-----	2	1	0	Initial value	Access	
0-ch	00000068 _H		b15	b14			b2	b1	b0	0	W
1-ch	00000074 _H										
2-ch	00000080 _H										

UTIMC U Timer Control Register

UTIMC	Address	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Initial value	Access
0-ch	0000006B _H	UCC1	—	—	—	UNDR	Reserved	UTST	UTCR	0---0001	R/W
1-ch	00000077 _H										
2-ch	00000083 _H										

8. PWM TIMER

The PWM (Pulse Width Modulation) timer can output high-precision pulse waves at an arbitrary cycle and pulse width (duty ratio) .

The MB91360G series contains eight PWM timer channels. Each of the channels consists of a 16-bit down-counter, cycle setting register, duty setting register, and pin controller.

The control status register for each channel is used to indicate the operation status of the PWM timer. General control registers 1 and 2 are common registers shared by four channels, serving for input and software triggering.

(1) Features

- The count clock for the 16-bit down-counter can be selected from among the following four types :
Internal clocks : ϕ , $\phi/4$, $\phi/16$, $\phi/64$ (ϕ : Machine clock for peripherals)
- The counter can be initialized to "FFFFH" by a reset or underflow.
The 16-bit down-counter causes an underflow when it changes from "0000H" to "FFFFH".
- Each channel has PWM outputs.
Eight channels : Eight output pins
- Registers
Cycle setting register : Data reload register with buffer
Data transfer from the buffer is performed either when an activation trigger is detected or when the down-counter causes an underflow (cycle match) . The output is inverted at a cycle match.
Duty setting register : Compare register with buffer.
The value set in this register is compared to the counter value. The output is inverted when the values match (duty match) .
- Pin control
A duty match causes a reset to "1" (given priority) .
An underflow causes a reset to "0".
The output value fix mode enables output of all "L" or all "H".
The polarity can also be specified.
- Interrupt requests can be generated by selecting the following interrupt sources :
Activation of the PWM timer (software trigger or trigger input)
Occurrence of an underflow (cycle match)
Occurrence of a duty match
Occurrence of an underflow (cycle match) or duty match
- You can set simultaneous activation of two or more channels using software or another interval timer. You can also set restarting the PWM timer during operation.

MB91360G Series

(2) Register Configuration for Channels 0 to 3

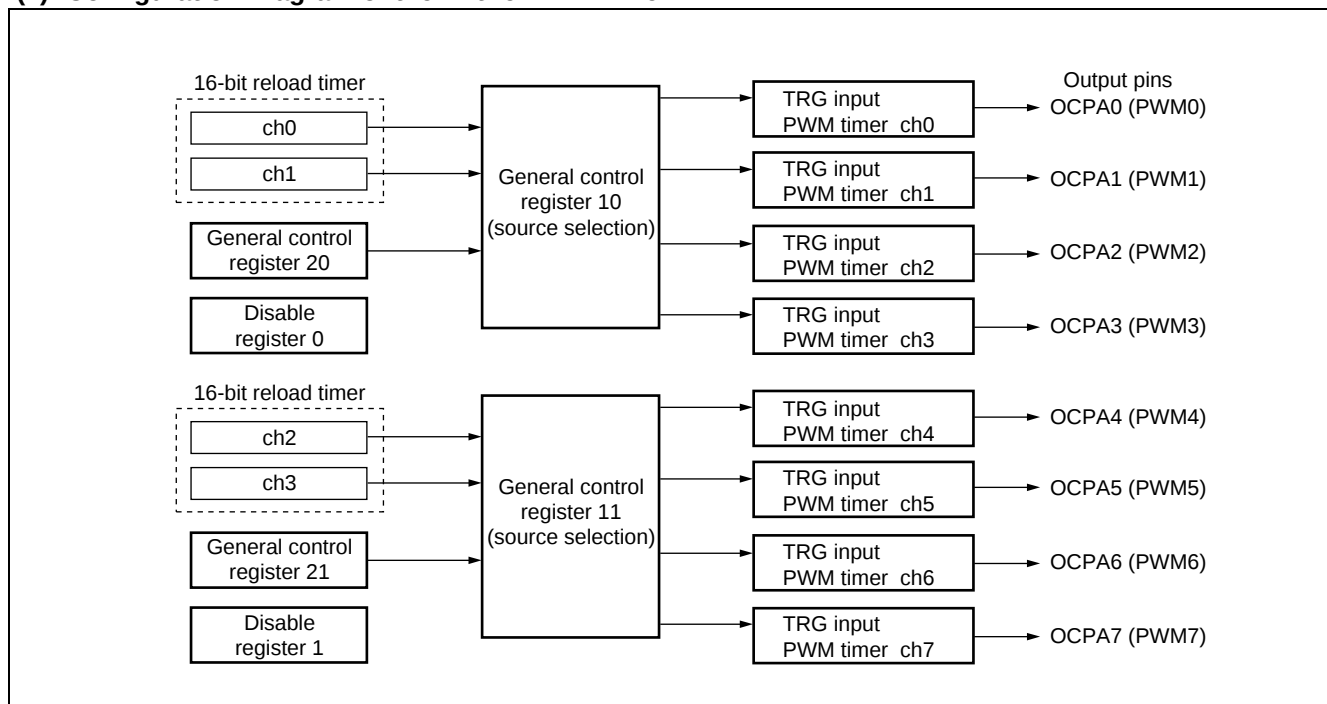
Address	15	Bits 8 7	0	Access	Register name
00000118H	GCN10			R/W	General control register 10
0000011AH	PDBL0	GCN20		R/W	Disable/General control register 20
PWM timer ch 0					
00000120H	PTMR			R	ch0 timer register
00000122H	PCSR			W	ch0 cycle setting register
00000124H	PDUT			W	ch0 duty setting register
00000126H	PCNH	PCNL		R/W	ch0 control status registers
PWM timer ch 1					
00000128H	PTMR			R	ch1 timer register
0000012AH	PCSR			W	ch1 cycle setting register
0000012CH	PDUT			W	ch1 duty setting register
0000012EH	PCNH	PCNL		R/W	ch1 control status registers
PWM timer ch 2					
00000130H	PTMR			R	ch2 timer register
00000132H	PCSR			W	ch2 cycle setting register
00000134H	PDUT			W	ch2 duty setting register
00000136H	PCNH	PCNL		R/W	ch2 control status registers
PWM timer ch 3					
00000138H	PTMR			R	ch3 timer register
0000013AH	PCSR			W	ch3 cycle setting register
0000013CH	PDUT			W	ch3 duty setting register
0000013EH	PCNH	PCNL		R/W	ch3 control status registers

(3) PWM Timer Registers for Channels 4 to 7

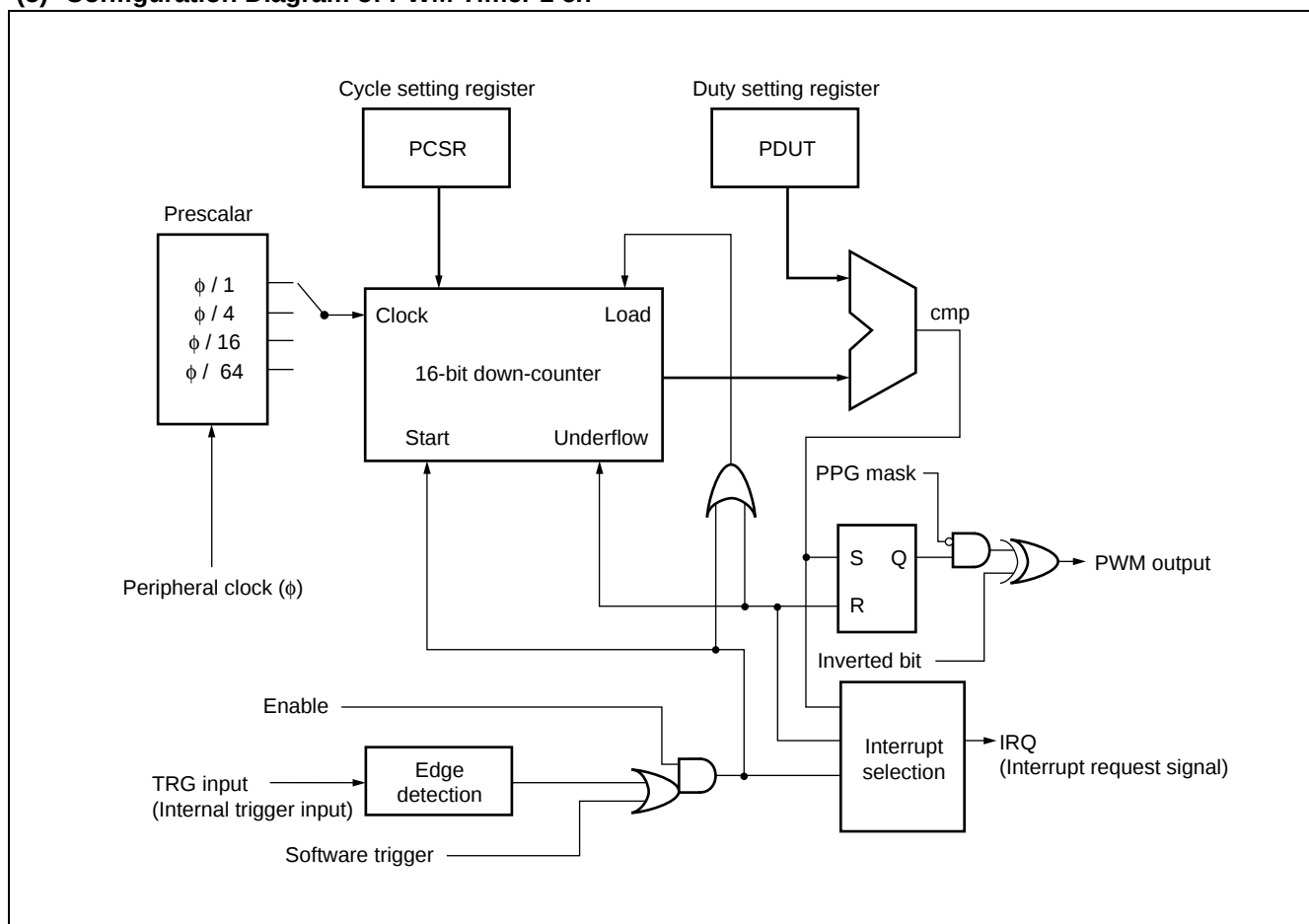
Address	15	Bits 8 7	0	Access	Register name
0000011CH	GCN11			R/W	General control register 11
0000011EH	PDBL1	GCN21		R/W	Disable/General control register 21
PWM timer ch 4					
00000140H	PTMR			R	ch4 timer register
00000142H	PCSR			W	ch4 cycle setting register
00000144H	PDUT			W	ch4 duty setting register
00000146H	PCNH	PCNL		R/W	ch4 control status registers
PWM timer ch 5					
00000148H	PTMR			R	ch5 timer register
0000014AH	PCSR			W	ch5 cycle setting register
0000014CH	PDUT			W	ch5 duty setting register
0000014EH	PCNH	PCNL		R/W	ch5 control status registers
PWM timer ch 6					
00000150H	PTMR			R	ch6 timer register
00000152H	PCSR			W	ch6 cycle setting register
00000154H	PDUT			W	ch6 duty setting register
00000156H	PCNH	PCNL		R/W	ch6 control status registers
PWM timer ch 7					
00000158H	PTMR			R	ch7 timer register
0000015AH	PCSR			W	ch7 cycle setting register
0000015CH	PDUT			W	ch7 duty setting register
0000015EH	PCNH	PCNL		R/W	ch7 control status registers

MB91360G Series

(4) Configuration Diagram of the Entire PWM Timer



(5) Configuration Diagram of PWM Timer 1 ch



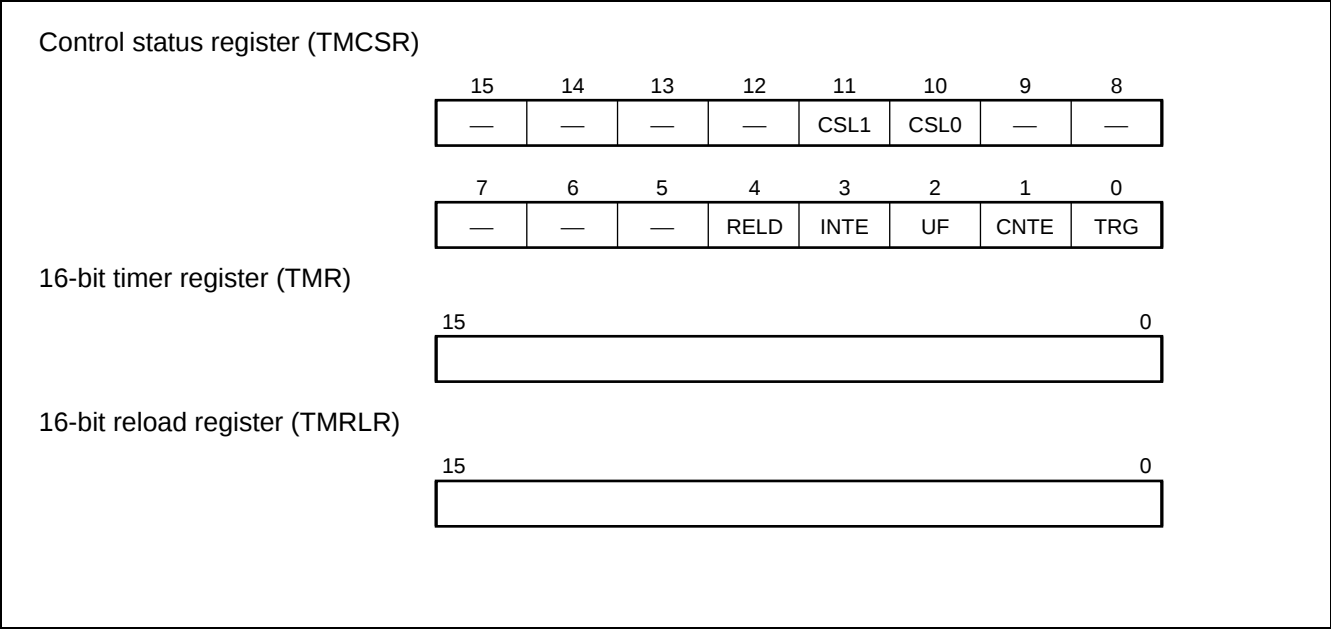
9. 16-BIT RELOAD TIMER

Each 16-bit reload timer consists of a 16-bit down-counter, a 16-bit reload register, a prescaler for generating the internal count clock, and a control register.

The 16-bit reload timer can also activate DMA transfer using interrupts.

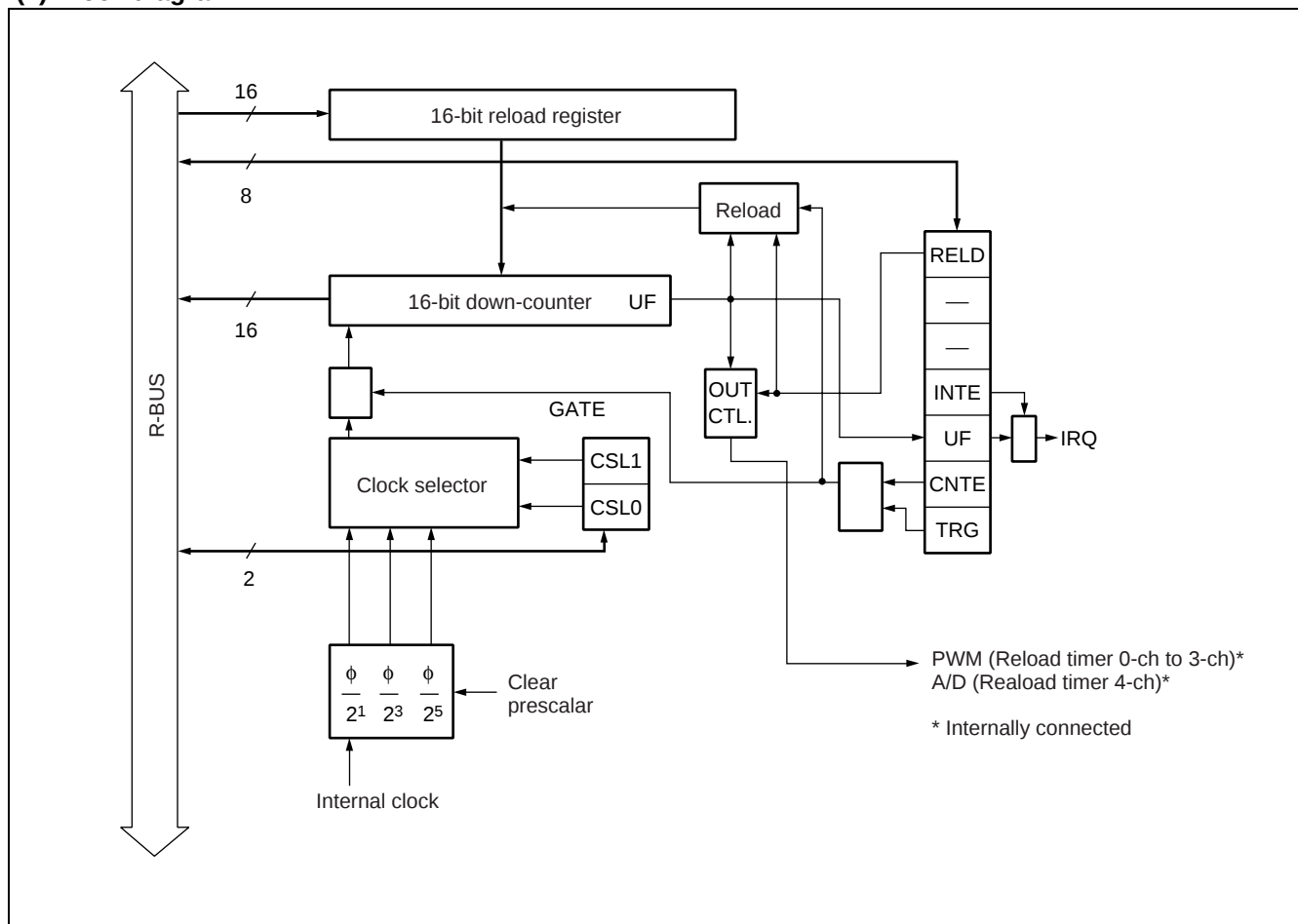
The MB91360G series contains six 16-bit reload timer channels.

(1) 16 bit Reloard Timer Register Configuration



MB91360G Series

(2) Block diagram



10. BIT SEARCH MODULE

The bit search module searches for a “0”, “1”, or change-point in the data written to the input register and returns the position of the detected bit.

This section describes the data register for detecting zeros (BSD0) , data register for detecting ones (BSD1) , data register for detecting change-points (BSDC) , and detection result register (BSRR) .

a : Data register for detecting zeros (BSD0)

Address	31	Register structure	0	Initial value	Access
0000 03F0H				Indeterminate	W

b : Data register for detecting ones (BSD1)

Address	31	Register structure	0	Initial value	Access
0000 03F4H				Indeterminate	R/W

c : Data register for detecting change points (BSDC)

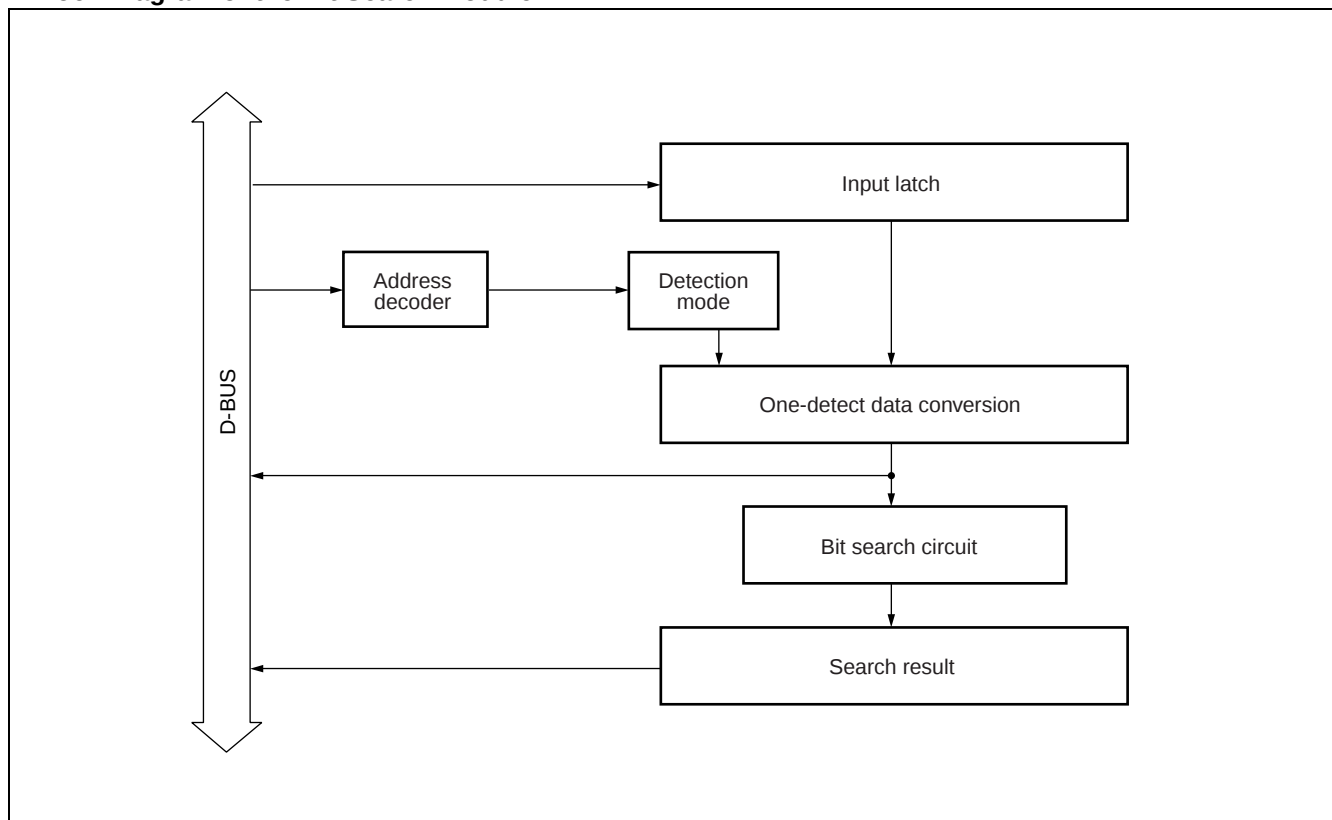
Address	31	Register structure	0	Initial value	Access
0000 03F8H				Indeterminate	W

d : Detection Result Register (BSRR)

Address	31	Register structure	0	Initial value	Access
0000 03FCH				Indeterminate	R

MB91360G Series

• Block Diagram of the Bit Search Module



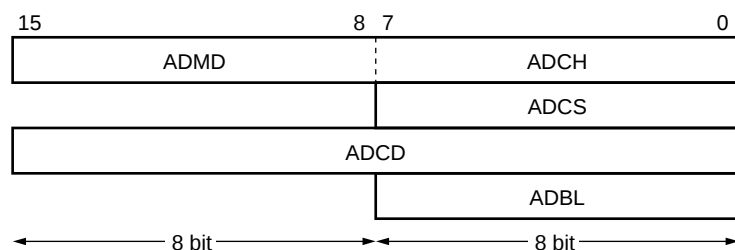
11. 10-BIT A/D CONVERTER (Successive Approximation Conversion Type)

This section provides an overview of the A/D converter, describes the register structure and functions, and describes the operation of the A/D converter.

A/D Converter converts analog input voltage into digital values, and provides the following features.

- Conversion time : minimum 178 cycles (32 MHz : 5.6 μ s, 24 MHz : 7.4 μ s, 16 MHz : 11.2 μ s) per channel
- RC type successive approximation conversion with sample & hold circuit
- 10-bit resolution
- Program selection analog input from 16 channels
 - Single conversion mode : conversion of one selected channel
 - Scan conversion mode : continuous conversion of multiple channels, programmable for up to 16 channels
 - Single conversion mode : Convert the specified channel once only.
- Continuous mode : Repeatedly convert the specified channels.
- Stop mode : Convert one channel then temporarily halt until the next activation.
(Enables synchronization of the conversion start timing.)
- A/D conversion can be followed by an A/D conversion interrupt request to CPU. This interrupt, an option that is ideal for continuous processing can be used to start a DMA transfer of the results of A/D conversion to memory.
- Startup may be by software, external trigger (falling edge) or timer (rising edge)

MB91360G Series



Channel setting register (ADCH)

bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Address : 00009D _H	ANS3	ANS2	ANS1	ANS0	ANE3	ANE2	ANE1	ANE0

Mode register (ADMD)

bit	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8
Address : 00009C _H	—	—	—	—	MOD1	MOD0	STS1	STS0

Control status register (ADCS)

bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Address : 00009F _H	BUSY	INT	INTE	PAUS	—	—	STRT	Reserved

Data register (ADCD)

bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Address : 0000A1 _H	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0

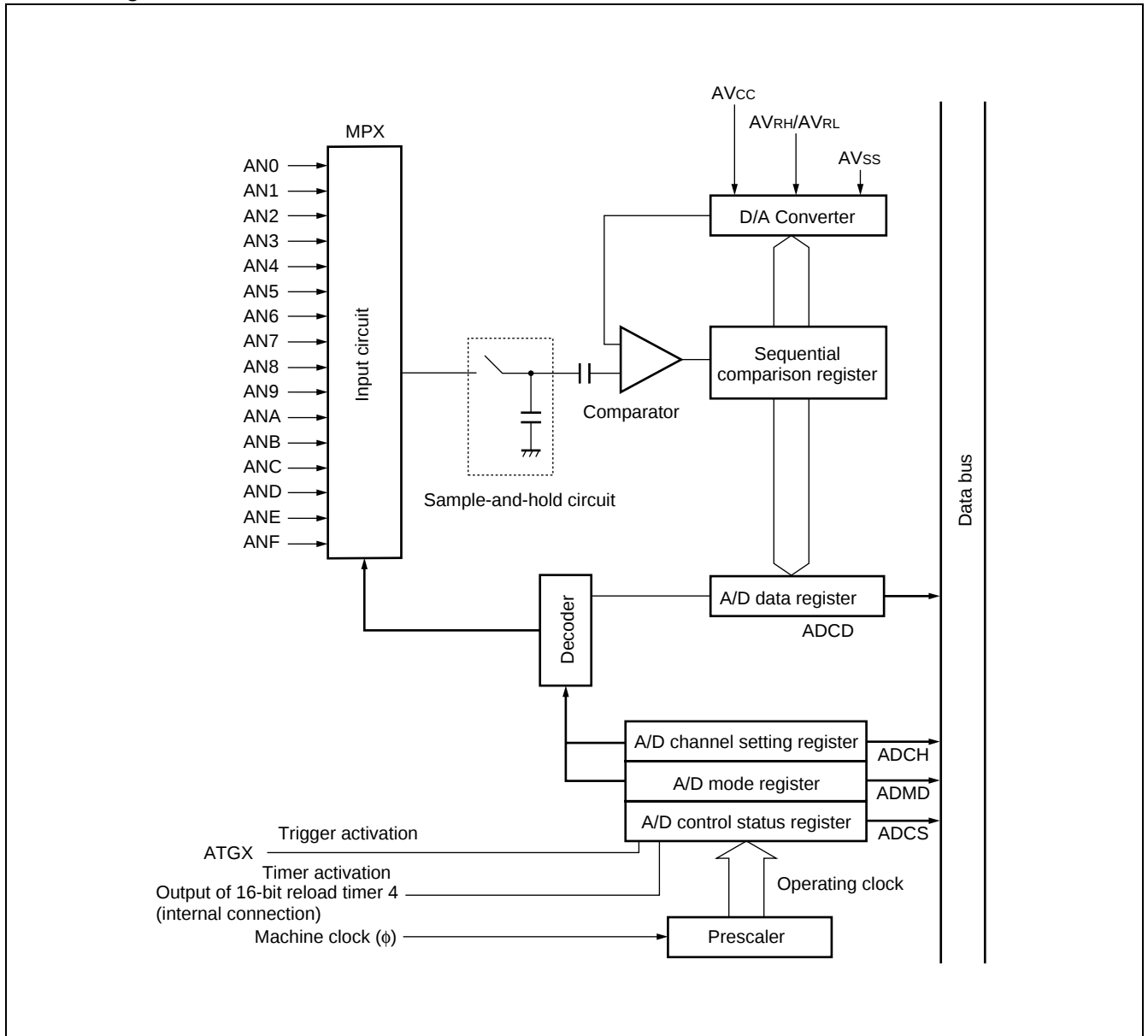
bit	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8
Address : 0000A0 _H	—	—	—	—	—	—	D9	D8

Disable register (ADBL)

bit	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8
Address : 0000A3 _H	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	DBL

MB91360G Series

• Block Diagram



MB91360G Series

12. INTERRUPT CONTROLLER

An interrupt controller controls interrupt acceptance and arbitration processing.

Hardware configuration

This module consists of the following :

- ICR register
- Interrupt priority evaluation circuit
- Interrupt level and interrupt number (vector) generator
- Hold request cancel request generator

Major functions

This module has the following major functions :

- Detecting an NMI request or interrupt request
- Priority evaluation (using the level or number)
- Transferring the level of the interrupt cause in the evaluation result (to the CPU)
- Transferring the number of the interrupt cause in the evaluation result (to the CPU)
- Instructing recovery from stop mode due to an NMI or interrupt level other than 11111 (to the CPU)
- Generating a hold request cancel request for the bus master

MB91360G Series

(1) Register Configuration

	bit 7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
Address : 00000440H	—	—	—	ICR4	ICR3	ICR2	ICR1	ICR0	ICR00
Address : 00000441H	—	—	—	ICR4	ICR3	ICR2	ICR1	ICR0	ICR01
Address : 00000442H	—	—	—	ICR4	ICR3	ICR2	ICR1	ICR0	ICR02
Address : 00000443H	—	—	—	ICR4	ICR3	ICR2	ICR1	ICR0	ICR03
Address : 00000444H	—	—	—	ICR4	ICR3	ICR2	ICR1	ICR0	ICR04
Address : 00000445H	—	—	—	ICR4	ICR3	ICR2	ICR1	ICR0	ICR05
Address : 00000446H	—	—	—	ICR4	ICR3	ICR2	ICR1	ICR0	ICR06
Address : 00000447H	—	—	—	ICR4	ICR3	ICR2	ICR1	ICR0	ICR07
Address : 00000448H	—	—	—	ICR4	ICR3	ICR2	ICR1	ICR0	ICR08
Address : 00000449H	—	—	—	ICR4	ICR3	ICR2	ICR1	ICR0	ICR09
Address : 0000044AH	—	—	—	ICR4	ICR3	ICR2	ICR1	ICR0	ICR10
Address : 0000044BH	—	—	—	ICR4	ICR3	ICR2	ICR1	ICR0	ICR11
Address : 0000044CH	—	—	—	ICR4	ICR3	ICR2	ICR1	ICR0	ICR12
Address : 0000044DH	—	—	—	ICR4	ICR3	ICR2	ICR1	ICR0	ICR13
Address : 0000044EH	—	—	—	ICR4	ICR3	ICR2	ICR1	ICR0	ICR14
Address : 0000044FH	—	—	—	ICR4	ICR3	ICR2	ICR1	ICR0	ICR15
Address : 00000450H	—	—	—	ICR4	ICR3	ICR2	ICR1	ICR0	ICR16
Address : 00000451H	—	—	—	ICR4	ICR3	ICR2	ICR1	ICR0	ICR17
Address : 00000452H	—	—	—	ICR4	ICR3	ICR2	ICR1	ICR0	ICR18
Address : 00000453H	—	—	—	ICR4	ICR3	ICR2	ICR1	ICR0	ICR19
Address : 00000454H	—	—	—	ICR4	ICR3	ICR2	ICR1	ICR0	ICR20
Address : 00000455H	—	—	—	ICR4	ICR3	ICR2	ICR1	ICR0	ICR21
Address : 00000456H	—	—	—	ICR4	ICR3	ICR2	ICR1	ICR0	ICR22
Address : 00000457H	—	—	—	ICR4	ICR3	ICR2	ICR1	ICR0	ICR23
Address : 00000458H	—	—	—	ICR4	ICR3	ICR2	ICR1	ICR0	ICR24
Address : 00000459H	—	—	—	ICR4	ICR3	ICR2	ICR1	ICR0	ICR25
Address : 0000045AH	—	—	—	ICR4	ICR3	ICR2	ICR1	ICR0	ICR26
Address : 0000045BH	—	—	—	ICR4	ICR3	ICR2	ICR1	ICR0	ICR27
Address : 0000045CH	—	—	—	ICR4	ICR3	ICR2	ICR1	ICR0	ICR28
Address : 0000045DH	—	—	—	ICR4	ICR3	ICR2	ICR1	ICR0	ICR29
Address : 0000045EH	—	—	—	ICR4	ICR3	ICR2	ICR1	ICR0	ICR30
Address : 0000045FH	—	—	—	ICR4	ICR3	ICR2	ICR1	ICR0	ICR31
				R	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	

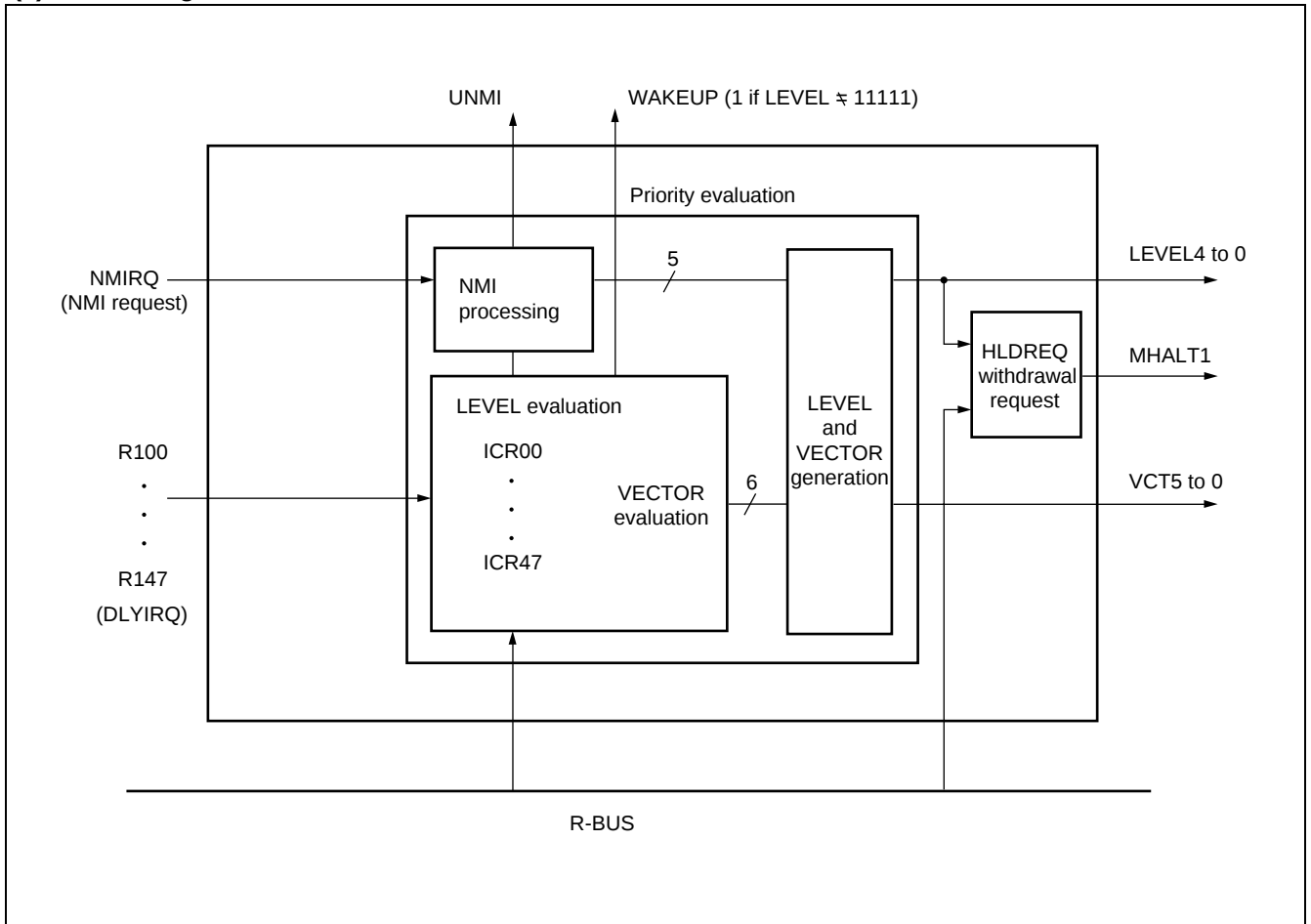
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MB91360G Series

(Continued)

	bit 7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
Address : 00000460H	—	—	—	ICR4	ICR3	ICR2	ICR1	ICR0	ICR32
Address : 00000461H	—	—	—	ICR4	ICR3	ICR2	ICR1	ICR0	ICR33
Address : 00000462H	—	—	—	ICR4	ICR3	ICR2	ICR1	ICR0	ICR34
Address : 00000463H	—	—	—	ICR4	ICR3	ICR2	ICR1	ICR0	ICR35
Address : 00000464H	—	—	—	ICR4	ICR3	ICR2	ICR1	ICR0	ICR36
Address : 00000465H	—	—	—	ICR4	ICR3	ICR2	ICR1	ICR0	ICR37
Address : 00000466H	—	—	—	ICR4	ICR3	ICR2	ICR1	ICR0	ICR38
Address : 00000467H	—	—	—	ICR4	ICR3	ICR2	ICR1	ICR0	ICR39
Address : 00000468H	—	—	—	ICR4	ICR3	ICR2	ICR1	ICR0	ICR40
Address : 00000469H	—	—	—	ICR4	ICR3	ICR2	ICR1	ICR0	ICR41
Address : 0000046AH	—	—	—	ICR4	ICR3	ICR2	ICR1	ICR0	ICR42
Address : 0000046BH	—	—	—	ICR4	ICR3	ICR2	ICR1	ICR0	ICR43
Address : 0000046CH	—	—	—	ICR4	ICR3	ICR2	ICR1	ICR0	ICR44
Address : 0000046DH	—	—	—	ICR4	ICR3	ICR2	ICR1	ICR0	ICR45
Address : 0000046EH	—	—	—	ICR4	ICR3	ICR2	ICR1	ICR0	ICR46
Address : 0000046FH	—	—	—	ICR4	ICR3	ICR2	ICR1	ICR0	ICR47
				R	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	
Address : 00000045H	MHALTI	—	—	LVL4	LVL3	LVL2	LVL1	LVL0	HRCL
	R/W			R	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	

(2) Block Diagram



MB91360G Series

13. EXTERNAL INTERRUPT/NMI CONTROL BLOCK

The external interrupt/NMI controller controls external interrupt requests input from the NMI and INT0 to INT7 pins.

Detection of “H” levels, “L” levels, rising edges, or falling edges can be selected (except for the NMI) .

The external interrupt/NMI controller can also be used for DMA requests.

This section lists the registers of the controller and provides its block diagram.

(1) Register configuration of the External Interrupt NMI Controller

External interruption permission register (ENIR)

Bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
	EN7	EN6	EN5	EN4	EN3	EN2	EN1	EN0

External interruption factors register (EIRR)

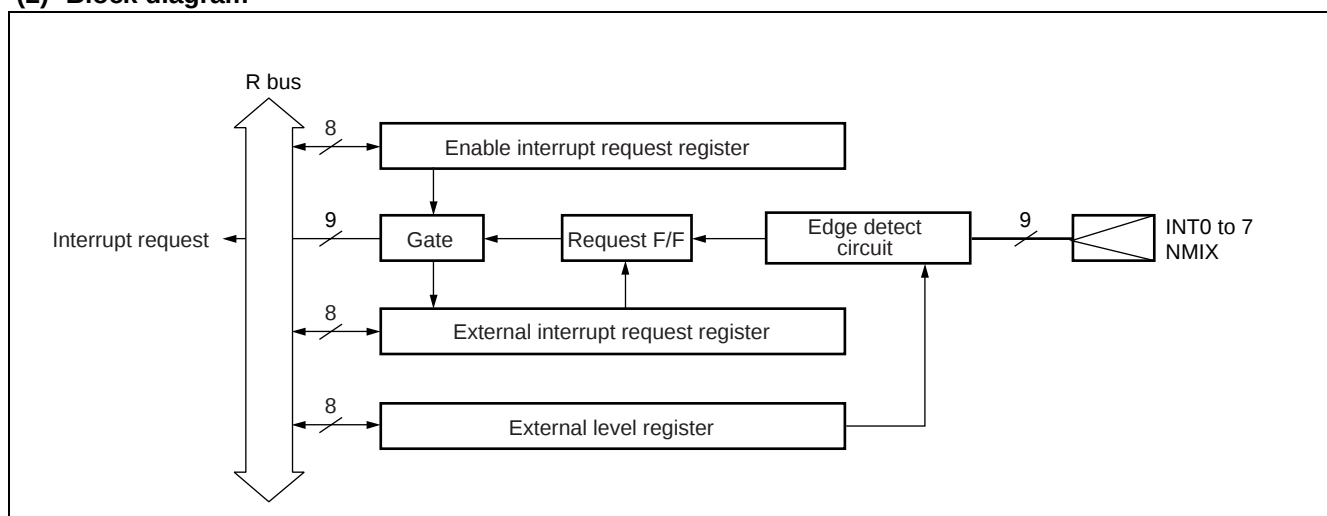
Bit	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8
	ER7	ER6	ER5	ER4	ER3	ER2	ER1	ER0

Request level setting register (ELVR)

Bit	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8
	LB7	LA7	LB6	LA6	LB5	LA5	LB4	LA4

Bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
	LB3	LA3	LB2	LA2	LB1	LA1	LB0	LA0

(2) Block diagram



14. DELAYED INTERRUPT

Delayed Interrupt Control Register (DICR)

The delayed interrupt control register (DICR) is a delayed interrupt generator register and is used to generate the task switching interrupt.

Structure of the DICR

Address	Bits	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Initial value
00000044 _H		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	DLYI	----- 0
									R/W	← Access

MB91360G Series

15. CLOCK GENERATION

The MB91V360 generates internal operating clocks as follows :

- Base clock generation : Device scales clock source input by 2 (X clock) or oscillates base clock with PLL to generate basic clock (PLL clock)
- Generation of each internal clock : Device scales base clock to generate clocks supplied to each block

Generation and control of each clock are explained below.

Some devices allow the operation of the RTC module based on a separate 32 kHz subclock. See the section about subclock operation for more details.

(1) Register Configuration

RSRR : Reset Source Register, Watchdog Timer Control Register

bit	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8
address : 00000480 _H	INIT	HSTB	WDOG	ERST	SRST	—	WT1	WT0
access	R	R	R	R	R	—	R/W	R/W
Initial Value (INITX)	1	0	0	0	0	—	0	0
Initial Value (INIT)	*	*	*	X	X	—	0	0
Initial Value (RST)	X	X	X	*	*	—	0	0
After Boot ROM **	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

* : varies with reset factor

x : not initialized

** : After execution of the program in the internal boot ROM the reset source is visible

STCR : Standby Control Register

bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
address : 00000481 _H	STOP	SLEEP	HIZ	SRST	OS1	OS0	OSCD2	OSCD1
access	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W
Initial Value (INITX)	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1
Initial Value (HSTX) *	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
Initial Value (INIT)	0	0	1	1	X	X	1	1
Initial Value (RST)	0	0	X	1	X	X	X	X

* : Valid only when this initialization is performed simultaneously with initialization by INITX : others same as INIT.

(Continued)

TBCR : Time-based counter control register

bit	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8
address : 00000482 _H	TBIF	TBIE	TBC2	TBC1	TBC0	—	SYNCR	SYNCS
Initial Value (INIT)	0	0	X	X	X	X	0	0
Initial Value (RST)	0	0	X	X	X	X	X	X
	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W

CTBR : Time-based counter clear register

bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
address : 00000483 _H	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
Initial Value (INIT)	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Initial Value (RST)	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W

CLKR : Clock source control register

bit	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8
address : 00000484 _H	PLL2S0	PLL1S2	PLL1S1	PLL1S0	PLL2EN	PLL1EN	CLKS1	CLKS0
Initial Value (INIT)	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Initial Value (RST)	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X

WPR Watchdog reset generation postponement register

bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
address : 00000485 _H	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
Initial Value (INIT)	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W
	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Initial Value (RST)	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X

DIVR0 : Base clock division setting register 0

bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
address : 00000486 _H	B3	B2	B1	B0	P3	P2	P1	P0
Initial Value (INIT)	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W
	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
Initial Value (RST)	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X

DIVR1 : Base clock division setting register 1

bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
address : 00000487 _H	T3	T2	T1	T0	S3	S2	S1	S0
Initial Value (INIT)	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Initial Value (RST)	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X

(Continued)

MB91360G Series

(Continued)

CMCR : Clock Control for CAN Modules

address	bit 15	bit 14	bit 13	bit 12	bit 11	bit 10	bit 9	bit 8	initial
0164 _H	PRE7	PRE6	PRE5	PRE4	PRE3	PRE2	PRE1	PRE0	11111111

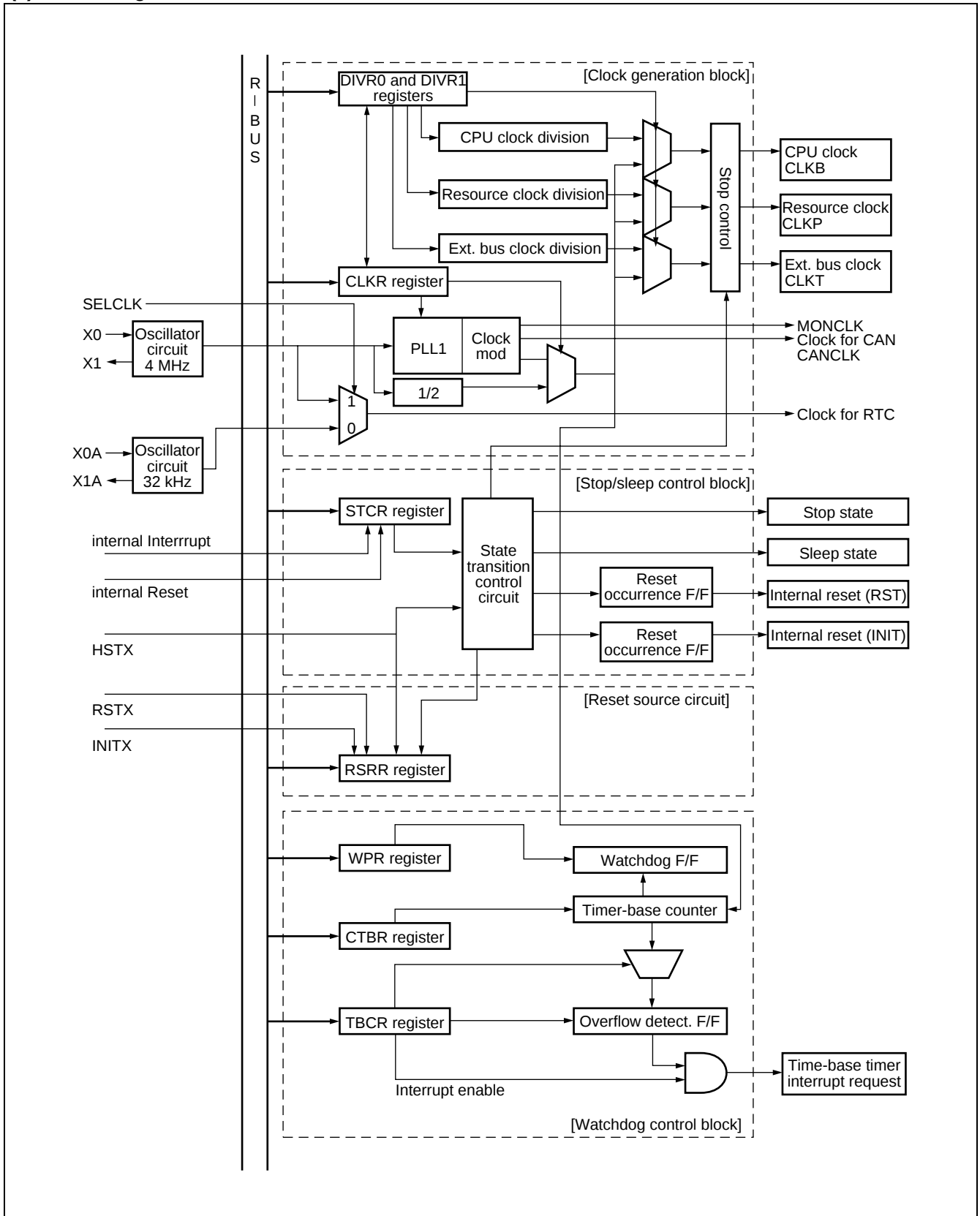
address	bit 7	bit 6	bit 5	bit 4	bit 3	bit 2	bit 1	bit 0	initial
0165 _H	PRES	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	00000000

Subclock RTC32 (CLKR2)

This register is used to control the RTC32 mode bit for use in subclock system.

address	bit 15	bit 14	bit 13	bit 12	bit 11	bit 10	bit 9	bit 8
000046 _H	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	RTC32
access						R/W	R/W	R/W
initial value						0	0	0

(2) Block Diagram



MB91360G Series

16. BUS INTERFACE

The external bus interface controls the interfaces with the external memory and external I/Os.

- Up to 32-bit (4 GB) address output.
- Up to eight independent banks provided by chip-select function
The banks can be set in 64-KB (minimum) at any position in the logic address space.
Can be set to no area
- 32/16/8 bit bus width setup can be performed for each chip-select area.
- Programmable automatic memory wait (up to 7 cycles) insertion
- Unused address/data pins can be used as I/O ports. (But see notes below)

Note : Chip Select Area CS7 is used for the internal CAN modules. The necessary register settings are done by an internal boot routine. Take care not to overwrite register bits related to this CS area.
If the CAN macros which are connected internally to the external bus (also called User Logic Bus) are used, a certain number of data, address and control ports of the external bus interface cannot be configured as general purpose IO ports.

(1) Register Configuration

Area select Registers (ASR0 to ASR7)

ASR0	15	14	13	12	...	2	1	0	Initial value	Access
00000640 _H	A31	A30	A29	...	...	A18	A17	A16	INIT 0000 _H RST 0000 _H	W
ASR1	15	14	13	12	...	2	1	0	Initial value	Access
00000644 _H	A31	A30	A29	...	...	A18	A17	A16	INIT 0000 _H RST XXXX _H	W
ASR2	15	14	13	12	...	2	1	0	Initial value	Access
00000648 _H	A31	A30	A29	...	...	A18	A17	A16	INIT 0000 _H RST XXXX _H	W
ASR3	15	14	13	12	...	2	1	0	Initial value	Access
0000064C _H	A31	A30	A29	...	...	A18	A17	A16	INIT 0000 _H RST XXXX _H	W
ASR4	15	14	13	12	...	2	1	0	Initial value	Access
00000650 _H	A31	A30	A29	...	...	A18	A17	A16	INIT 0000 _H RST XXXX _H	W
ASR5	15	14	13	12	...	2	1	0	Initial value	Access
00000654 _H	A31	A30	A29	...	...	A18	A17	A16	INIT 0000 _H RST XXXX _H	W
ASR6	15	14	13	12	...	2	1	0	Initial value	Access
00000658 _H	A31	A30	A29	...	...	A18	A17	A16	INIT 0000 _H RST XXXX _H	W
ASR7	15	14	13	12	...	2	1	0	Initial value	Access
0000065C _H	A31	A30	A29	...	...	A18	A17	A16	INIT 0000 _H RST XXXX _H	W

After execution of the code in the initial boot ROM ASR0 is set to "0x20", and ASR7 to "0x10".

(Continued)

MB91360G Series

(Continued)

Area Mask Register (AMR0 to AMR7)

AMR0	15	14	13	12	...	2	1	0	Initial value	Access
00000642 _H	A31	A30	A29	...	...	A18	A17	A16	INIT RST FFFF _H FFFF _H	W
AMR1	15	14	13	12	...	2	1	0	Initial value	Access
00000646 _H	A31	A30	A29	...	...	A18	A17	A16	INIT RST 0000 _H XXXX _H	W
AMR2	15	14	13	12	...	2	1	0	Initial value	Access
0000064A _H	A31	A30	A29	...	...	A18	A17	A16	INIT RST 0000 _H XXXX _H	W
AMR3	15	14	13	12	...	2	1	0	Initial value	Access
0000064E _H	A31	A30	A29	...	...	A18	A17	A16	INIT RST 0000 _H XXXX _H	W
AMR4	15	14	13	12	...	2	1	0	Initial value	Access
0000652 _H	A31	A30	A29	...	...	A18	A17	A16	INIT RST 0000 _H XXXX _H	W
AMR5	15	14	13	12	...	2	1	0	Initial value	Access
00000656 _H	A31	A30	A29	...	...	A18	A17	A16	INIT RST 0000 _H XXXX _H	W
AMR6	15	14	13	12	...	2	1	0	Initial value	Access
0000065A _H	A31	A30	A29	...	...	A18	A17	A16	INIT RST 0000 _H XXXX _H	W
AMR7	15	14	13	12	...	2	1	0	Initial value	Access
0000065E _H	A31	A30	A29	...	...	A18	A17	A16	INIT RST 0000 _H XXXX _H	W

Area Mode Registers (AMD0 to AMD7)

00000660 _H	—	—	RDYE	BW1	BW0	WTC2	WTC1	WTC0	00000111 _B	R / W
-----------------------	---	---	------	-----	-----	------	------	------	-----------------------	-------

CHE (CaChe Enable register)

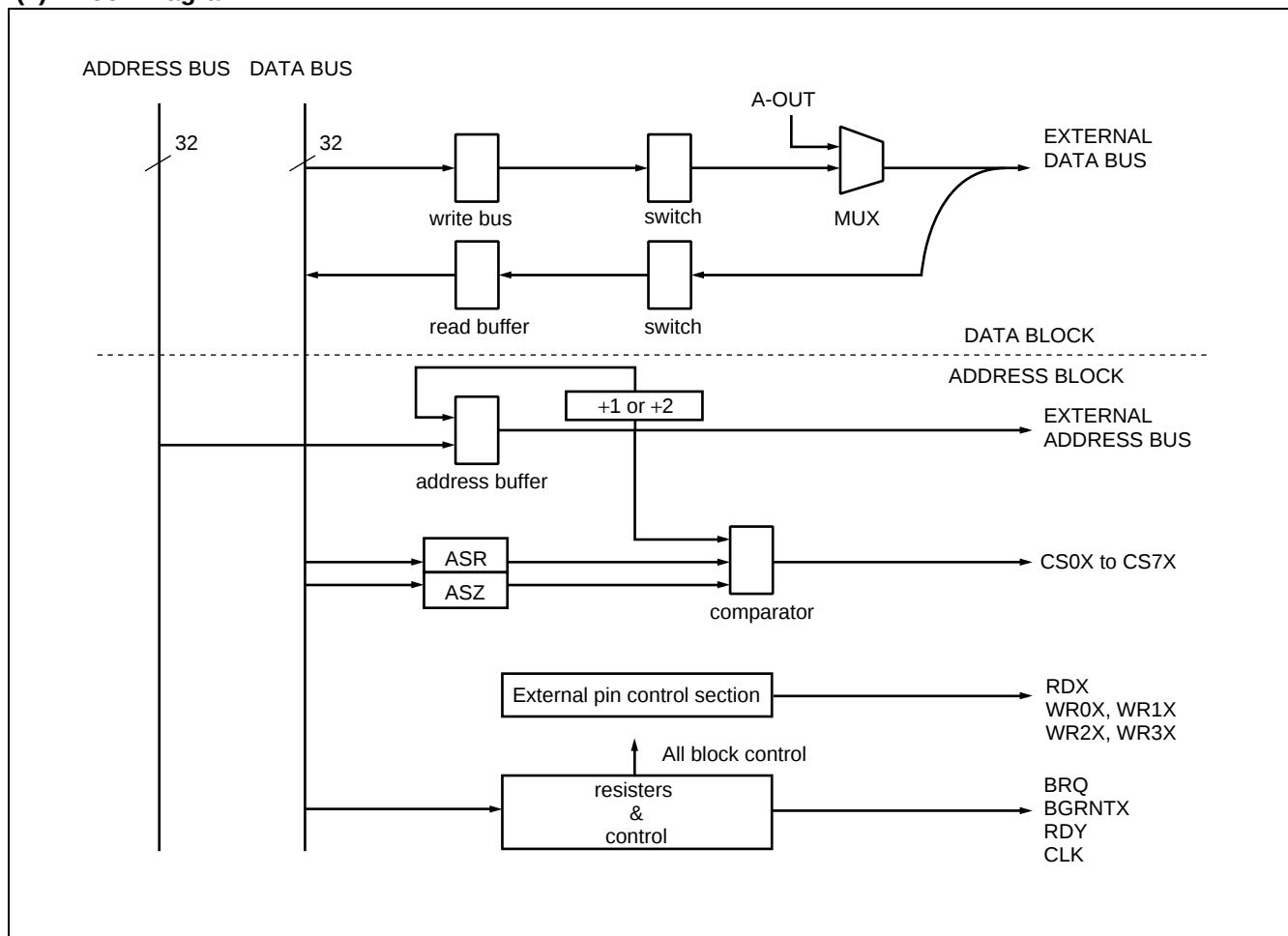
00000670 _H	CHE7	CHE6	CHE5	CHE4	CHE3	CHE2	CHE1	CHE0	11111111 _B	R / W
-----------------------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	-----------------------	-------

CSE (Chip Select Enable register)

00000668 _H	CSE7	CSE6	CSE5	CSE4	CSE3	CSE2	CSE1	CSE0	00000001 _B	R / W
-----------------------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	-----------------------	-------

MB91360G Series

(2) Block Diagram



17. CAN CONTROLLER

This section provides an overview of the CAN Interface, describes the register structure and functions, and describes the operation of the CAN Interface.

The CAN controller is a module built into a MB91360G series. The CAN (Controller Area Network) is the standard protocol for serial communication between automobile controllers and is widely used in industrial applications.

The CAN controller has the following features :

- Conforms to CAN Specification Version 2.0 Part A and B
 - Supports transmission/reception in standard frame and extended frame formats
- Supports transmitting of data frames by receiving remote frames
- 16 transmitting/receiving message buffers
 - 29-bit ID and 8-byte data
 - Multi-level message buffer configuration
- Supports full-bit comparison, full-bit mask and partial bit mask filtering.
 - Two acceptance mask registers in either standard frame format or extended frame formats
- Bit rate programmable from 10 Kbits/s to 1 Mbits/s (when input clock is at 16 MHz)

The following sections only describe CAN 0. For the addresses of the registers of the other CAN channels see the IO-Map.

The address shown assume that the CS7 area is defined as described in the chapter about the internal Boot ROM.

MB91360G Series

(1) List of Control Registers

List of Control Registers (1)

Address	Register	Abbreviation	Access	Initial Value
CAN0				
100000 _H	Message buffer valid register	BVALR0	R/W	00000000 00000000
100001 _H				
100002 _H	Transmit request register	TREQR0	R/W	00000000 00000000
100003 _H				
100004 _H	Transmit cancel register	TCANR0	W	00000000 00000000
100005 _H				
100006 _H	Transmit complete register	TCR0	R/W	00000000 00000000
100007 _H				
100008 _H	Receive complete register	RCR0	R/W	00000000 00000000
100009 _H				
10000A _H	Remote request receiving register	RRTRR0	R/W	00000000 00000000
10000B _H				
10000C _H	Receive overrun register	ROVRR0	R/W	00000000 00000000
10000D _H				
10000E _H	Receive interrupt enable register	RIER0	R/W	00000000 00000000
10000F _H				
100010 _H	Control status register	CSR0	R/W, R	00 --- 000 0 ---- 0 - 1
100011 _H				
100012 _H	Last event indicator register	LEIR0	R/W	----- 000 - 0000
100013 _H				
100014 _H	Receive/transmit error counter	RTEC0	R	00000000 00000000
100015 _H				
100016 _H	Bit timing register	BTR0	R/W	-1111111 11111111
100017 _H				
100018 _H	IDE register	IDER0	R/W	XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX
100019 _H				

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List of Control Registers (2)

Address	Register	Abbreviation	Access	Initial Value
CAN0				
10001A _H	Transmit RTR register	TRTRR0	R/W	00000000 00000000
10001B _H				
10001C _H	Remote frame receive waiting register	RFWTR0	R/W	XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXX
10001D _H				
10001E _H	Transmit interrupt enable register	TIER0	R/W	00000000 00000000
10001F _H				
100020 _H	Acceptance mask select register	AMSR0	R/W	XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXX
100021 _H				XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXX
100022 _H				
100023 _H				
100024 _H	Acceptance mask register 0	AMR00	R/W	XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXX
100025 _H				XXXXXX --- XXXXXXXXX
100026 _H				
100027 _H				
100028 _H	Acceptance mask register 1	AMR10	R/W	XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXX
100029 _H				XXXXXX --- XXXXXXXXX
10002A _H				
10002B _H				

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(2) Message Buffers

List of Message Buffers (ID Registers) (1)

Address	Register	Abbreviation	Access	Initial Value
CAN0				
10002C _H to 10004B _H	General-purpose RAM	—	R/W	XXXXXXXX to XXXXXXXX
10004C _H	ID register 0	IDR00	R/W	XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX
10004D _H				XXXXXX --- XXXXXXXX
10004E _H				
10004F _H				
100050 _H	ID register 1	IDR10	R/W	XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX
100051 _H				XXXXXX --- XXXXXXXX
100052 _H				
100053 _H				
100054 _H	ID register 2	IDR20	R/W	XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX
100055 _H				XXXXXX --- XXXXXXXX
100056 _H				
100057 _H				
100058 _H	ID register 3	IDR30	R/W	XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX
100059 _H				XXXXXX --- XXXXXXXX
10005A _H				
10005B _H				
10005C _H	ID register 4	IDR40	R/W	XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX
10005D _H				XXXXXX --- XXXXXXXX
10005E _H				
10005F _H				
100060 _H	ID register 5	IDR50	R/W	XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX
100061 _H				XXXXXX --- XXXXXXXX
100062 _H				
100063 _H				
100064 _H	ID register 6	IDR60	R/W	XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX
100065 _H				XXXXXX --- XXXXXXXX
100066 _H				
100067 _H				

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List of Message Buffers (ID Registers) (2)

Address	Register	Abbreviation	Access	Initial Value
CAN0				
100068 _H	ID register 7	IDR70	R/W	XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX
100069 _H				
10006A _H				XXXXXX --- XXXXXXXX
10006B _H				
10006C _H	ID register 8	IDR80	R/W	XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX
10006D _H				
10006E _H				XXXXXX --- XXXXXXXX
10006F _H				
100070 _H	ID register 9	IDR90	R/W	XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX
100071 _H				
100072 _H				XXXXXX --- XXXXXXXX
100073 _H				
100074 _H	ID register 10	IDR10	R/W	XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX
100075 _H				
100076 _H				XXXXXX --- XXXXXXXX
100077 _H				
100078 _H	ID register 11	IDR11	R/W	XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX
100079 _H				
10007A _H				XXXXXX --- XXXXXXXX
10007B _H				
10007C _H	ID register 12	IDR12	R/W	XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX
10007D _H				
10007E _H				XXXXXX --- XXXXXXXX
10007F _H				
100080 _H	ID register 13	IDR13	R/W	XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX
100081 _H				
100082 _H				XXXXXX --- XXXXXXXX
100083 _H				
100084 _H	ID register 14	IDR14	R/W	XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX
100085 _H				
100086 _H				XXXXXX --- XXXXXXXX
100087 _H				

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List of Message Buffers (ID Registers) (3)

Address	Register	Abbreviation	Access	Initial Value
CAN0				
100088 _H	ID register 15	IDR15	R/W	XXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX
100089 _H				
10008A _H				XXXXXX --- XXXXXXXX
10008B _H				

List of Message Buffers (DLC Registers and Data Registers) (1)

Address	Register	Abbreviation	Access	Initial Value
CAN0				
10008C _H	DLC register 0	DLCR00	R/W	----XXXX
10008D _H				
10008E _H	DLC register 1	DLCR10	R/W	----XXXX
10008F _H				
100090 _H	DLC register 2	DLCR20	R/W	----XXXX
100091 _H				
100092 _H	DLC register 3	DLCR30	R/W	----XXXX
100093 _H				
100094 _H	DLC register 4	DLCR40	R/W	----XXXX
100095 _H				
100096 _H	DLC register 5	DLCR50	R/W	----XXXX
100097 _H				
100098 _H	DLC register 6	DLCR60	R/W	----XXXX
100099 _H				
10009A _H	DLC register 7	DLCR70	R/W	----XXXX
10009B _H				
10009C _H	DLC register 8	DLCR80	R/W	----XXXX
10009D _H				
10009E _H	DLC register 9	DLCR90	R/W	----XXXX
10009F _H				
1000A0 _H	DLC register 10	DLCR100	R/W	----XXXX
1000A1 _H				

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List of Message Buffers (DLC Registers and Data Registers) (2)

Address	Register	Abbreviation	Access	Initial Value
CAN0				
1000A2 _H	DLC register 11	DLCR110	R/W	---- XXXX
1000A3 _H				
1000A4 _H	DLC register 12	DLCR120	R/W	---- XXXX
1000A5 _H				
1000A6 _H	DLC register 13	DLCR130	R/W	---- XXXX
1000A7 _H				
1000A8 _H	DLC register 14	DLCR140	R/W	---- XXXX
1000A9 _H				
1000AA _H	DLC register 15	DLCR150	R/W	---- XXXX
1000AB _H				
1000AC _H to 1000B3 _H	Data register 0 (8 bytes)	DTR00	R/W	XXXXXXXX to XXXXXXXX
1000B4 _H to 1000BB _H	Data register 1 (8 bytes)	DTR10	R/W	XXXXXXXX to XXXXXXXX
1000BC _H to 1000C3 _H	Data register 2 (8 bytes)	DTR20	R/W	XXXXXXXX to XXXXXXXX
1000C4 _H to 1000CB _H	Data register 3 (8 bytes)	DTR30	R/W	XXXXXXXX to XXXXXXXX
1000CC _H to 1000D3 _H	Data register 4 (8 bytes)	DTR40	R/W	XXXXXXXX to XXXXXXXX
1000D4 _H to 1000DB _H	Data register 5 (8 bytes)	DTR50	R/W	XXXXXXXX to XXXXXXXX
1000DC _H to 1000E3 _H	Data register 6 (8 bytes)	DTR60	R/W	XXXXXXXX to XXXXXXXX
1000E4 _H to 1000EB _H	Data register 7 (8 bytes)	DTR70	R/W	XXXXXXXX to XXXXXXXX
1000EC _H to 1000F3 _H	Data register 8 (8 bytes)	DTR80	R/W	XXXXXXXX to XXXXXXXX
1000F4 _H to 1000FB _H	Data register 9 (8 bytes)	DTR90	R/W	XXXXXXXX to XXXXXXXX

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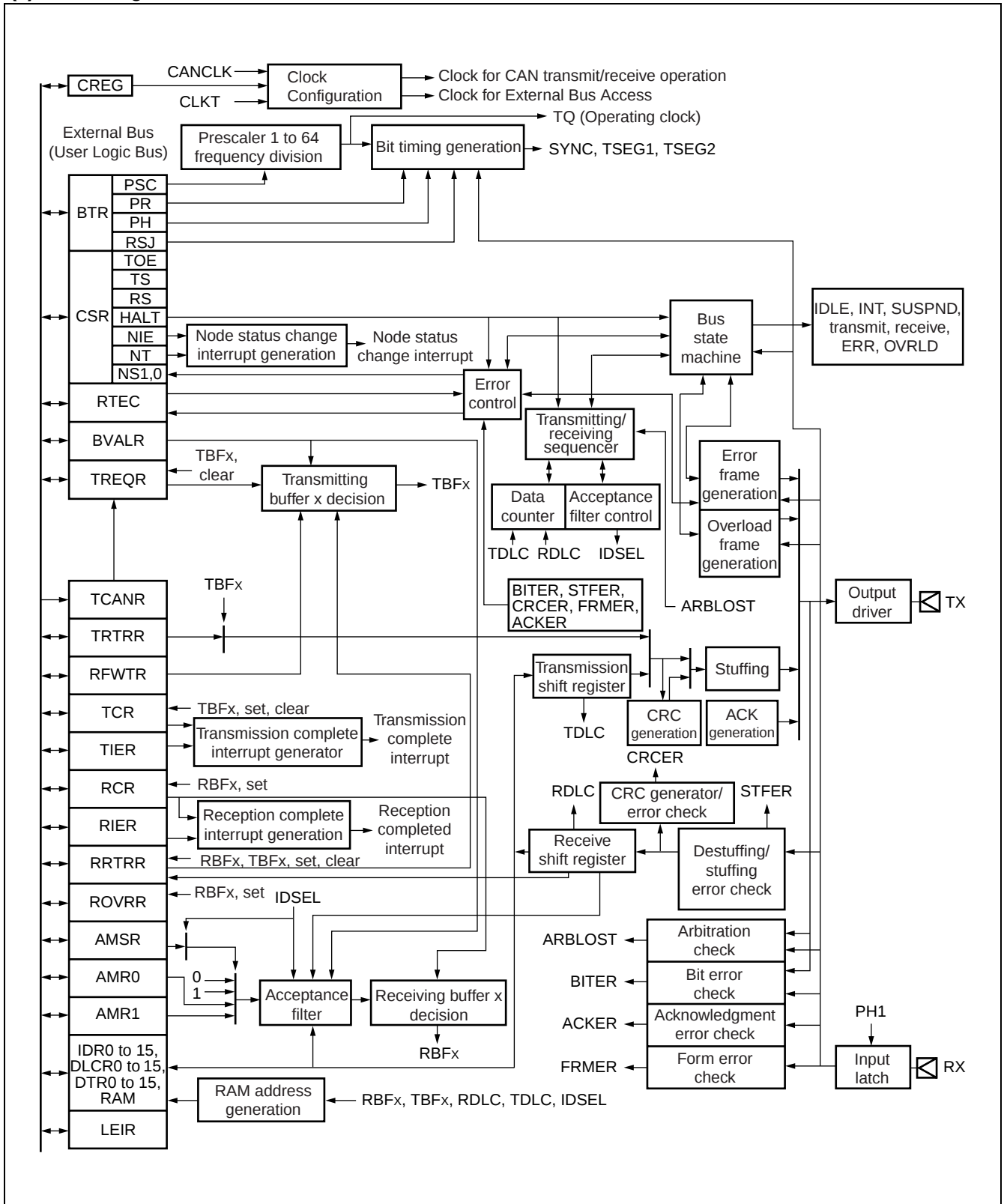
List of Message Buffers (DLC Registers and Data Registers) (3)

Address	Register	Abbreviation	Access	Initial Value
CAN0				
1000FC _H to 100103 _H	Data register 10 (8 bytes)	DTR100	R/W	XXXXXXXX to XXXXXXXX
100104 _H to 10010B _H	Data register 11 (8 bytes)	DTR110	R/W	XXXXXXXX to XXXXXXXX
10010C _H to 100113 _H	Data register 12 (8 bytes)	DTR120	R/W	XXXXXXXX to XXXXXXXX
100114 _H to 10011B _H	Data register 13 (8 bytes)	DTR130	R/W	XXXXXXXX to XXXXXXXX
10011C _H to 100123 _H	Data register 14 (8 bytes)	DTR140	R/W	XXXXXXXX to XXXXXXXX
100124 _H to 10012B _H	Data register 15 (8 bytes)	DTR150	R/W	XXXXXXXX to XXXXXXXX

Configuration Register (CREG)

Address	Register	Abbreviation	Access	Initial Value
CAN0				
10012C _H 10012D _H	Configuration register	CREG0	R/W	00000000 00000110

(3) Block Diagram

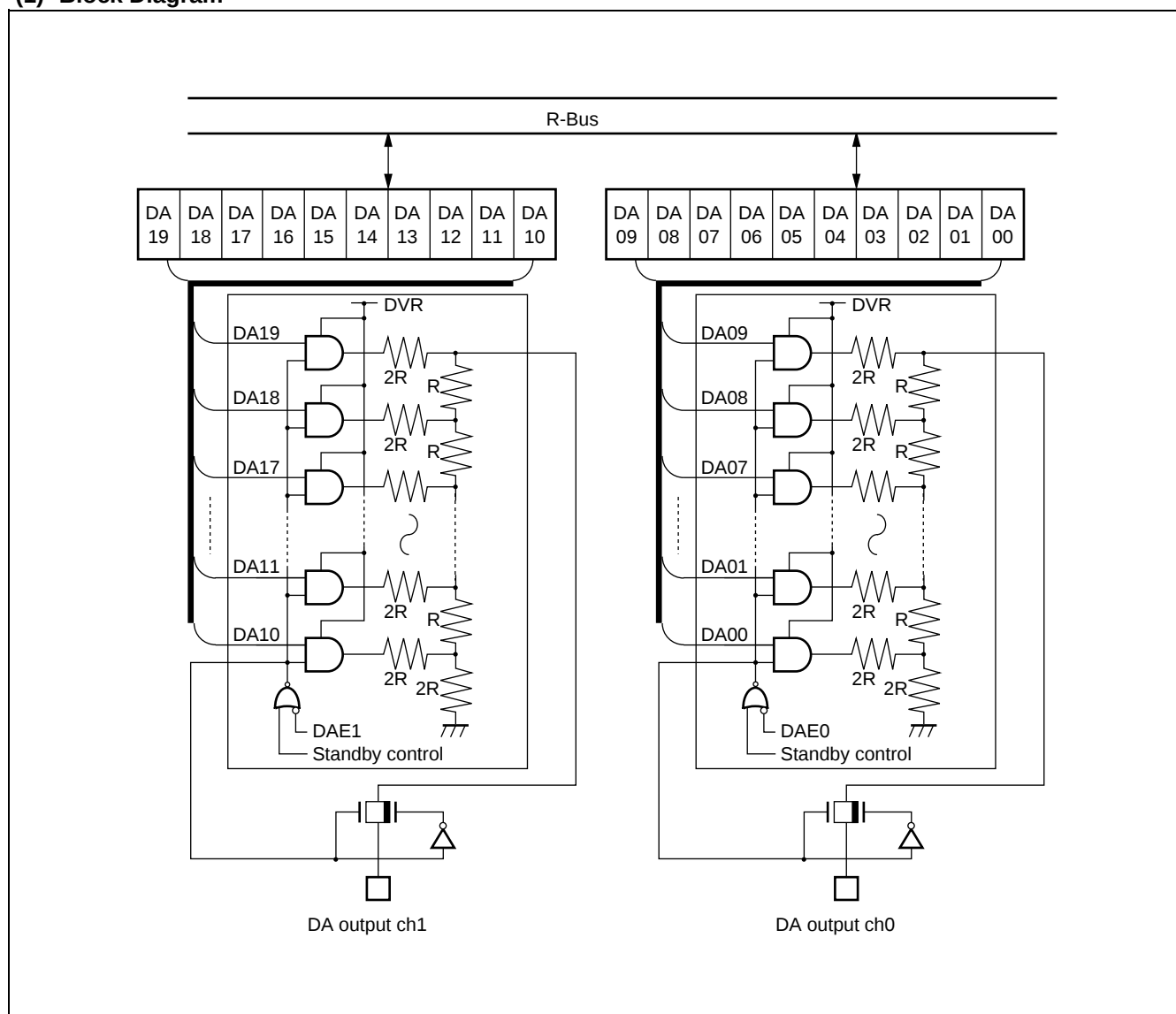


MB91360G Series

18. D/A CONVERTER

This section provides an overview of the D/A converter, describes the register structure and functions, and describes the operation of D/A converter. This block is an R-2R format D/A converter, having ten-bit resolution. The D/A converter has two channels. Output control can be performed independently for the two channels using the D/A control register.

(1) Block Diagram



(2) Registers

D/A control register (DACR)

bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Address : 0000A5 _H	—	—	—	—	—	MODE	DAE1	DAE0

D/A converter data register (ch 0) (DADR0)

bit	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8
Address : 0000A6 _H	—	—	—	—	—	—	DA09	DA08

bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Address : 0000A7 _H	DA07	DA06	DA05	DA04	DA03	DA02	DA01	DA00

D/A converter data register (ch 1) (DADR1)

bit	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8
Address : 0000A8 _H	—	—	—	—	—	—	DA19	DA18

bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Address : 0000A9 _H	DA17	DA16	DA15	DA14	DA13	DA12	DA11	DA10

D/A clock control (DDBL)

bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Address : 0000AB _H	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	DBL

MB91360G Series

19. 100 kHz I²C INTERFACE

This section describes the functions and operation of the MB91360G series basic I²C interface. This interface allows operation up to 100 kHz and 8-bit-addressing.

The I²C interface is a serial I/O port supporting the Inter IC bus, operating as a master/slave device on the I²C bus.

(1) I²C Interface Features

The MB91360G series microcontroller includes a built-in one-channel I²C interface. The I²C interface has the following features.

- Master/slave sending and receiving functions
- Arbitration function
- Clock synchronization function
- Slave address/general call address detection function
- Transfer direction detection function
- Repeated start condition generation and detection function
- Bus error detection function

(2) I²C Interface Registers

a : Bus Status Register (IBSR)

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	⇐ Bit no.
Address: 000095 _H	BB	RSC	AL	LRB	TRX	AAS	GCA	FBT	
Read/write ⇐	(R)	(R)	(R)	(R)	(R)	(R)	(R)	(R)	
Default value ⇐	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	

b : Bus Control Register (IBCR)

	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	⇐ Bit no.
Address: 000094 _H	BER	BEIE	SCC	MSS	ACK	GCAA	INTE	INT	
Read/write ⇐	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	
Default value ⇐	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	

c : Clock control register (ICCR)

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	⇐ Bit no.
Address: 000097 _H	—	—	EN	CS4	CS3	CS2	CS1	CS0	
Read/write ⇐	(—)	(—)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	
Default value ⇐	(—)	(—)	(0)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	

d : Address Register (IADR)

	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	⇐ Bit no.
Address: 000096 _H	—	A6	A5	A4	A3	A2	A1	A0	
Read/write ⇐	(—)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	
Default value ⇐	(—)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	

e : Data Register (IDAR)

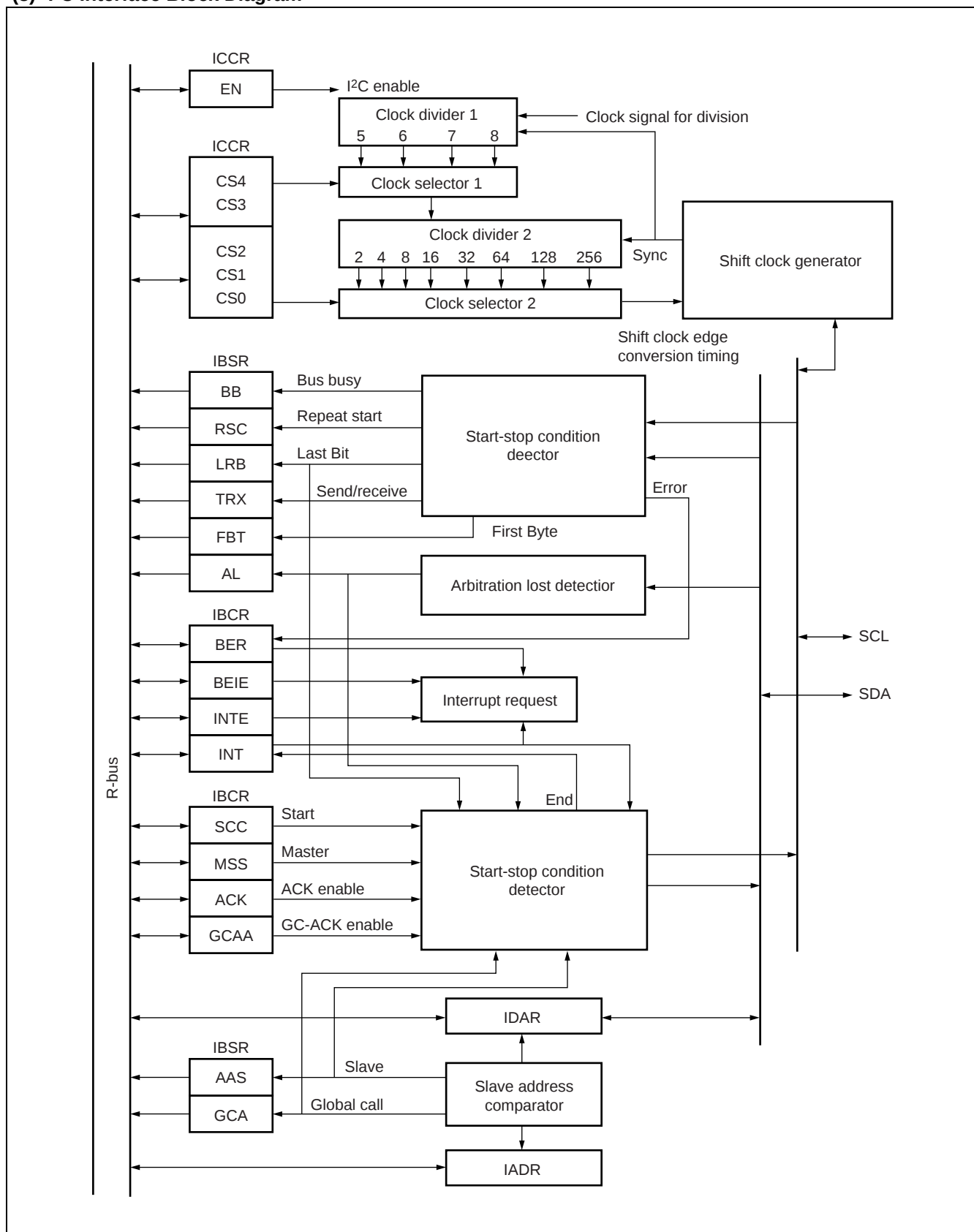
	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	⇐ Bit no.
Address: 000099 _H	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	
Read/write ⇐	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	
Default value ⇐	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	

f : Clock Disable Register (IDBL)

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	⇐ Bit no.
Address: 00009B _H	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	DBL	
Read/write ⇐	(—)	(—)	(—)	(—)	(—)	(—)	(—)	(R/W)	
Default value ⇐	(—)	(—)	(—)	(—)	(—)	(—)	(—)	(0)	

MB91360G Series

(3) I²C Interface Block Diagram



20. 400 kHz I²C INTERFACE

This section describes the functions and operation of the fast I²C interface.

The I²C interface is a serial I/O port supporting the Inter IC bus, operating as a master/slave device on the I²C bus.

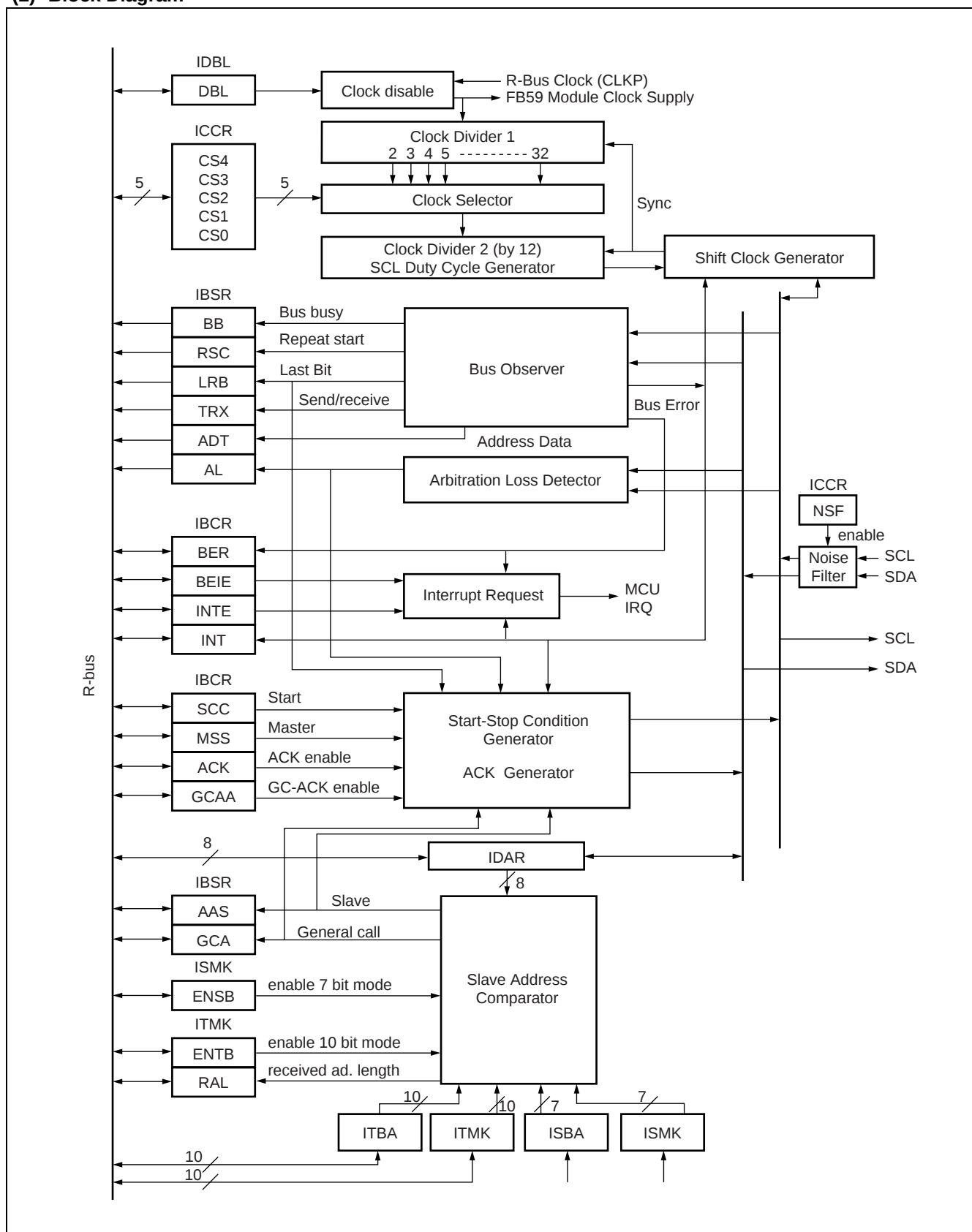
(1) Features

- Master/slave transmitting and receiving functions
- Arbitration function
- Clock synchronization function
- General call addressing support
- Transfer direction detection function
- Repeated start condition generation and detection function
- Bus error detection function
- 7 bit addressing as master and slave
- 10 bit addressing as master and slave
- Possibility to give the interface a seven and a ten bit slave address
- Acknowledging upon slave address reception can be disabled (Master-only operation)
- Address masking to give interface several slave addresses (in 7 and 10 bit mode)
- Up to 400 KBit transfer rate
- Possibility to use built-in noise filters for SDA and SCL
- Can receive data at 400 KBit if R-Bus-Clock is higher than 6 MHz regardless of prescaler setting
- Can generate MCU interrupts on transmission and bus error events
- Supports being slowed down by a slave on bit and byte level

The I²C interface does not support SCL clock stretching on bit level since it can receive the full 400 KBit data rate if the R-Bus-Clock (CLKP) is higher than 6 MHz regardless of the prescaler setting. However, clock stretching on byte level is performed since SCL is pulled low during an interrupt (INT = "1" in IBCR register) .

MB91360G Series

(2) Block Diagram



MB91360G Series

(3) I²C Interface Registers

a : Bus Control Register (IBCR2)

	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	↔ Bit no.
Address: 000184 _H	BER	BEIE	SCC	MSS	ACK	GCAA	INTE	INT	...
Read/write ⇨	(R/W)	(R/W)	(W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	
Default value ⇨	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	

b : Bus Status Register (IBSR2)

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	↔ Bit no.
Address: 000185 _H	BB	RSC	AL	LRB	TRX	AAS	GCA	FBT	...
Read/write ⇨	(R)	(R)	(R)	(R)	(R)	(R)	(R)	(R)	
Default value ⇨	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	

c : Ten Bit slave Address register (ITBAH, ITBAL)

Ten Bit Address high byte

	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	↔ Bit no.
Address: 000186 _H	—	—	—	—	—	—	TA9	TA8	...
Read/write ⇨	(—)	(—)	(—)	(—)	(—)	(—)	(R/W)	(R/W)	
Default value ⇨	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	

Ten Bit Address low byte

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	↔ Bit no.
Address: 000187 _H	TA7	TA6	TA5	TA4	TA3	TA2	TA1	TA0	...
Read/write ⇨	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	
Default value ⇨	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	

d : Ten bit slave address Mask register (ITMKH, ITMKL)

Ten Bit Address Mask high byte

	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	↔ Bit no.
Address: 000188 _H	ENTB	RAL	—	—	—	—	TM9	TM8	...
Read/write ⇨	(R/W)	(R)	(—)	(—)	(—)	(—)	(R/W)	(R/W)	
Default value ⇨	(0)	(0)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	

Ten Bit Address Mask low byte

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	↔ Bit no.
Address: 000189 _H	TM7	TM6	TM5	TM4	TM3	TM2	TM1	TM0	...
Read/write ⇨	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	
Default value ⇨	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	

e : Seven Bit slave Address register (ISBA)

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	↔ Bit no.
Address: 00018B _H	—	SA6	SA5	SA4	SA3	SA2	SA1	SA0	...
Read/write ⇨	(—)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	
Default value ⇨	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	

(Continued)

MB91360G Series

(Continued)

f : Seven bit slave address Mask register (ISMK)

	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	⇐ Bit no.
Address: 00018A _H	ENSB	SM6	SM5	SM4	SM3	SM2	SM1	SM0	...
Read/write ⇐	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	
Default value ⇐	(0)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	

g : Data Register (IDARH, IDAR2)

Data register high byte

	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	⇐ Bit no.
Address: 00018C _H	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
Read/write ⇐	(—)	(—)	(—)	(—)	(—)	(—)	(—)	(—)	
Default value ⇐	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	

Data register

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	⇐ Bit no.
Address: 00018D _H	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	
Read/write ⇐	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	
Default value ⇐	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	

h : Clock control register (ICCR2)

	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	⇐ Bit no.
Address: 00018E _H	—	NSF	EN	CS4	CS3	CS2	CS1	CS0	...
Read/write ⇐	(—)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	
Default value ⇐	(0)	(0)	(0)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	

i : Clock Disable Register (IDBL2)

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	⇐ Bit no.
Address: 00018F _H	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	DBL	
Read/write ⇐	(—)	(—)	(—)	(—)	(—)	(—)	(—)	(R/W)	
Default value ⇐	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	

21. 16-BIT I/O TIMER

The MB91360G Series contains two 16-bit free-running timer modules, two output compare modules, and two input capture modules and supports four input channels and four output channels. The following sections only describes the 16-bit free-running timer, Output Compare 0/1 and Input Capture 0/1.

The remaining modules have the identical functions and the register addresses should be found in the I/O map.

(1) Function Overview

a : 16-bit free-running timer

The 16-bit free-run timer consists of a 16-bit up counter, control register, and prescaler. The values output from this timer counter are used as the base timer for input capture and output compare.

- Four counter clocks are available.

Internal clock : $\phi/4$, $\phi/16$, $\phi/32$, $\phi/64$

- An interrupt can be generated upon a counter overflow or a match with compare register 0.
- The counter value can be initialized to "0000H" upon a reset, software clear, or match with compare register 0.

b : Output compare (2 channels per one module)

The output compare module consists of two 16-bit compare registers, compare output latch, and control register.

When the 16-bit free-running timer value matches the compare register value, the output level is reversed and an interrupt is issued.

- The two compare registers can be used independently.

Output pins and interrupt flags corresponding to compare registers

- Output pins can be controlled based on pairs of the two compare registers.

Output pins can be reversed by using the two compare registers.

- Initial values for output pins can be set.
- Interrupts can be generated upon a compare match.

c : Input capture (2 channels per one module)

The input capture module consists of two 16-bit capture registers and control registers corresponding to two independent external input pins. The 16-bit free-running timer value can be stored in the capture register and an interrupt is issued simultaneously upon detection of an edge of a signal input from an external input pin.

- The detection edge of an external input signal can be specified.

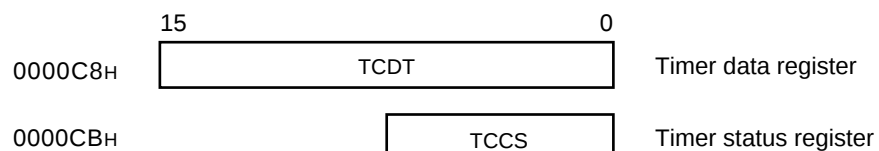
Rising, falling, or both edges

- Two input channels can operate independently.
- An interrupt can be issued upon a valid edge of an external input signal.

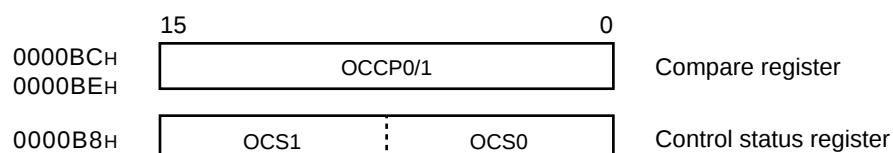
MB91360G Series

(2) Registers

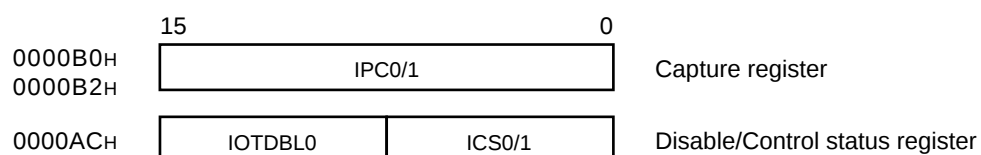
a : 16-bit free-running timer



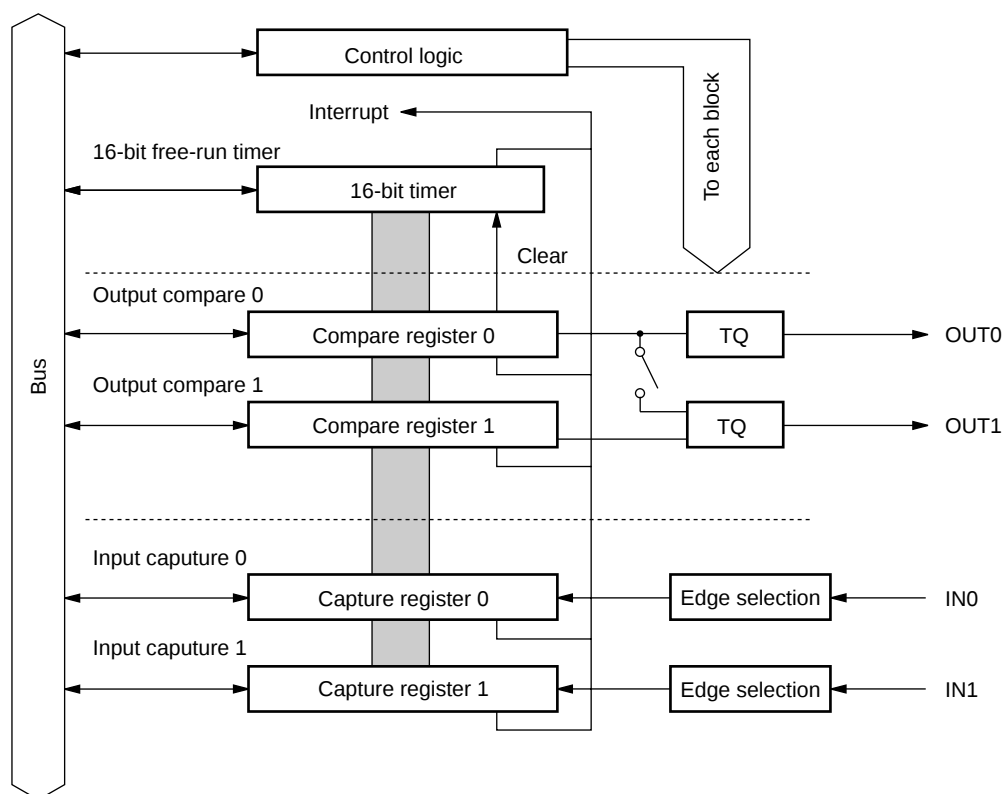
b : 16-bit output compare



c : 16-bit input capture



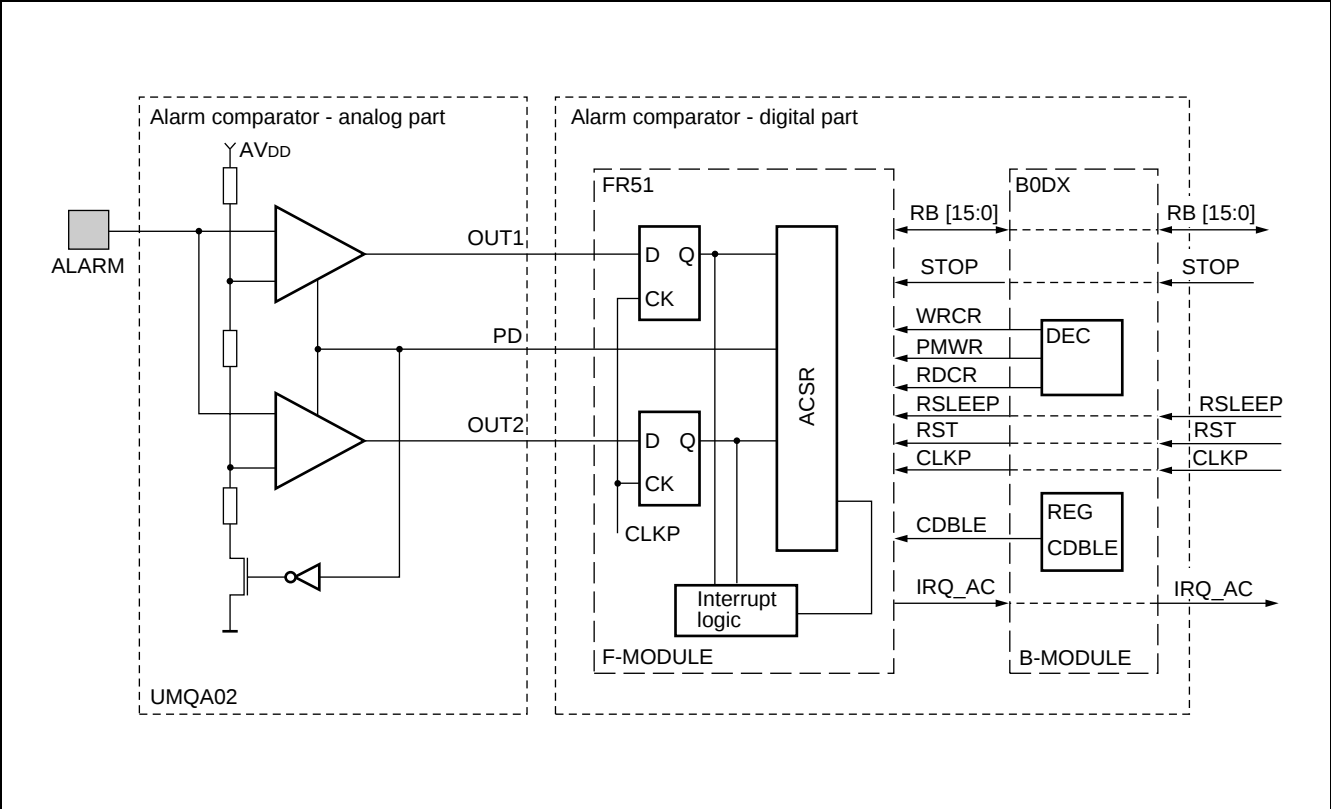
(3) Block Diagram



22. ALARM COMPARATOR

This section provides an overview of the Alarm Comparator (Also called Under/Overvoltage Detection) , describes the register structure and functions, and describes the operation of the Alarm Comparator.

(1) Block Diagram



(2) Registers

Alarm Comparator Clock Disable Register (ACCDBL)									
Address	Bits	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
00000180 _H		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	CDBLE
									R/W
Initial value ----- 0 _B									
← Access									
Alarm Comparator Status Disable Register (ACSR)									
Address	Bits	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
00000181 _H		—	OV_EN	UV-EN	OUT2	OUT1	IRQ	IEN	PD
			R/W	R/W	R	R	R/W	R/W	R/W
Initial value -11xxx00 _B									
← Access									

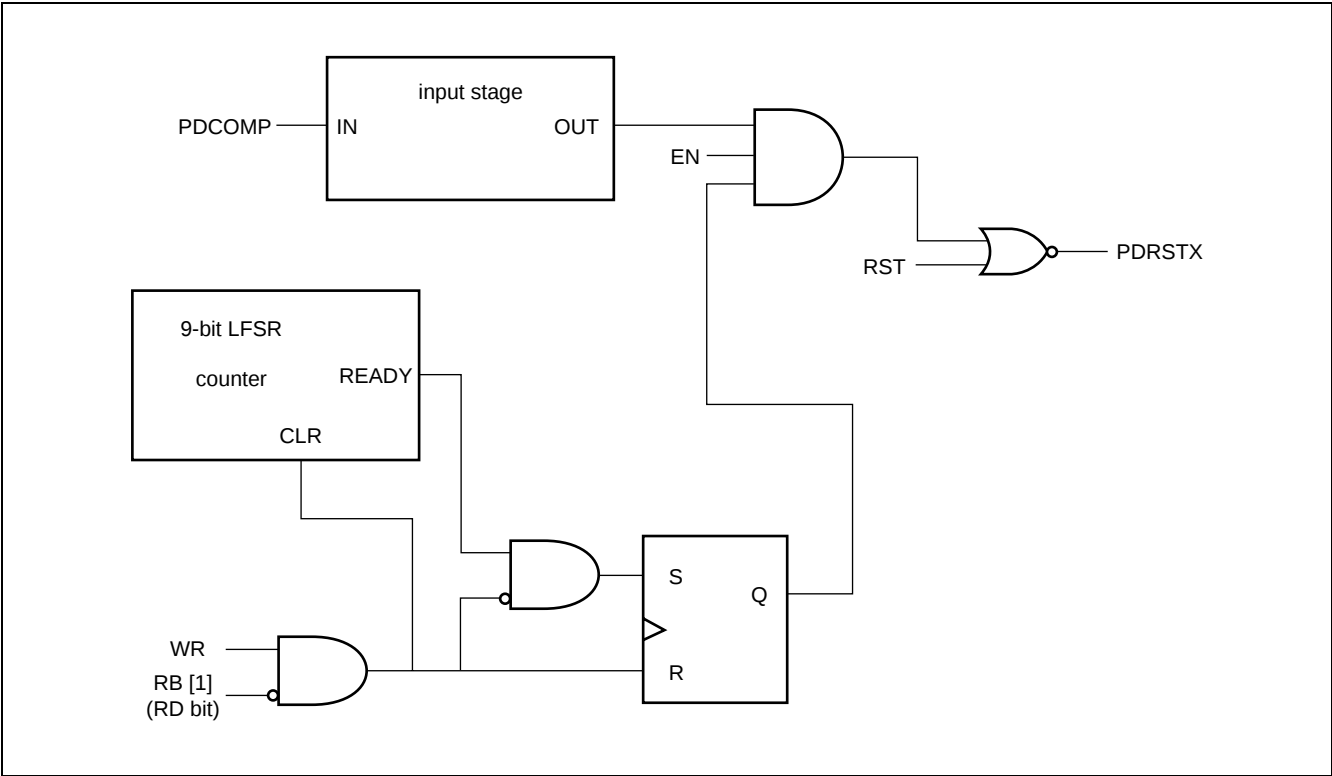
MB91360G Series

23. POWER DOWN RESET

This section provides an overview of the Power Down Reset, and describes the register structure.

The power down reset module performs a system reset when V_{CC} goes below a threshold voltage. The reset signal is be disabled and enabled by setting the power down reset control register PDRCR. For low power applications the digital and the analog part of the power down reset control circuit can be disabled.

(1) Block Diagram



(2) Register

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
PDRCR	—	—	—	—	—	CDSBLE	PD	EN
access	—	—	—	—	—	R/W	R/W	R/W
initial value (INIT)	—	—	—	—	—	0	0	0
initial value (RST)	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X

24. SERIAL I/O INTERFACE (SIO)

This section provides an overview of the Serial I/O Interface (SIO) , and describes the register structure.

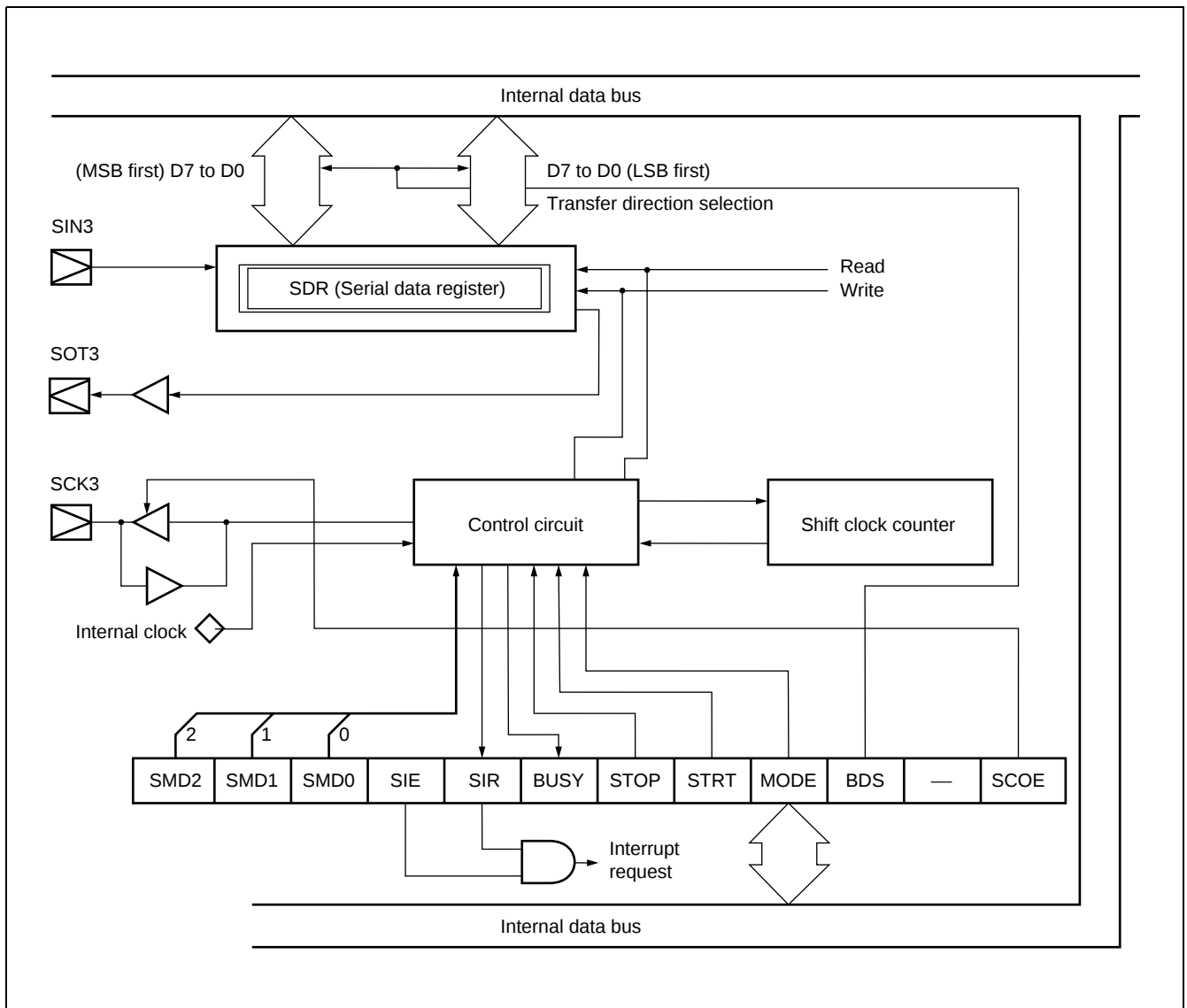
(1) Block Diagram

This block is a serial I/O interface that allows data transfer using clock synchronization. The interface consists of a single eight-bit channel. Data can be transferred from the LSB or MSB.

MB91360G series contains two Serial I/O units SIO0 and SIO1. This section only describes SIO0. Please see the IO-Map for the register addresses of SIO1.

The serial I/O interface operates in two modes :

- Internal shift clock mode : Data is transferred in synchronization with the internal clock.
- External shift clock mode : Data is transferred in synchronization with the clock supplied via the external pin (SCK) . By manipulating the general-purpose port sharing the external pin (SCK) , data can also be transferred by a CPU instruction in this mode.



MB91360G Series

(2) Registers

Serial mode control status register (SMCS)

	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8
Address : 000084 _H	SMD2	SMD1	SMD0	SIE	SIR	BUSY	STOP	STRT

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Address : 000085 _H	—	—	—	—	MODE	BDS	—	SCOE

SIO edge selection/clock disable register (SES)

	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8
Address : 000086 _H	—	—	—	—	—	—	DBL	NEG

Serial data register (SDR)

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Address : 000087 _H	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0

25. SOUND GENERATOR

This section provides an overview of the Sound Generator, and describes the register structure.

The Sound Generator consists of the Sound Control register, Frequency Data register, Amplitude Data register, Decrement Grade register, Tone Count register, Sound Disable register, PWM pulse generator, Frequency counter, Decrement counter and Tone Pulse counter.

(1) Registers

Sound Control register (SGCR)

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	⇐ Bit no.
Address: 0000EF _H	S1	S0	TONE	—	—	INTE	INT	ST	
Read/write ⇐	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(—)	(—)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	
Default value ⇐	(0)	(0)	(0)	(—)	(—)	(0)	(0)	(0)	

	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	⇐ Bit no.
Address: 0000EE _H	TST	—	—	—	—	—	BUSY	DEC	
Read/write ⇐	(R/W)	(—)	(—)	(—)	(—)	(—)	(R)	(R/W)	
Default value ⇐	(0)	(—)	(—)	(—)	(—)	(—)	(0)	(0)	

Frequency Data register (SGFR)

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	⇐ Bit no.
Address: 0000F1 _H	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	
Read/write ⇐	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	
Default value ⇐	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	

Amplitude Data register (SGAR)

	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	⇐ Bit no.
Address: 0000F0 _H	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	
Read/write ⇐	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	
Default value ⇐	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	

Decrement Grade register (SGDR)

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	⇐ Bit no.
Address: 0000F3 _H	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	
Read/write ⇐	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	
Default value ⇐	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	

Tone Count register (SGTR)

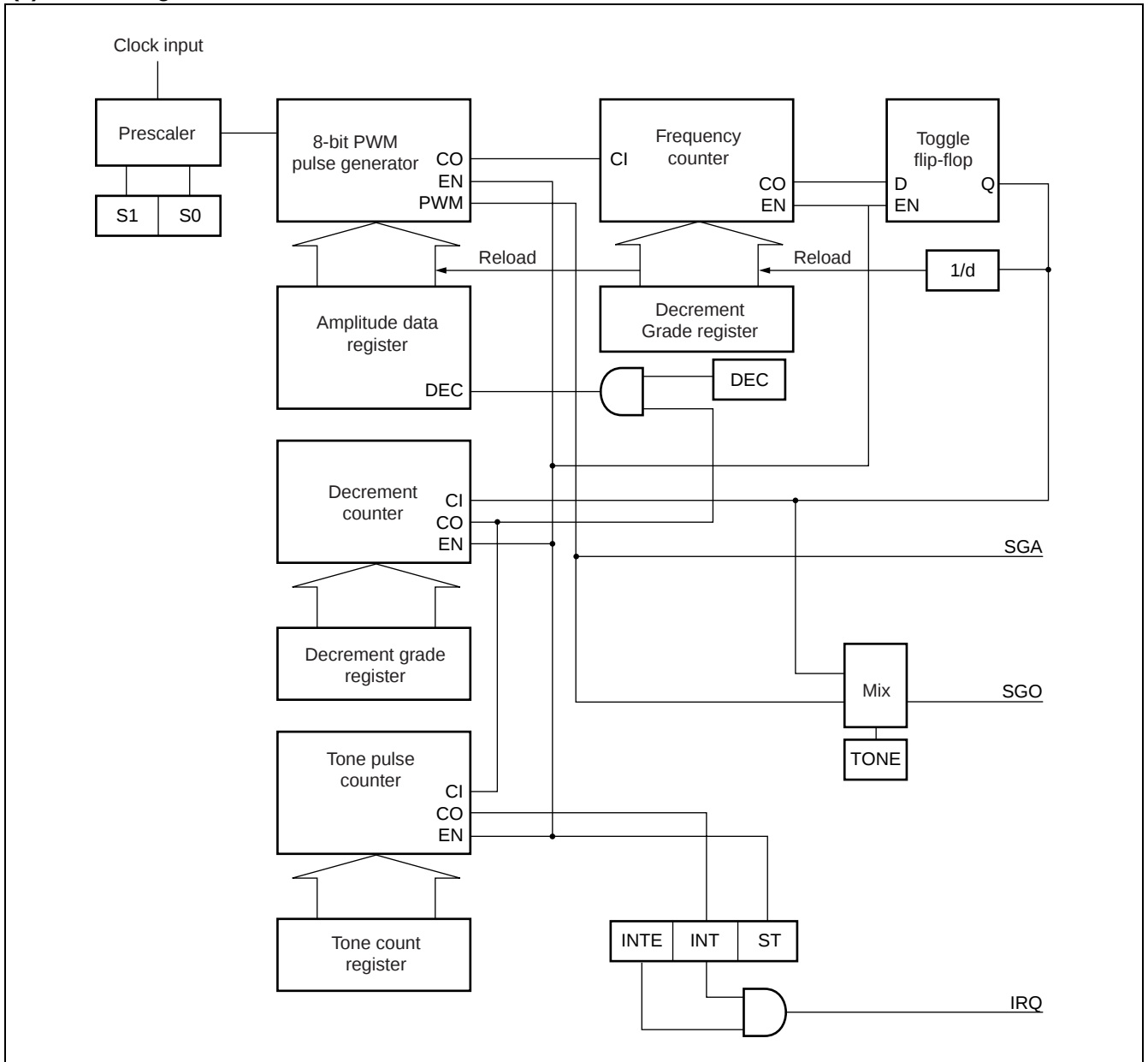
	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	⇐ Bit no.
Address: 0000F2 _H	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	
Read/write ⇐	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	
Default value ⇐	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	

Sound Disable register (SGDBL)

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	⇐ Bit no.
Address: 0000ED _H	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	DBL	
Read/write ⇐	(—)	(—)	(—)	(—)	(—)	(—)	(—)	(R/W)	
Default value ⇐	(—)	(—)	(—)	(—)	(—)	(—)	(—)	(0)	

MB91360G Series

(2) Block Diagram



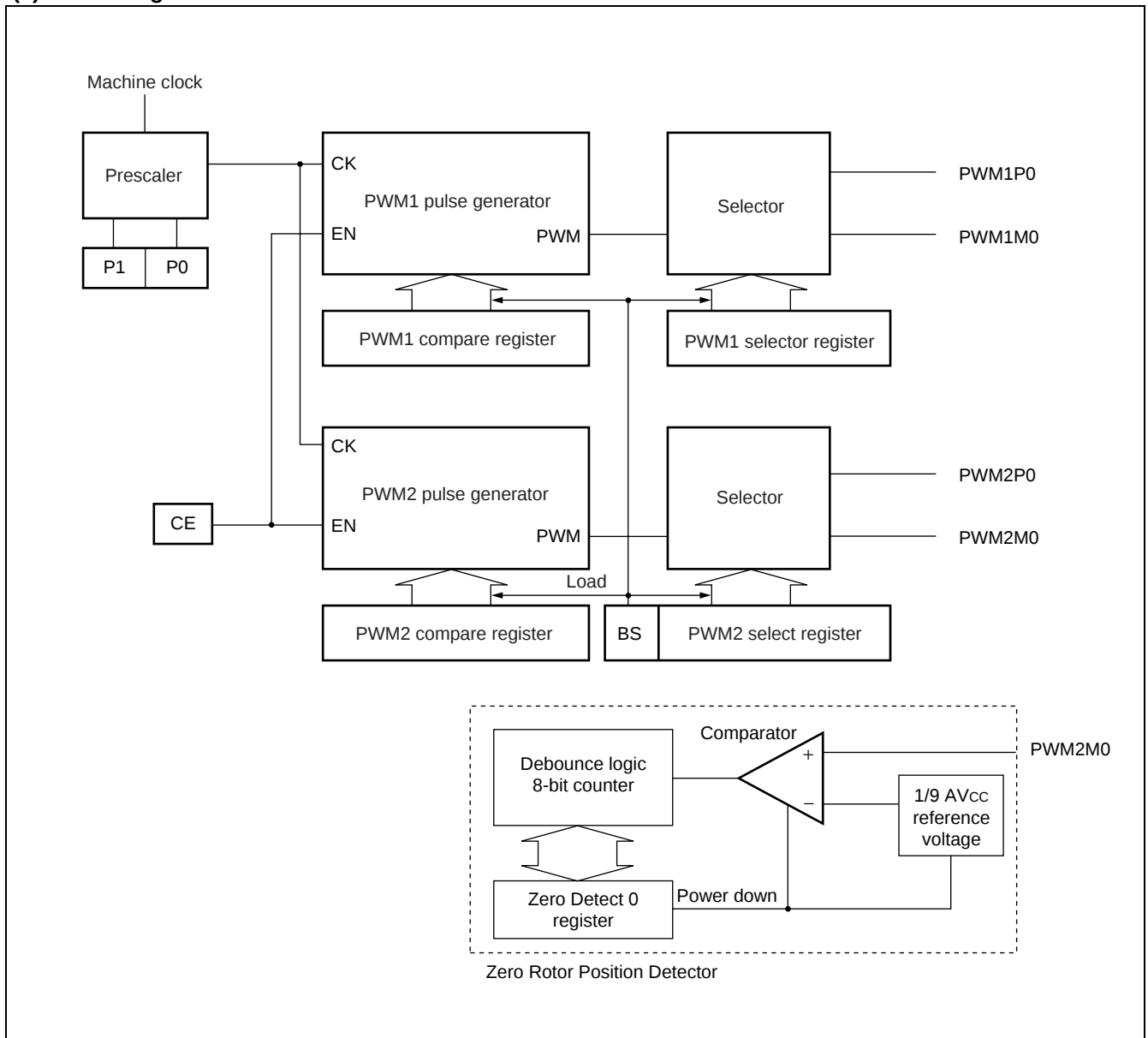
26. STEPPER MOTOR CONTROLLER

This section provides an overview of the Stepper Motor Control Module, and describe the register structure.

The Stepping Motor Controller consists of two PWM Pulse Generators, four motor drivers, Selector Logic and the Zero Rotor Position Detector. The four motor drivers have high output drive capabilities and they can be directly connected to the four ends of two motor coils. The combination of the PWM Pulse Generators and Selector Logic is designed to control the rotation of the motor. A Synchronization mechanism assures the synchronous operations of the two PWMs. The Zero Rotor Position Detector helps CPU obtain feed back information of the rotor movements. The following sections describe the Stepping Motor Controller 0 only. The other controllers have the same functions. The register addresses are found in the I/O map.

Note : The Rotor Zero Position Detection capability is protected by a patent from siemens VDO automatic AG and may only be used with VDO's prior approval.

(1) Block Diagram



MB91360G Series

(2) Registers

PWM Control 0 register (PWC0)

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	⇐ Bit no.
Address: 0000D1 _H	—	—	P1	P0	CE	—	—	TST	
Read/write ⇨	(—)	(—)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(—)	(—)	(R/W)	
Default value ⇨	(—)	(—)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(—)	(—)	(0)	

Zero Detect 0 register (ZPD0)

	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	⇐ Bit no.
Address: 0000D0 _H	S1	S0	TS	T2	T1	T0	PD	RS	
Read/write ⇨	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	
Default value ⇨	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(1)	(0)	

PWM1 Compare 0 register (PWC10)

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	⇐ Bit no.
Address: 0000D9 _H	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	
Read/write ⇨	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	
Default value ⇨	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	

PWM2 Compare 0 register (PWC20)

	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	⇐ Bit no.
Address: 0000D8 _H	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	
Read/write ⇨	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	
Default value ⇨	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	

PWM1 Select register (PWS10)

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	⇐ Bit no.
Address: 0000DB _H	—	—	P2	P1	P0	M2	M1	M0	
Read/write ⇨	(—)	(—)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	
Default value ⇨	(—)	(—)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	

PWM2 Select register (PWS20)

	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	⇐ Bit no.
Address: 0000DA _H	—	BS	P2	P1	P0	M2	M1	M0	
Read/write ⇨	(—)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	
Default value ⇨	(—)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	

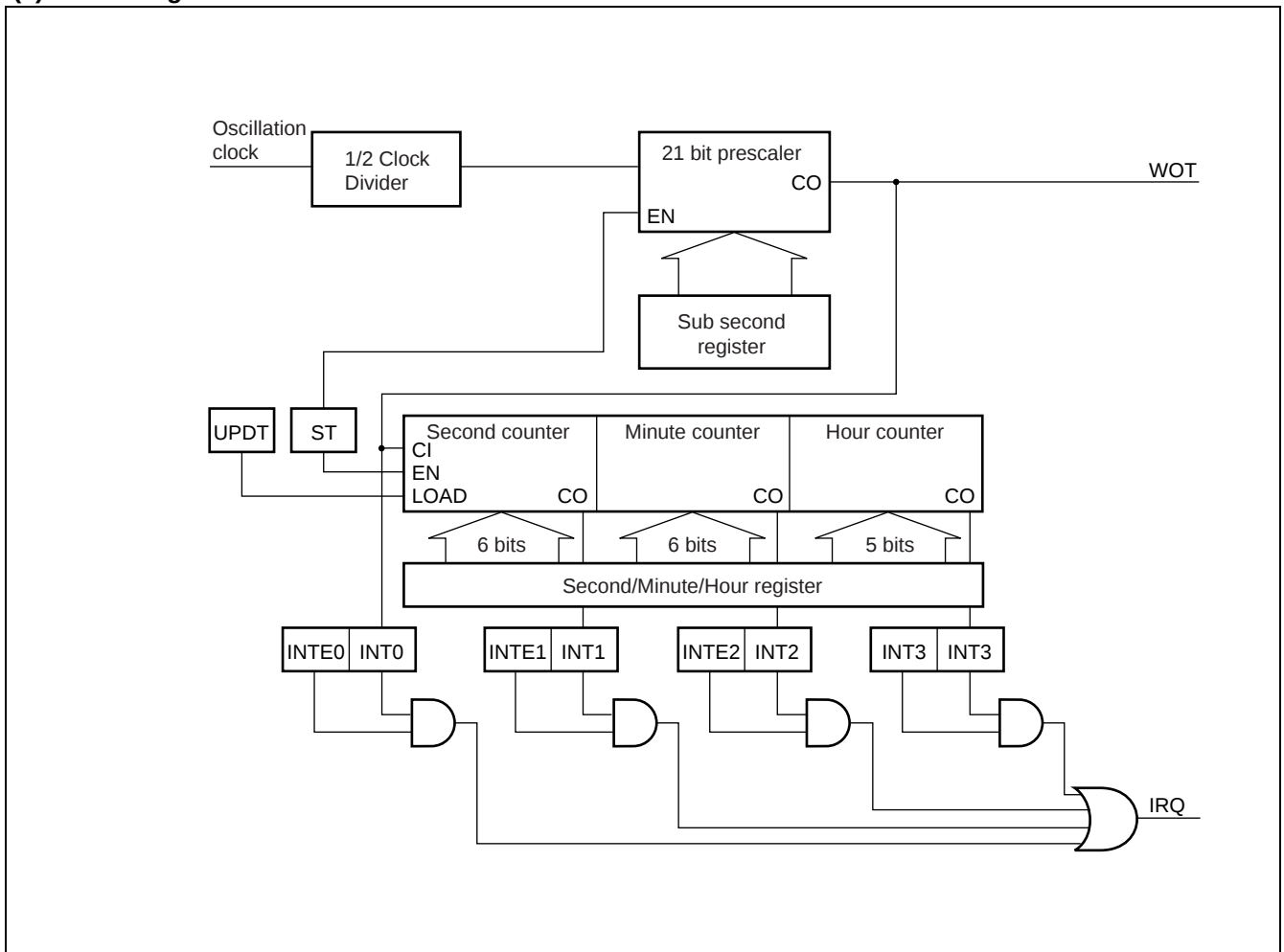
PWM Clock Disable register (SMDBL0)

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	⇐ Bit no.
Address: 0000E8 _H	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	DBL	
Read/write ⇨	(—)	(—)	(—)	(—)	(—)	(—)	(—)	(R/W)	
Default value ⇨	(—)	(—)	(—)	(—)	(—)	(—)	(—)	(0)	

27. REAL TIME CLOCK

This section provides an overview of the Real Time Clock (also called WatchTimer) , describes the register structure and functions. The Real Time Clock (Watch Timer) consists of the Timer Control register, Sub-second register, Second/Minute/Hour registers, 1/2 clock divider, 21bit prescaler and Second/Minute/Hour counters. The Real Time Clock operates as the real-world timer and provides the real-world time information.

(1) Block Diagram



MB91360G Series

(2) Registers

Timer disable register (WTDBL)

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	⇐ Bit no.
Address: 0000F5 _H	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	DBL	
Read/write ⇐	(—)	(—)	(—)	(—)	(—)	(—)	(—)	(R/W)	
Default value ⇐	(—)	(—)	(—)	(—)	(—)	(—)	(—)	(0)	

Timer control register (WTCR)

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	⇐ Bit no.
Address: 0000F7 _H	TST2	TST1	TST0	—	RUN	UPDT	—	ST	
Read/write ⇐	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(—)	(R)	(R/W)	(—)	(R/W)	
Default value ⇐	(0)	(0)	(0)	(—)	(0)	(0)	(—)	(0)	

	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	⇐ Bit no.
Address: 0000F6 _H	INTE3	INT3	INTE2	INT2	INTE1	INT1	INTE0	INT0	
Read/write ⇐	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	
Default value ⇐	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	

Sub-second register (WTBR)

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	⇐ Bit no.
Address: 0000FB _H	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	
Read/write ⇐	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	
Default value ⇐	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	

	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	⇐ Bit no.
Address: 0000FA _H	D15	D14	D13	D12	D11	D10	D9	D8	
Read/write ⇐	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	
Default value ⇐	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	⇐ Bit no.
Address: 0000F9 _H	—	—	—	D20	D19	D18	D17	D16	
Read/write ⇐	(—)	(—)	(—)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	
Default value ⇐	(—)	(—)	(—)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	

Second register (WTSR)

	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	⇐ Bit no.
Address: 0000FE _H	—	—	S5	S4	S3	S2	S1	S0	
Read/write ⇐	(—)	(—)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	
Default value ⇐	(—)	(—)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	

(Continued)

MB91360G Series

(Continued)

Minute register (WTMR)

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	⇐ Bit no.
Address: 0000FD _H	—	—	M5	M4	M3	M2	M1	M0	
Read/write ⇒	(—)	(—)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	
Default value ⇒	(—)	(—)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	

Hour register (WTHR)

	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	⇐ Bit no.
Address: 0000FC _H	—	—	—	H4	H3	H2	H1	H0	...
Read/write ⇒	(—)	(—)	(—)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	
Default value ⇒	(—)	(—)	(—)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	

MB91360G Series

28. SUBCLOCK

The Subclock System provides various power saving modes. The key of the concept is to supply the 32 kHz clock signal only to the Real Time Clock (RTC) Module, while the rest of the MCU is provided with 4 MHz clock signal in order to achieve lower power supply current in the RTC32K mode.

This behavior can be altered by the configuration input, SELCLK pin to switch the RTC module to operate with the 4 MHz clock. The following sections describe the operation with SELCLK connected to "0" and SELCLK connected to "1" respectively.

Note : On MB91F361GA and MB91F362GA SELCLK should always be connected to "1", subclock operation is not implemented on those devices.

(1) Operation of Subclock (SELCLK = 0)

The next table summarizes the operation states of the components related to the Subclock System. To simplify this table SLEEP modes are not listed but the operation is the same as for RUN modes except that the CPU is stopped.

Mode	Power dissipation	Operation of components				
		4 M Osc.	32 K Osc.	RTC	CPU & Peripheral	PLL
RUN	High	Run	Run	Run	Run	Stop/Run
RTC4M32K	Medium Low	Run	Run	Run	Stop	Stop
RTC32K	Low	Stop	Run	Run	Stop	Stop
STOP	Lowest	Stop	Stop	Stop	Stop	Stop

The following table summarizes those operation modes and necessary software settings.

Mode	Software Setting					
	STOP	PLL1EN	PLL2EN	OSCD1	OSCD2	RTC32
RUN	0	0 or 1	1	Don't Care	Don't Care	Don't Care
RTC4M32K	1	Don't Care	1	0	0	Don't Care
RTC32K	1	Don't Care	1	1	0	1
STOP	1	Don't Care	Don't Care	1	1	Don't Care

It is recommended that PLL2EN is set to "1" after the initialization to start the 32 kHz oscillation and this bit should be kept at "1" during the operation. Otherwise the 32 kHz oscillator does not start. Also bits 9 and 10 of the CLKR register (address 0046H) should always be set to "0" during operation.

(2) 4 MHz Real Time Clock Configuration (SELCLK = 1)

When the SELCLK pad is connected logic level 1, the 32 kHz oscillation is disabled regardless of the software setting. In this configuration, the Real Time Clock Module is supplied with the 4 MHz oscillation clock signal.

The following table summaries the modes available in this configuration.

Mode	Power dissipation	Operation of components				
		4 M Osc.	32 K Osc.	RTC	CPU & Peripheral	PLL
RUN	High	Run	Stop	Run	Run	Stop/Run
RTC4M	Medium Low	Run	Stop	Run	Stop	Stop
STOP	Lowest	Stop	Stop	Stop	Stop	Stop

Mode	Software Setting					
	STOP	PLL1EN	PLL2EN	OSCD1	OSCD2	RTC32
RUN	0	0 or 1	Don't Care	Don't Care	Don't Care	Don't Care
RTC4M	1	Don't Care	Don't Care	0	Don't Care	Don't Care
STOP	1	Don't Care	Don't Care	1	Don't Care	Don't Care

(3) Use of Real Time Clock Module

There is some additional consideration needed to operate the RTC module to achieve the desired functionality.

Because the RTC module is directly connected to the 32 kHz oscillation clock, the oscillation stabilization time has to be taken care of by the software. This can be achieved by using another timer (e.g the Time Base Timer) to trigger the software to start the RTC module (Setting of ST bit to "1").

It is also important to stop the RTC module before entering the STOP mode. Otherwise, the reactivation from STOP mode results in unpredictable operation of the RTC module.

After the reactivation, the oscillation stabilization time has to be measured again by the software, then the RTC module can be restarted.

MB91360G Series

29. 32 kHz CLOCK CALIBRATION UNIT

The 32 kHz Clock Calibration Module provides possibilities to calibrate the 32 kHz oscillation clock with respect to the 4 MHz oscillation clock.

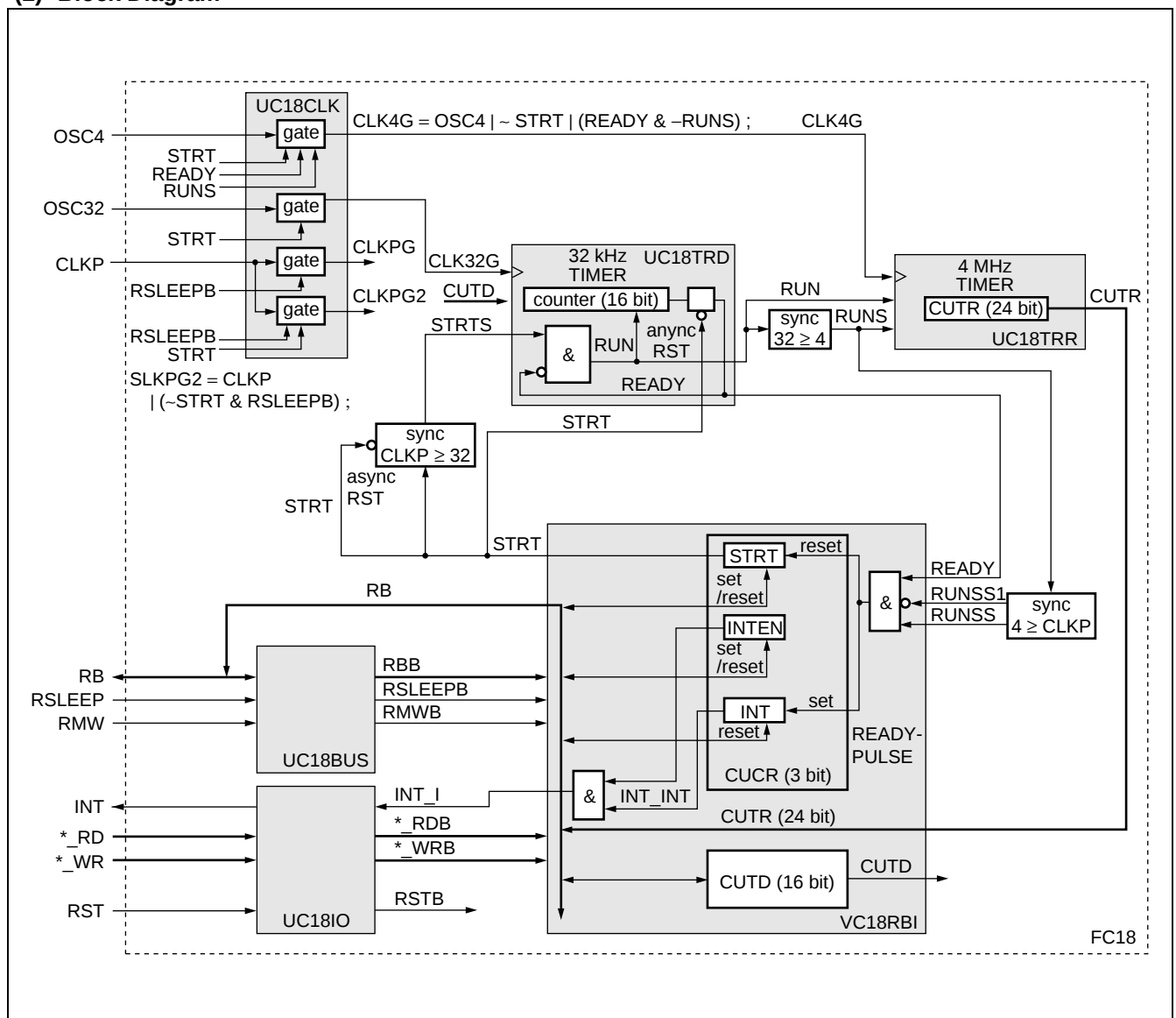
(1) Description

This hardware allows the software to measure time generated by the 32 kHz clock with the 4 MHz clock.

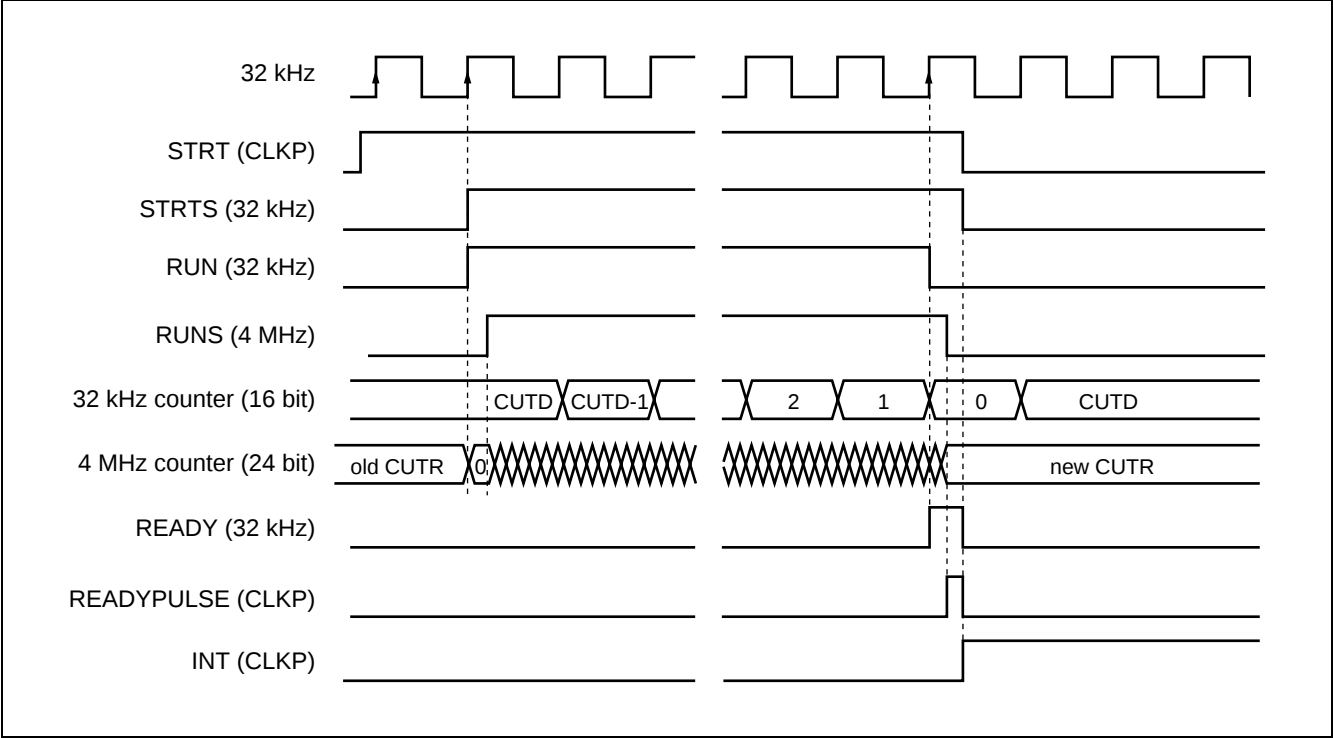
By utilizing this hardware in conjunction with software processing, the accuracy of the 32 kHz clock can come closer to that of the 4 MHz clock. The measurement result from the 32 kHz Clock Calibration Module can be processed by the software and the setting required for the Real Time Clock Module can be obtained.

This module consists of two timers, one operating with the 32 kHz clock and the other operating with the 4 MHz clock. The 32 kHz timer triggers the 4 MHz timer and resulting 4 MHz timer value is stored in a register. The value stored in this register can be used for the subsequent software processing to calculate the desired Real Time Clock module's setting.

(2) Block Diagram



(3) Timing



MB91360G Series

(4) Clocks

The module operates with 3 different clocks : The 4 MHz clock OSC4, the 32 kHz clock OSC32 and the Rbus clock CLKP. Synchronization circuits adapt the different domains.

All 3 clocks are gated. The 32 kHz and the 4 MHz clock are switched off if STRT is 0. CLKPG is gated by RSLEEP and CLKPG2 by RSLEEP and STRT for the 2 bits, which are set/reset by hardware.

The clock frequencies have to fulfill the following requirements :

1.) Clock ratio

$$T_{OSC32} > 2 \times T_{OSC4} + 3 \times T_{CLKP}$$

$$T_{OSC4} < 1 / 2 \times T_{OSC32} - 3 / 2 \times T_{CLKP}$$

$$T_{CLKP} < 1 / 3 \times T_{OSC32} - 2 / 3 \times T_{OSC4}$$

2.) The input frequencies must not exceed the values given in next table.

Maximum operation frequencies

	CLKP		OSC32		OSC4	
maximum	32 MHz	31.25 ns	4 MHz	250 ns	13 MHz	76.9 ns

Examples of valid clock ratios which fulfill requirements 1 and 2

	OSC32		OSC4		CLKP	
maximum operation speed	4 MHz	250 ns	13 MHz	76.9 ns	32 MHz	31.25 ns
standard TDIR mode	500 kHz	2000 ns	4 MHz	250 ns	4 MHz	250 ns
normal operation	32 kHz	31.25 us	4 MHz	250 ns	> 2 MHz	500 ns

(5) Register Description

a : Calibration Unit Control Register (CUCR)

Control Register low byte (CUCRL)

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	⇐ Bit no.
Address: 000191 _H	—	—	—	STRT	—	—	INT	INTEN	
Read/write ⇐	(R)	(R)	(R)	(R/W)	(R)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	
Default value ⇐	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	

b : 32 kHz Timer Data Register (CUTD)

32 kHz Timer Data Register high byte (CUTDH)

	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	⇐ Bit no.
Address: 000192 _H	TDD15	TDD14	TDD13	TDD12	TDD11	TDD10	TDD9	TDD8	
Read/write ⇐	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	
Default value ⇐	(1)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	

32 kHz Timer Data Register low byte (CUTDL)

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	⇐ Bit no.
Address: 000193 _H	TDD7	TDD6	TDD5	TDD4	TDD3	TDD2	TDD1	TDD0	
Read/write ⇐	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	(R/W)	
Default value ⇐	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	

c : 4 MHz Timer Data Register (CUTR)

4 MHz Timer Data Register1 high byte (CUTR1H)

	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	⇐ Bit no.
Address: 000194 _H	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Read/write ⇐	(R)	(R)	(R)	(R)	(R)	(R)	(R)	(R)	
Default value ⇐	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	

4 MHz Timer Data Register1 low byte (CUTR1L)

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	⇐ Bit no.
Address: 000195 _H	TDR23	TDR22	TDR21	TDR20	TD19	TDR18	TDR17	TDR16	
Read/write ⇐	(R)	(R)	(R)	(R)	(R)	(R)	(R)	(R)	
Default value ⇐	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	

4 MHz Timer Data Register2 high byte (CUTR2H)

	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	⇐ Bit no.
Address: 000196 _H	TDR15	TDR14	TDR13	TDR12	TDR11	TDR10	TDR9	TDR8	
Read/write ⇐	(R)	(R)	(R)	(R)	(R)	(R)	(R)	(R)	
Default value ⇐	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	

4 MHz Timer Data Register2 low byte (CUTR2L)

	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	⇐ Bit no.
Address: 000197 _H	TDR7	TDR6	TDR5	TDR4	TD3	TDR2	TDR1	TDR0	
Read/write ⇐	(R)	(R)	(R)	(R)	(R)	(R)	(R)	(R)	
Default value ⇐	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	

MB91360G Series

30. FLASH MEMORY

MB91360G series devices feature 512 K of embedded flash memory unit derived from the MB29LV400C and the FLASH Memory interface circuit.

(1) Out Line of Flash Memory

The Flash Memory consists of a flash memory unit derived from the MBM29LV400C and a flash memory interface circuit.

Flash Memory :

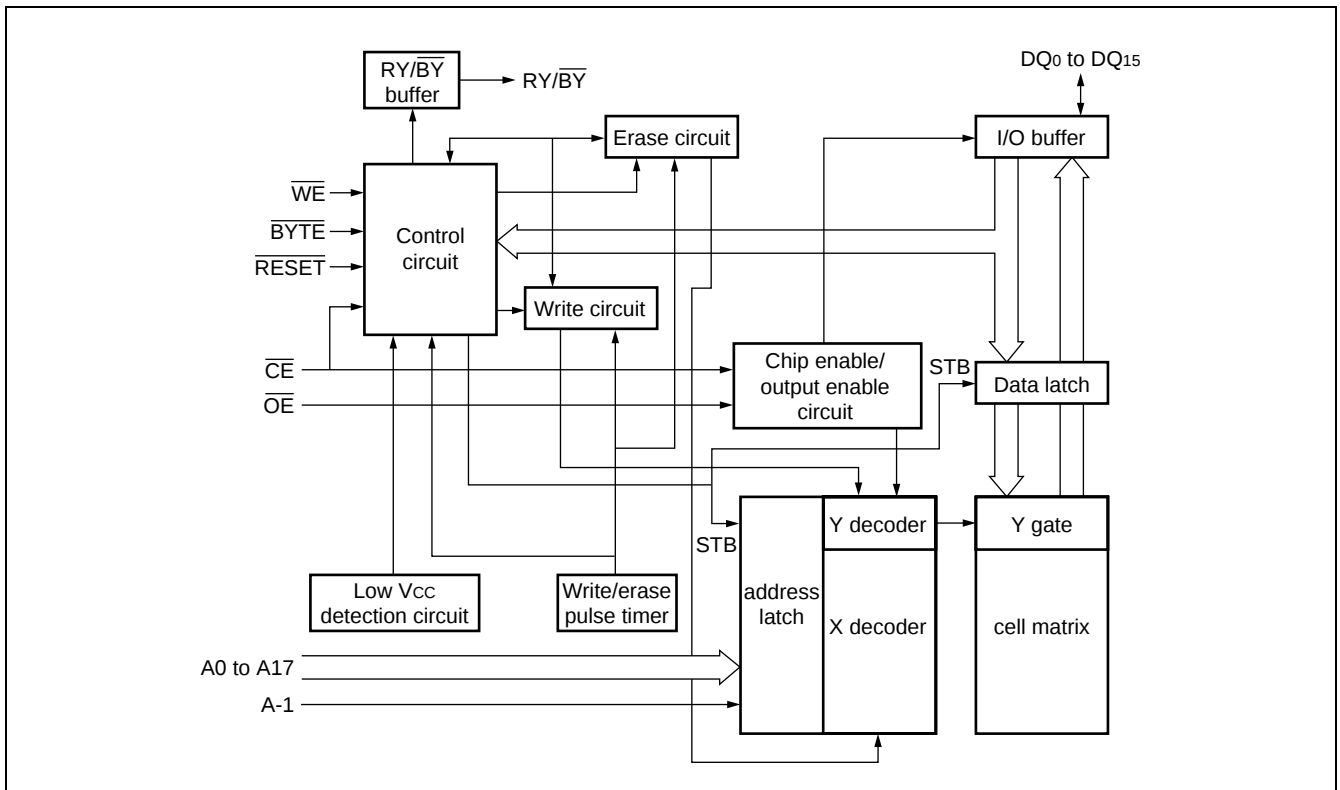
- 512 Kword $\times$ 8 bit/256 Kword $\times$ 16 bit/128 Kword $\times$ 32 bit (64 Kbyte $\times$ 3 + 32 Kbyte + 8 Kbyte $\times$ 2 + 16 Kbyte) sectors
- Uses automatic program algorithm (Embedded Algorithm™)
- Erase pause/restart function
- Detects completion of writing/erasing using data polling or toggle bit functions
- Detects completion of writing/erasing by RY/BY pin
- Compatible with JEDEC standard commands
- Performs minimum of 10,000 write/erase operations
- Sector erase function (any combination of sectors)
- Sector protect function
- Temporary sector protect cancellation function
- Allows flash memory interface circuit to write to/erase flash memory both under control of external pin by writer and under control of internal bus by CPU.

Embedded Algorithm™ is a registered trademark of Advanced Micro Devices, Inc.

(2) Block diagrams of Flash Memory

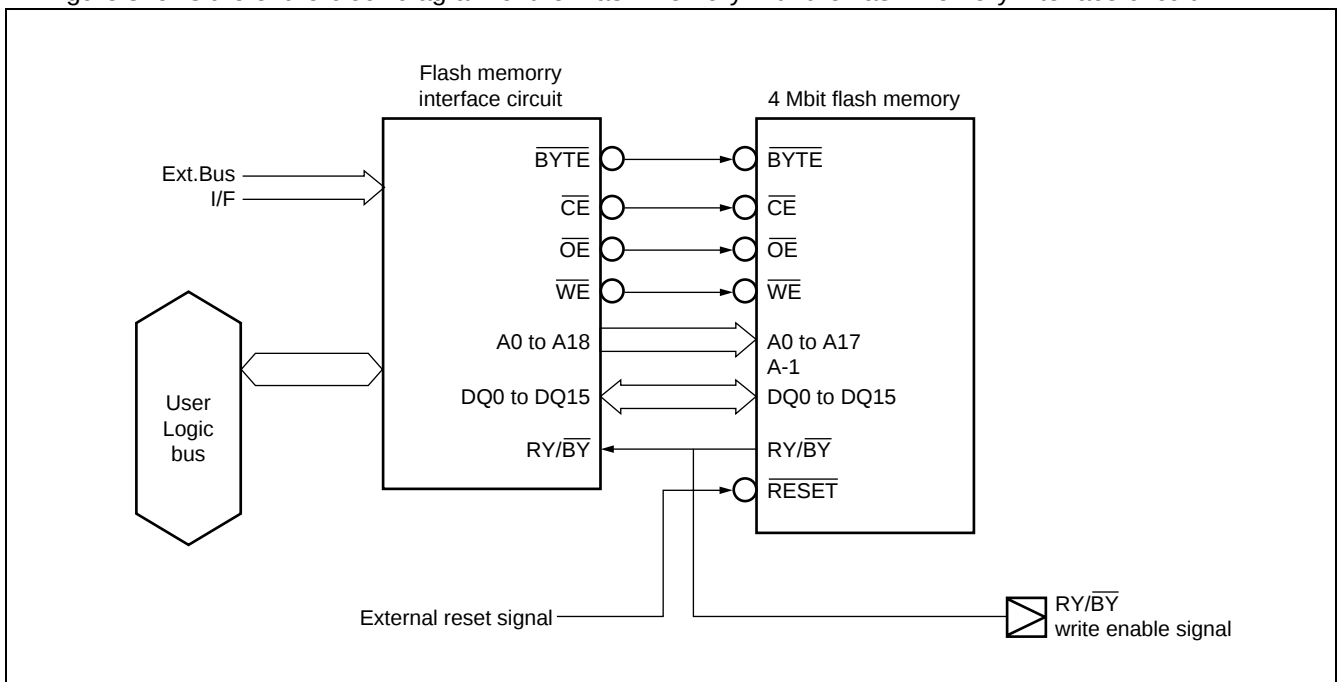
a : Block diagram of Flash Memory

Figure shows the block diagram of the flash memory unit, which has almost the same configuration as the MBM29LV400C.



b : Entire block diagram of Flash Memory

Figure shows the entire block diagram of the Flash Memory with the flash memory interface circuit.



MB91360G Series

c : Sector configuration

i) write, byte read, half word read

		Flash Memory mode	Other modes
8 bit × 2		7FFFF _H	FFFFF _H
Sector 13	16 KB	7C000 _H	FC000 _H
Sector 12	8 KB	7A000 _H	FA000 _H
Sector 11	8 KB	78000 _H	F8000 _H
Sector 10	32 KB	70000 _H	F0000 _H
Sector 9	64 KB	60000 _H	E0000 _H
Sector 8	64 KB	50000 _H	D0000 _H
Sector 7	64 KB	40000 _H	C0000 _H
Sector 6	16 KB	3C000 _H	BC000 _H
Sector 5	8 KB	3A000 _H	BA000 _H
Sector 4	8 KB	38000 _H	B8000 _H
Sector 3	32 KB	30000 _H	B0000 _H
Sector 2	64 KB	20000 _H	A0000 _H
Sector 1	64 KB	10000 _H	90000 _H
Sector 0	64 KB	00000 _H	80000 _H

ii) long word read

MSB		LSB		Flash Memory mode	Other modes
8 bit × 2		8 bit × 2		7FFFF _H	FFFFF _H
Sector 13	16 KB	Sector 6	16 KB	78000 _H	F8000 _H
Sector 12	8 KB	Sector 5	8 KB	74000 _H	F4000 _H
Sector 11	8 KB	Sector 4	8 KB	70000 _H	F0000 _H
Sector 10	32 KB	Sector 3	32 KB	60000 _H	E0000 _H
Sector 9	64 KB	Sector 2	64 KB	40000 _H	C0000 _H
Sector 8	64 KB	Sector 1	64 KB	20000 _H	A0000 _H
Sector 7	64 KB	Sector 0	64 KB	00000 _H	80000 _H

(3) Write/Erase Modes

The flash memory can be accessed in two different ways; the flash memory mode allowing write/erase directly from the external pins, and the other modes allowing write/erase from the CPU via the internal bus. These modes are selected by the external mode pins.

a : Flash Memory mode

The CPU stops when the mode pins are set to 111 while the INITX signal is asserted. The flash memory interface circuit is directly connected to the external bus interface, allowing direct control by the external pins. This mode makes the MCU seem like a standard flash memory at the external pins, and write/erase can be performed using a flash memory programmer.

In the flash memory mode all the operations supported by the flash memory automatic algorithm can be used.

b : Other modes

The flash memory is located in the CS1X area of the CPU memory space and like ordinary mask ROM can be read-accessed and program-accessed from the CPU through the flash memory interface circuit.

Writing/erasing the flash memory is performed by instructions from the CPU via the flash memory interface circuit. Therefore, this mode allows rewriting even when the MCU is soldered on the target board.

The sector protect operations can not be performed in these modes.

c : Control signals of flash memory

Next table lists the flash memory control signals in the flash memory mode.

There is almost a one-to-one correspondence between the flash memory control signals and the external pins of the MBM291V400TA. The V_{ID} (12 V) pins required by the sector protect operations are MD0, MD1 and MD2 instead of A9, RESET and OE for the MBM29LV400C.

In the flash memory mode, the width of the external data bus can be 8 or 16 bit.

MB91360G Series

Flash Control Signals

• MB91F362GA

Pins used in flash memory mode

MB91F362GA			MBM29LV400C	Notes
Pin number	Normal function	Flash Memory mode		
1 to 8	D24 to D31	D24 to D31	DQ8 to DQ15	
9	A0	A0	A-1	
10 to 24	A1 to A15	A1 to A15	A0 to A14	
27 to 30	A16 to A18	A16 to A18	A15 to A17	
32	CS4X	CS4X	WE	
33	CS5X	CS5X	BYTE	
35	RDY	RDY	OE	
36	BGRNTX	BGRNTX	CE	
37	BRQ	BRQ	RY/ $\overline{\text{BY}}$	
111	MD0	VDA9	A9 (V_{ID})	
112	MD1	VDRS	$\overline{\text{RESET}}$ (V_{ID})	
113	MD2	VDOE	OE (V_{ID})	
115	INITX	INITX	RESET	
201 to 208	D16 to D23	D16 to D23	DQ0 to DQ7	
183 to 197, 200	D0 to D15	Output when reading from flash	—	Pull up
34	CS6X	TMODEX	—	Must be pulled up
30 to 31	A19 to A20	A19 to A20	—	Pull up or pull down

A19, A20 should be pulled up, $\overline{\text{INITX}}$ must be low during power on for at least 500 ns.

Pins not used in flash memory mode

MB91F362GA			Notes
Pin number	Normal function	Pin state	
75 to 76	DA0, DA1	output	leave open
77	ALARM	input	pull down
81 to 83	TESTX, CPUTESTX, LTESTX	input	pull up or leave open (internal pull-up)
114	HSTX	input	pull up or leave open (internal pull-up)
116	MONCLK	output	leave open
117	SELCLK	input	pull up
119, 121	X0, X0A	input	pull down
120, 122	X1, X1A	output	leave open
124	CPO	output	leave open
125	VCI	input	pull down
all other signals		input	Pull up

MB91360G Series

• MB91FV360GA

MB91FV360GA			MBM29LV400C
Pin number	Normal function	Flash Memory mode	
202	A0	A0	A-1
310	A1	A1	A0
201	A2	A2	A1
357	A3	A3	A2
257	A4	A4	A3
144	A5	A5	A4
309	A6	A6	A5
256	A7	A7	A6
200	A8	A8	A7
356	A9	A9	A8
308	A10	A10	A9
92	A11	A11	A10
44	A12	A12	A11
255	A13	A13	A12
143	A14	A14	A13
199	A15	A15	A14
307	A16	A16	A15
91	A17	A17	A16
142	A18	A18	A17
140	CS4X	CS4X	$\overline{WE}$
196	CS5X	CS5X	$\overline{BYTE}$
89	CS6X	TMODX	—
305	RDY	RDY	$\overline{OE}$
139	BGRNTX	BGRNTX	$\overline{CE}$
88	BRQ	BRQ	RY/BY
293	MD0	VDA9	A9 (V_{ID})
31	MD1	VDRS	$\overline{RESET}$ (V_{ID})
239	MD2	VDOE	$\overline{OE}$ (V_{ID})
30	INITX	INITX	$\overline{RESET}$
46	D16	D16	DQ0
95	D17	D17	DQ1
1	D18	D18	DQ2
148	D19	D19	DQ3
205	D20	D20	DQ4

(Continued)

MB91360G Series

(Continued)

MB91FV360GA			MBM29LV400C
Pin number	Normal function	Flash Memory mode	
45	D21	D21	DQ5
94	D22	D22	DQ6
260	D23	D23	DQ7
312	D24	D24	DQ8
204	D25	D25	DQ9
147	D26	D26	DQ10
93	D27	D27	DQ11
259	D28	D28	DQ12
203	D29	D29	DQ13
146	D30	D30	DQ14
258	D31	D31	DQ15

• MB91F369GA

MB91F369GA				MBM29LV400C
Pin number	Normal function	Flash Memory mode	Function in Flash Memory mode	
58	MD0	HVDA9	High Volt. A9 ^(c)	A9 (V _{ID})
59	MD1	HVDR5	High Volt. RESET ^(c)	$\overline{\text{RESET}}$ (V _{ID})
60	MD2	HVDOE	High Volt. OE ^(c)	$\overline{\text{OE}}$ (V _{ID})
62	INTX	RSTX	Hardware Reset	$\overline{\text{RESET}}$
68	INT0	RY/BYX	Ready/Busy	$\overline{\text{RY/BY}}$
69	INT1	CEX	Chip Enable	$\overline{\text{CE}}$
70	INT2	TSTX ^(a)	Flash Test	
71	INT3	BYTEX	switch 8/16 bit mode	$\overline{\text{BYTE}}$
72	INT4	WEX	Write Enable	$\overline{\text{WE}}$
73	INT5	OEX	Output Enable	$\overline{\text{OE}}$
74	INT6	ATDIN ^(b)	Access signal ATD	
75	INT7	EQIN ^(b)	Access signal EQ	
121 to 136	D0 to D15	AQ19 downto AQ4	Address input	A19 downto A4
139 to 154	D16 to D31	DQ16 to DQ31	Data input/output	DQ0 to DQ15
157 to 160	A0 to A3	AQ0 to AQ3	Address input	A0 to A3

a. Pin 70 must be pulled high in Flash Memory Mode.

b. Pins 74 and 75 must be pulled low in Flash Memory Mode.

c. Functionality as described in the Data Sheet of MBM29LV400C.

AVRH must be tight to a high level, ALARM to a low level. All other Pins can be left open during Flash Memory Mode.

(4) Flash Control Status Register (FMCS)

Flash Memory Macros used in devices :

Normal Flash Macro used in : MB91F362GA

Fast Flash Macro used in : MB91FV360GA

Address	bit 7	bit 6	bit 5	bit 4	bit 3	bit 2	bit 1	bit 0
FV360GA, F362GA : 00007000 _H	FACCEN	—	—	RDYEG*	RDY	RDYI	WE	LPM
Access	R/W	R/W	R/W	R	R	R/W	R/W	R/W
Initial value	1	1	1	0	X	0	0	0
value after Boot ROM	0	1	1	0	X	0	0	0

*: It is not allowed to use RDYEG.

MB91360G Series

(5) Read/Write Access

In the flash memory mode, read/write access to the flash memory must be under control of the external pins. However, with the CPU access, there are no special timing constraints on read/write access because the flash memory is controlled by the flash memory interface circuit.

In this section, "write access" does not directly mean "program flash memory". It implies "activation of the flash commands".

a : Read/write access in flash memory mode

Next table gives the setting of pins for read/write access in the Flash Memory mode. There is no special problem with control of these pins if connected to a flash memory writer. However, in other cases, timing specifications must be met.

Setting Conditions of Pins for Read/Write Access in Flash Memory Mode

Operations	BGRNTX ($\overline{\text{CE}}$)	RDY ($\overline{\text{OE}}$)	CS4X ($\overline{\text{WE}}$)	A0 to A18	D16 to D31	$\overline{\text{INIT}}$
Read	L	L	H	Read address	D _{OUT}	H
Write	L	H	L	Write address	D _{IN}	H
Output disable	L	H	H	x	High-Z	H
Standby	H	x	x	x	High-Z	H
Hardware reset	x	x	x	x	High-Z	L

Note : This table uses pin names from F362GA. Check corresponding pin names of other devices.

b : Read access with CPU

Flash Wait Control Register (FMWT)

Address	bit 7	bit 6	bit 5	bit 4	bit 3	bit 2	bit 1	bit 0
00007004 _H	—	—	FAC1	FAC0	EQINH	WTC2	WTC1	WTC0
Access		R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W
Initial value		0	0	0	0	0	1	1
value after Boot ROM		0	0	0	0	0	1	1
Normal Flash Macro		0	0	0	0	0	1	1
value after Boot ROM		0	0	1	0	0	1	1
Fast Flash Macro		0	0	1	0	0	1	1

MB91360G Series

Normal Flash Macro : Recommended settings

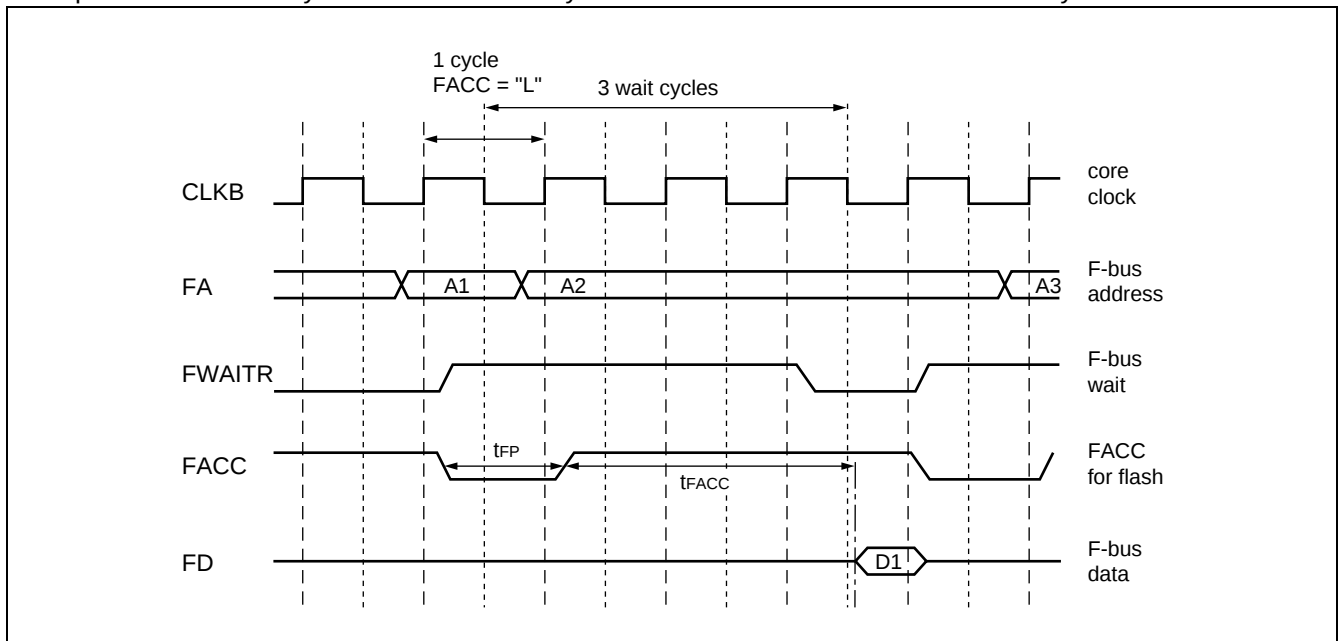
Without applying clock modulation

CLKB unmodulated core clock frequency [MHz]	FAC1	FAC0	EQINH	WTC2	WTC1	WTC0	FACC low cycles/wait cycles	FMWT
64	0	1	0	0	1	1	1 / 3	13 _H
48	0	1	0	0	1	1	1 / 3	13 _H
40	0	1	0	0	1	0	1 / 2	12 _H
32	0	0	0	0	1	0	0.5 / 2	02 _H
24	0	0	0	0	0	1	0.5 / 1	01 _H
16	0	0	0	0	0	1	0.5 / 1	01 _H

When applying clock modulation

CLKB core clock frequency [MHz]	Peak Max frequency	FAC1	FAC0	EQINH	WTC2	WTC1	WTC0	FACC low cycles/wait cycles	FMWT
48	64	0	1	0	0	1	1	1 / 3	13 _H
32	48	0	1	0	0	1	1	1 / 3	13 _H
24	40	0	1	0	0	1	0	1 / 2	12 _H
24	32	0	0	0	0	1	0	0.5 / 2	02 _H
16	24	0	0	0	0	0	1	0.5 / 1	01 _H

Example for flash memory read access with 1 cycle for the low time of FACC and 3 wait cycles



The minimum value for t_{FP} is 15 ns, for t_{FACC} it is 40 ns.

MB91360G Series

Fast Flash Macro : Recommended settings

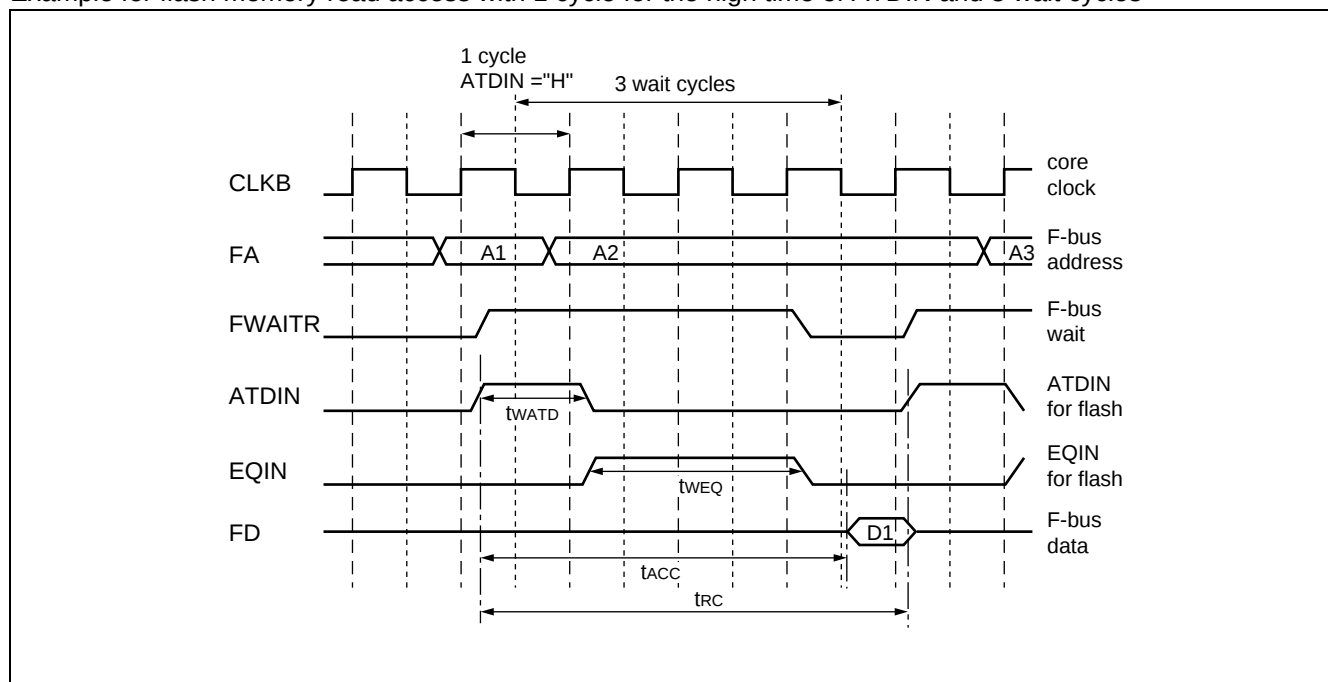
Without applying clock modulation

CLKB unmodulated core clock frequency [MHz]	FAC1	FAC0	EQINH	WTC2	WTC1	WTC0	ATDIN high cycles/wait cycles	FMWT
64	0	1	0	0	1	1	1 / 3	13 _H
48	0	0	0	0	1	0	0.5 / 2	02 _H
40	0	0	0	0	1	0	0.5 / 2	02 _H
32	0	0	1	0	0	1	0.5 / 1	09 _H
24	0	0	0	0	0	1	0.5 / 1	01 _H
16	0	0	0	0	0	1	0.5 / 1	01 _H

When applying clock modulation

CLKB core clock frequency [MHz]	Peak Max frequency	FAC1	FAC0	EQINH	WTC2	WTC1	WTC0	ATDIN high cycles/wait cycles	FMWT
48	64	0	1	0	0	1	1	1 / 3	13 _H
32	48	0	0	0	0	1	0	0.5 / 2	02 _H
24	40	0	0	0	0	1	0	0.5 / 2	12 _H
24	32	0	0	1	0	0	1	0.5 / 1	09 _H
16	24	0	0	0	0	0	1	0.5 / 1	01 _H

Example for flash memory read access with 1 cycle for the high time of ATDIN and 3 wait cycles



The minimum value for t_{WATD} is 10 ns, the minimum value for t_{WEQ} is 20 ns.

The minimum value for t_{RC} is 40 ns.

The maximum value for t_{ACC} is $t_{WATD} + t_{WEQ} + 5$ ns.

MB91360G Series

c : Write access with CPU

Recommended settings for WTC2 to WTC0 for write access to the flash memory, FACCEN of FMCS should be set to 1 for writing, so FAC1, FAC0, EQINH register settings then have no meaning for the write operation

Without applying clock modulation

CLKB unmodulated core clock frequency [MHz]	WTC2	WTC1	WTC0	Wait cycles	FMWT
64	setting not allowed for writing				
48	1	0	0	4	X4 _H
40	1	0	0	4	X4 _H
32	0	1	0	2	X2 _H
24	0	1	0	2	X2 _H
16	0	0	1	1	X1 _H

When applying clock modulation

CLKB core clock frequency [MHz]	Peak Max frequency	WTC2	WTC1	WTC0	Wait cycles	FMWT
48	64	setting not allowed for writing				
32	48	1	0	0	4	X4 _H
24	40	1	0	0	4	X4 _H
24	32	0	1	0	2	X2 _H
16	24	0	1	0	2	X2 _H

MB91360G Series

(6) Automatic Write/Erase

Irrespective of the Flash Memory mode or other modes, writing to/erasing the flash memory unit is performed by starting the flash memory automatic algorithm.

To start the automatic algorithm, various sequences of write accesses are executed in 1 to 6 cycles. They are called Flash commands.

a : Flash Commands

There are four commands for starting the automatic algorithm of the Flash Memory unit; Read/Reset, Write, Chip Erase, and Sector Erase. There are also Erase Suspend and Erase Resume commands for the sector erase operation.

Next tables give the command sequence lists in the flash memory and other modes.

b : Command sequence

Command Sequence List (CPU access)

Command Sequence	Write Cycle of Bus	Write Cycle of First Bus		Write Cycle of Second Bus		Write Cycle of Third Bus		Read/ Write Cycle of Fourth Bus		Write Cycle of Fifth Bus		Write Cycle of Sixth Bus	
		Ad-dress	Data	Ad-dress	Data	Ad-dress	Data	Ad-dress	Data	Ad-dress	Data	Ad-dress	Data
Read/Reset*	1	**xxxx	xxF0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Read/Reset*	4	**5554	xxAA	**aaa8	xx55	**5554	xxF0	RA	RD	—	—	—	—
Write	4	**5554	xxAA	**aaa8	xx55	**5554	xxA0	PA (even)	PD (half word)	—	—	—	—
Chip Erase	6	**5554	xxAA	*aaa8	xx55	**5554	xx80	**5554	xxAA	**aaa8	xx55	**5554	xx10
Sector Erase	6	**5554	xxAA	**aaa8	xx55	**5554	xx80	**5554	xxAA	**aaa8	xx55	SA (even)	xx30
Sector Erase Suspend	Input of address **xxxx or data (xxB0H) suspends sector erasing.												
Sector Erase Resume	Input of address **xxxx or data (xx30H) suspends and resumes sector erasing.												

Addresses in the table are the values in the CPU memory space. All addresses and data are hexadecimal values, where x is any value and ** may be 08 to 0F.

* : Two Read/Reset commands reset Flash memory to the read mode.

MB91360G Series

Command Sequence List (Flash Memory Mode)

Command Sequence	Write Cycle of Bus	Write Cycle of First Bus		Write Cycle of Second Bus		Write Cycle of Third Bus		Read/ Write Cycle of Fourth Bus		Write Cycle of Fifth Bus		Write Cycle of Sixth Bus	
		Ad-dress	Data	Ad-dress	Data	Ad-dress	Data	Ad-dress	Data	Ad-dress	Data	Ad-dress	Data
Read/Reset*	1	*xxxx	F0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Read/Reset*	4	*aaaa	AA	*5554	55	*aaaa	F0	RA	RD	—	—	—	—
Write	4	*aaaa	AA	*5554	55	*aaaa	A0	PA (even)	PD (word)	—	—	—	—
Chip Erase	6	*aaaa	AA	*5554	55	*aaaa	80	*aaaa	AA	*5554	55	*aaaa	10
Sector Erase	6	*aaaa	AA	*5554	55	*aaaa	80	*aaaa	AA	*5554	55	SA (even)	30
Sector Erase Suspend	Input of address *xxxx or data (B0 _H) suspends sector erasing.												
Sector Erase Resume	Input of address *xxxx or data (30 _H) suspends and resumes sector erasing.												

Addresses in the table are values for writer addresses. All addresses and data are hexadecimal values, where x is any value and * may be 0 to 7.

RA : Read address

PA : Write address. Only even addresses can be specified.

SA : Sector address (See next table) . Only even addresses can be specified.

RD : Read data

PD : Write data. Only word data can be specified.

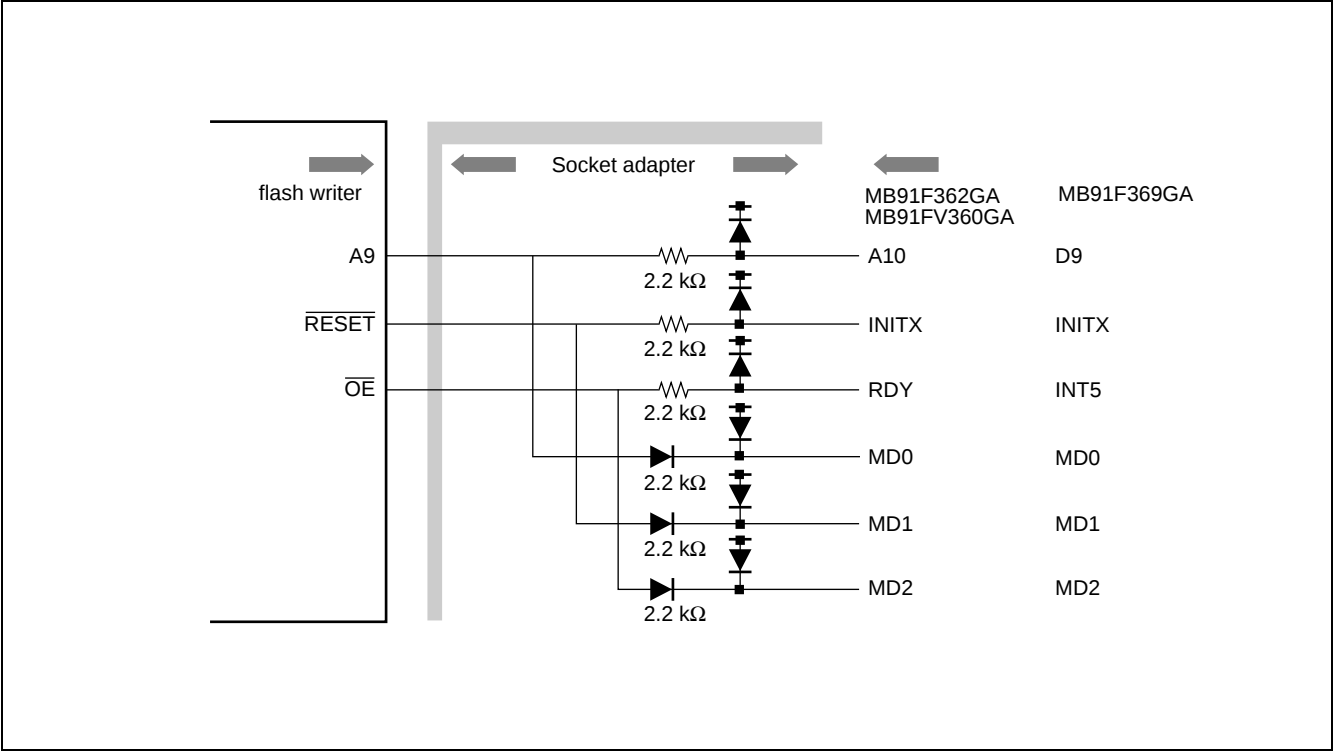
MB91360G Series

Sector Address for half word mode

Sector	A18	A17	A16	A15	A14	A13	Address range
SA13	1	1	1	1	1	—	7C000 _H to 7FFFF _H
SA12	1	1	1	1	0	1	7A000 _H to 7BFFF _H
SA11	1	1	1	1	0	0	78000 _H to 79FFF _H
SA10	1	1	1	0	—	—	70000 _H to 77FFF _H
SA9	1	1	0	—	—	—	60000 _H to 6FFFF _H
SA8	1	0	1	—	—	—	50000 _H to 5FFFF _H
SA7	1	0	0	—	—	—	40000 _H to 4FFFF _H
SA6	0	1	1	1	1	—	3C000 _H to 3FFFF _H
SA5	0	1	1	1	0	1	3A000 _H to 3BFFF _H
SA4	0	1	1	1	0	0	38000 _H to 39FFF _H
SA3	0	1	1	0	—	—	30000 _H to 37FFF _H
SA2	0	1	0	—	—	—	20000 _H to 2FFFF _H
SA1	0	0	1	—	—	—	10000 _H to 1FFFF _H
SA0	0	0	0	—	—	—	00000 _H to 0FFFF _H

(7) Connection to Flash Memory

The Flash Memory mode of the MB91360G series devices is intended mainly for external connection to a flash memory writer. As indicated in Table Flash Control Signals, there is a slight difference between the external pins of the MB91360G series devices and the MBM29LV400C (4 Mbit flash memory) . Connection to an MBM29LV400C writer requires the socket adapter.



MB91360G Series

(8) Notes to Use of Flash Memory

Notes on the Flash Memory in MB91360G series devices are given below.

a : Input of hardware reset (INITX)

To input a hardware reset when the automatic algorithm is not started, where reading is in progress, a minimum of 500 ns should be taken at a low-level width. In this case, a maximum of 500 ns is required until data can be read from the flash memory after a hardware reset has been activated.

Similarly, to input a hardware reset when the automatic algorithm is activated, where writing/erasing is in progress, a minimum of 50 ns should be taken in a low-level width. In this case, 20 μ s are required until data can be read after the executing operation has been terminated to initialize the flash memory.

A hardware reset during writing undefined data being written. A hardware reset during erasing may make the sector being erased unusable.

b : Canceling software reset, watchdog timer reset, and hardware standby

When writing/erasing the flash memory with the CPU access and if reset conditions occur while the automatic algorithm is active, the CPU may run away. This occurs because these reset conditions cause the automatic algorithm to continue without initializing the flash memory unit, possibly preventing the flash memory unit from entering the read state when the CPU starts the sequence after the reset has been deasserted. These reset conditions should be inhibited during writing/erasing the Flash Memory.

c : Program access to Flash Memory

When the automatic algorithm is operating, read access to the flash memory is disabled. With the memory access mode of the CPU set to the internal ROM mode, writing/erasing should be started after switching the program area to another area such as RAM.

In this case, when sectors containing interrupt vectors are erased, interrupt processing cannot be executed.

For the same reason, all interrupt sources should be disabled while the automatic algorithm is operating.

d : Hold function

When the CPU accepts a hold request, the Write signal $\overline{WE}$ of the flash memory unit may be skewed and many cause erroneous writing/erasing. When the acceptance of a hold request is enabled, ensure that the WE bit of the control status register (FMCS) is 0.

e : Applying V_{ID}

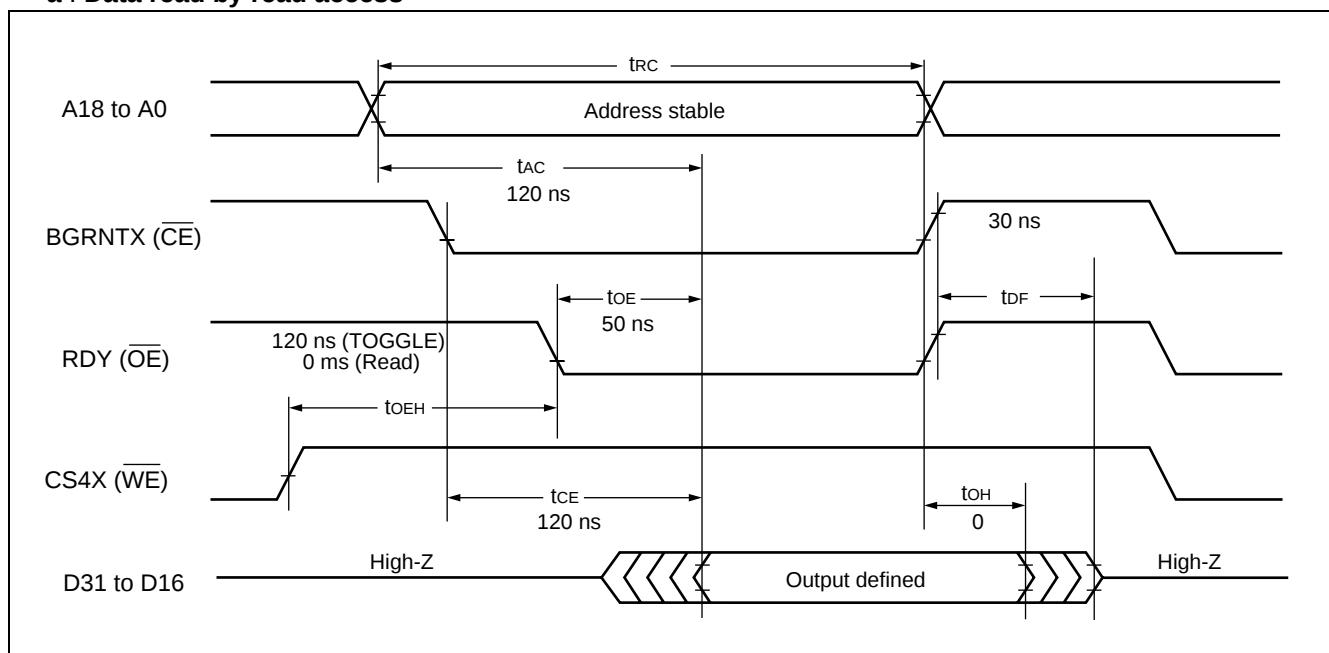
Applying V_{ID} required for the sector protect operation should always be started and terminated when the supply voltage is on.

MB91360G Series

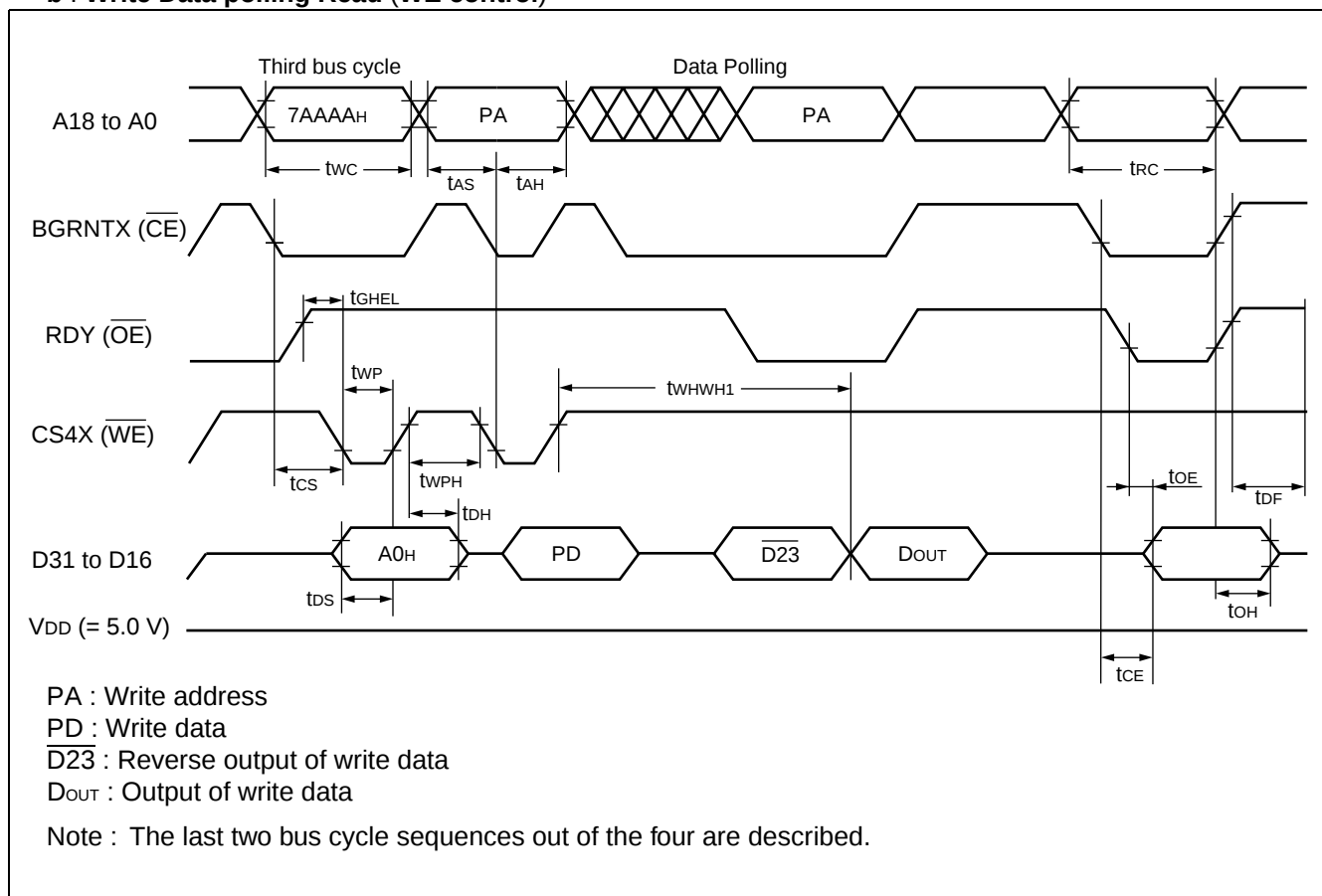
(9) Timing Diagrams in Flash Mode

Each timing diagram for the external pins of the MB91360G series in the Flash Memory mode is shown below.

a : Data read by read access

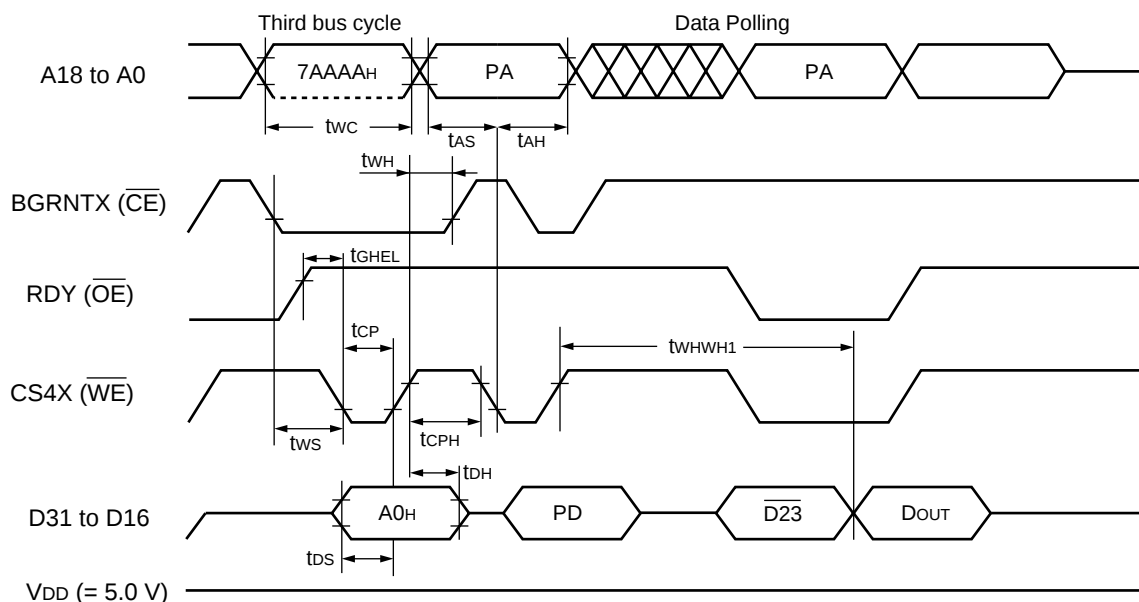


b : Write Data polling Read ($\overline{WE}$ control)



MB91360G Series

c : Write Data polling Read ($\overline{\text{CE}}$ control)



PA : Write address

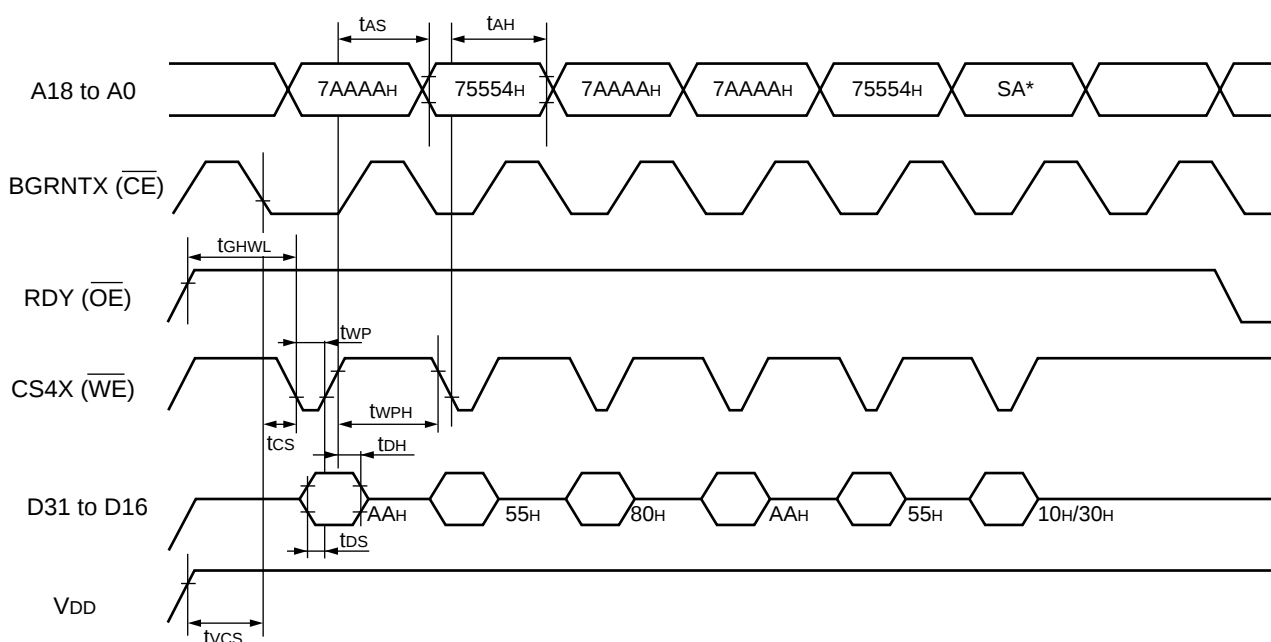
PD : Write data

D23 : Reverse output of write data

DOUT : Output of write data

Note : The last two bus cycle sequences out of the four are described.

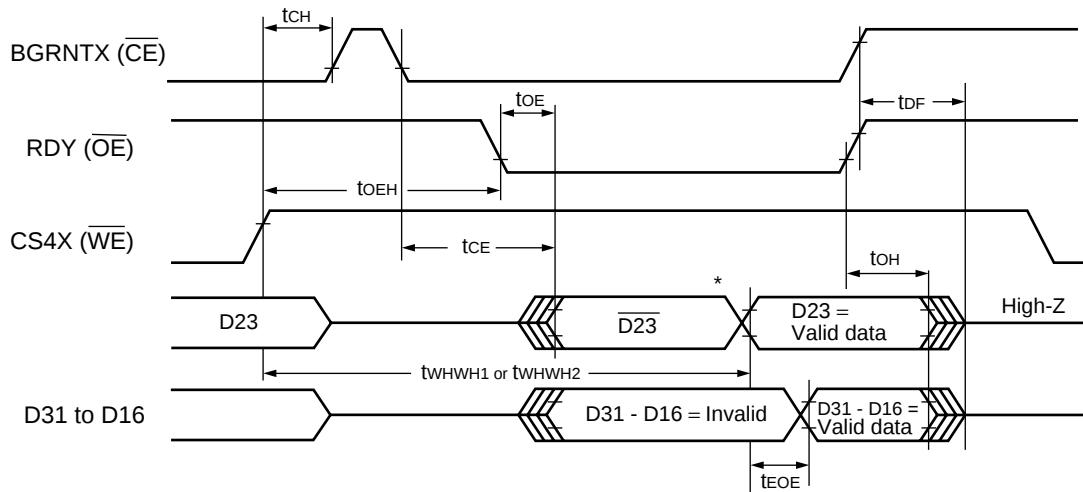
d : Chip erase/sector erase command sequence



Note : SA is the sector address at sector erasing. 7AAAAH (or 6AAAAH) is the address at chip erasing.

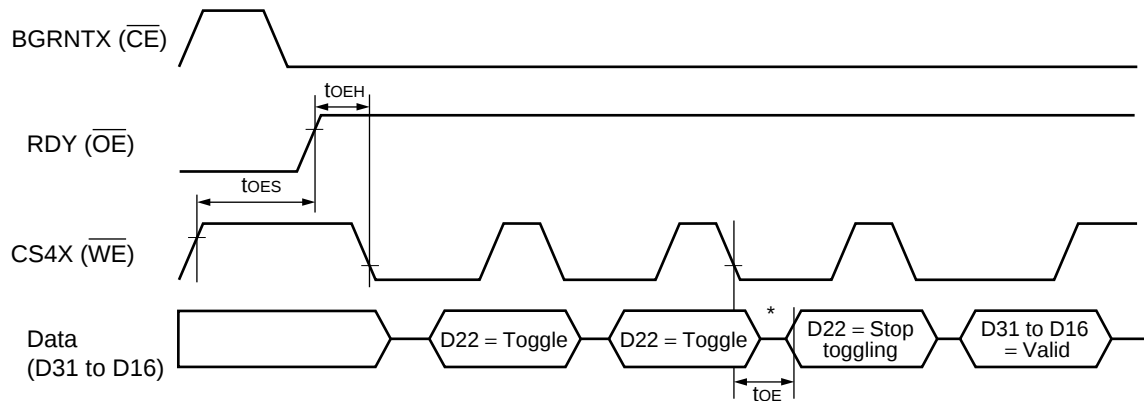
MB91360G Series

e : Data polling



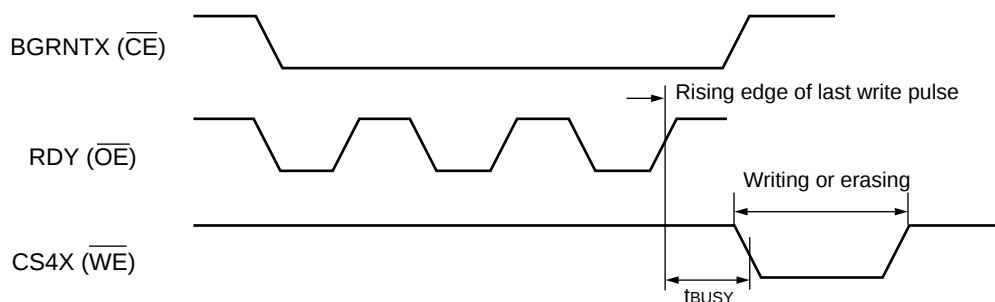
* : DQ7 is valid data (The device terminates automatic operation) .

f : Toggle bit



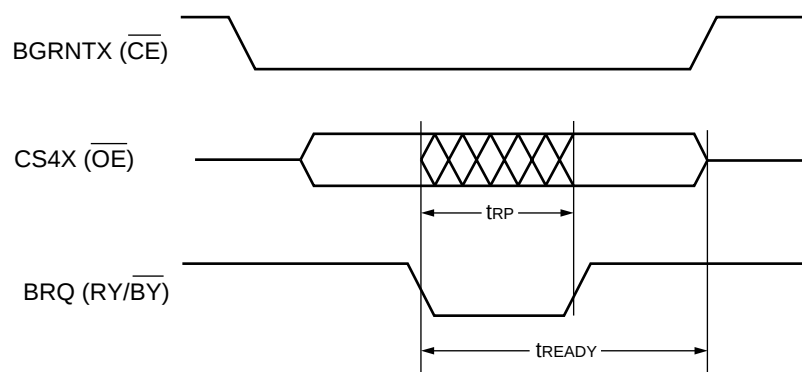
* : DQ6 stops toggling (The device terminates automatic operation) .

g : RY/ $\overline{\text{BY}}$ timing during writing/erasing

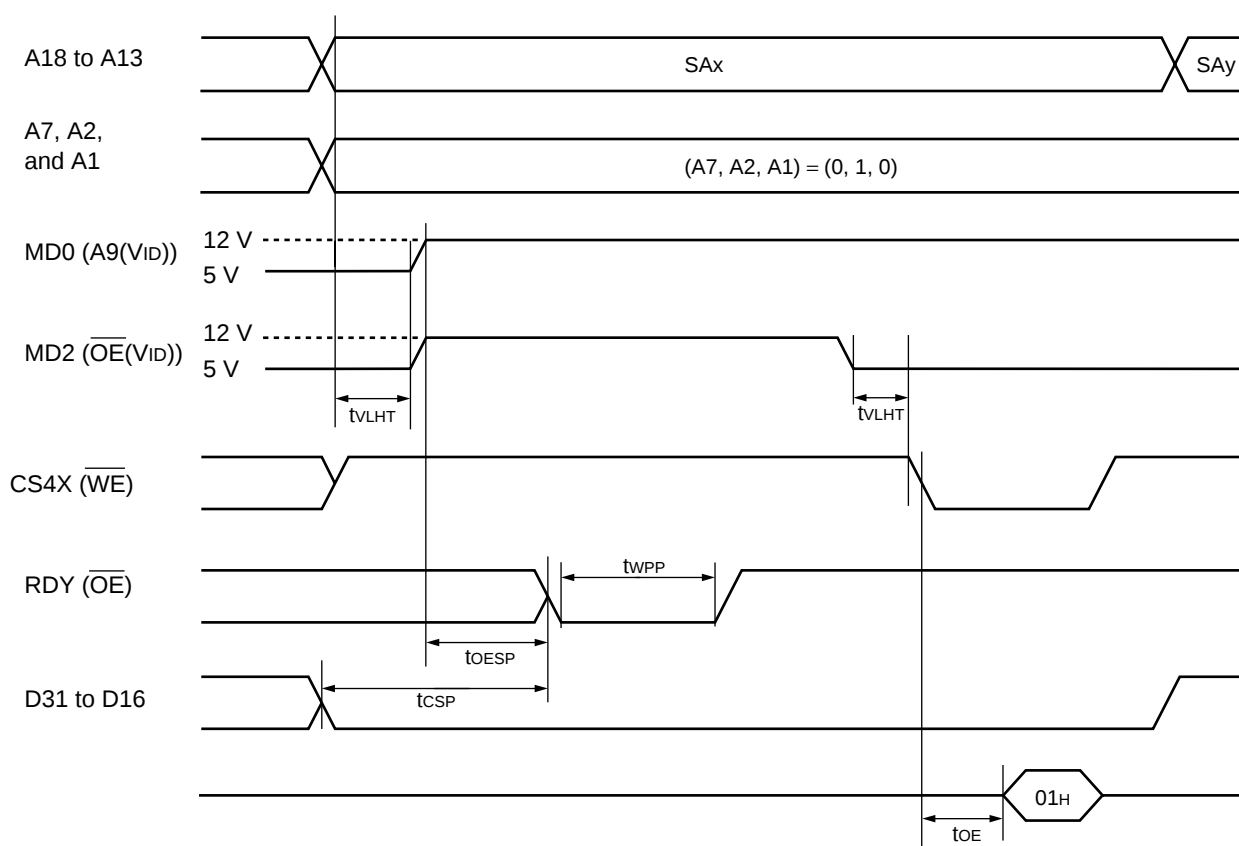


MB91360G Series

h : INITX and RY/ $\overline{\text{BY}}$ timing

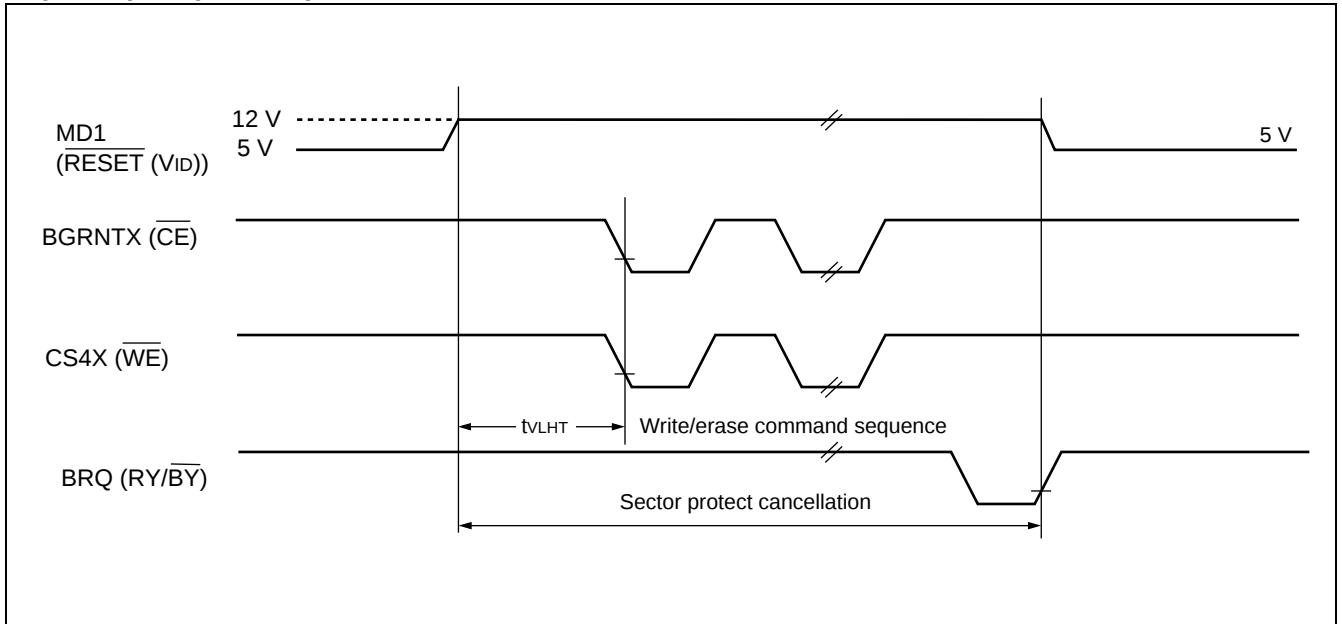


i : Enable sector protect/verify sector protect



SA_x : First sector address
SA_y : Next sector address

j : Temporary sector protect cancellation



MB91360G Series

(10) AC Characteristics in Flash Memory Mode

The AC specifications for the external pins of the MB91360G series in the Flash Memory mode are shown below. They apply to the case where the user performs read/write access in the Flash Memory mode. They are not needed for access in the normal mode and for use of a flash memory writer.

The values are subject to change without prior notice.

a : Read access

AC Characteristics for Read Access

(Under recommended conditions)

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Value			Unit
			Min	Typ	Max	
Read cycle time	t_{RC}	—	120	—	—	ns
Address access time	t_{ACC}	$\overline{CE} = V_{IL}$ $\overline{OE} = V_{IL}$	—	—	120	ns
$\overline{CE}$ to data output	t_{CE}	$\overline{OE} = V_{IL}$	—	—	120	ns
$\overline{OE}$ to data output	t_{OE}	—	—	—	50	ns
$\overline{CE}$ to output floating	t_{DF}	—	—	—	30	ns
$\overline{OE}$ to output floating	t_{DF}	—	—	—	30	ns
Previous cycle data output hold time	t_{OH}	—	0	—	—	ns
INITX pin to return to read mode	t_{Ready}	—	—	—	20	μs

Note : Sampled, not 100 % tested.

MB91360G Series

b : Write [write/erase command] access ($\overline{WE}$ control)

AC Characteristics for Write Access ($\overline{WE}$ Control)

(Under recommended conditions)

Parameter		Symbol	Value			Unit
			Min	Typ	Max	
Write cycle time		t_{WC}	120	—	—	ns
Address setup time		t_{AS}	0	—	—	ns
Address hold time		t_{AH}	50	—	—	ns
Data setup time		t_{DS}	50	—	—	ns
Data hold time		t_{DH}	0	—	—	ns
Output enable setup time		t_{OES}	0	—	—	ns
Output enable hold time	Read	t_{OEH}	0	—	—	ns
	Toggle and data polling		10	—	—	ns
Read recovery time before write		t_{GHWL}	0	—	—	ns
$\overline{CE}$ setup time		t_{CS}	0	—	—	ns
$\overline{CE}$ hold time		t_{CH}	0	—	—	ns
Write pulse width		t_{WP}	50	—	—	ns
Write pulse width High level		t_{WPH}	20	—	—	ns
Write continuation time		t_{WHWH1}	—	8	—	μ s
Sector erase continuation time*1		t_{WHWH2}	—	1	15	s
V_{CC} setup time		t_{VCS}	50	—	—	μ s
Voltage transition time*2		t_{VLHL}	4	—	—	μ s
Write pulse width*2		t_{WPP}	100	—	—	μ s
OE setup time for validating $\overline{WE}$ *2		t_{OESP}	4	—	—	μ s
CE setup time for validating $\overline{WE}$ *2		t_{CSP}	4	—	—	μ s
$\overline{INIT}$ pulse width		t_{RP}	500	—	—	ns
RY/ $\overline{BY}$ delay until write/erase is enabled		t_{BUSY}	50	—	—	ns

*1 : The internal preprogramming time before erasing is not included.

*2 : Applies only to sector protection

Note : Sampled, not 100 % tested.

MB91360G Series

c : Write [write/erase command] access ($\overline{\text{CE}}$ control)

AC Characteristics for Write Access ($\overline{\text{CE}}$ Control)

(Under recommended conditions)

Parameter	Symbol	Value			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	
Write cycle time	t_{WC}	120	—	—	ns
Address setup time	t_{AS}	0	—	—	ns
Address hold time	t_{AH}	50	—	—	ns
Data setup time	t_{DS}	50	—	—	ns
Data hold time	t_{DH}	0	—	—	ns
Output enable setup time	t_{OES}	0	—	—	ns
Output enable hold time	Read	0	—	—	ns
	Toggle and data polling	10	—	—	ns
Read recovery time before write	t_{GHWL}	0	—	—	ns
$\overline{\text{WE}}$ setup time	t_{WS}	0	—	—	ns
$\overline{\text{WE}}$ hold time	t_{WH}	0	—	—	ns
$\overline{\text{CE}}$ pulse width	t_{CP}	50	—	—	ns
$\overline{\text{CE}}$ pulse width High level	t_{CPH}	20	—	—	ns
Write continuation time	t_{WHWH1}	—	16	—	μs
Sector erase continuation time*	t_{WHWH2}	—	1.5	30	s
V_{CC} setup time	t_{VCS}	50	—	—	μs
$\overline{\text{INIT}}$ pulse width	t_{RP}	500	—	—	ns
$\text{RY}/\overline{\text{BY}}$ delay until write/erase is enabled	t_{BUSY}	50	—	—	ns

* : The internal preprogramming time before erasing is not included.

Note : Sampled, not 100 % tested.

MB91360G Series

■ ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

1. Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Rating		Unit	Condition
		Min	Max		
Digital supply voltage	$V_{DD}-V_{SS}$	-0.3	+6.0	V	
Stepper motor control supply voltage	$HV_{DD}-HV_{SS}$	-0.3	+6.5	V	
Storage temperature	Tstg	-55	+125	°C	
Power consumption	P_{TOT}	—	2500	mW	$T_A = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$
Digital input voltage	V_{IDIG}	-0.3*1	+5.8	V	$V_{SS} = 0\text{ V}$, $V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$
Analog input voltage	V_{IA}	-0.3	+5.8	V	$V_{SSA} = 0\text{ V}$, $V_{DDA} = 5\text{ V}$
Analog supply voltage	$V_{DDA}-V_{SSA}$	-0.3	+5.8	V	$V_{SSA} = 0\text{ V}$
Analog reference voltage	$V_{REFH/L}-V_{SSA}$	-0.3	+5.8	V	$V_{SSA} = 0\text{ V}$
Static DC current into digital I/O	$I_{I/ODC}$	-2.0	+2.0	mA	*2
Static total DC current into digital I/O	$\sum I_{I/ODC} $	—	20	mA	*2

*1 : Making full use of the allowed static DC current into digital I/O will lead to lower values for V_{IDIG} Min.

*2 : • Applicable to pins : D0 to D31, A0 to A20, CS0X to CS6X, RDY, BGRNTX, BRQ, RDX, WR0X to WR3X, AS, ALE, CLK, DREQ0, DACK0, DEOP0, INT0 to INT7, SGO, SGA, SDA, SCL, SOT0, SIN0, SCK0, OCPA0 to OCPA3, TX0, TX1, RX0, RX1, SOT3 to SOT4, SIN3 to SIN4, SCK3 to SCK4, LED0 to LED7 (MB91F362GA only) , IN0 to IN3 (MB91F362GA only) , OUT0 to OUT3 (MB91F362GA only) , OCPA4 to OCPA7 (MB91F362GA only) , SOT1 to SOT2 (MB91F362GA only) , SIH1 to SIH2 (MB91F362GA only) , SCK1 to SCK2 (MB91F362GA only) , PWM1P0 to PWM1P3 (MB91F362GA only) , PWM1M0 to PWM1M3 (MB91F362GA only) , PWM2P0 to PWM2P3 (MB91F362GA only) , PWM2M0 to PWM2M3 (MB91F362GA only)

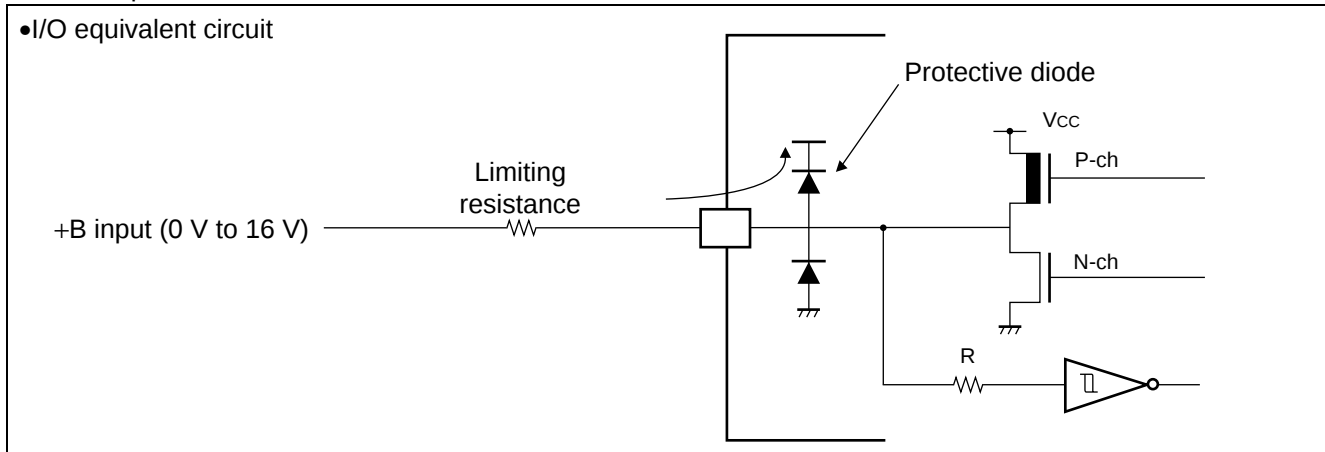
- Use within recommended operating conditions.
- Use at DC voltage (current).
- The +B signal should always be applied with a limiting resistance placed between the +B signal and the microcontroller.
- The value of the limiting resistance should be set so that when the +B signal is applied the input current to the microcontroller pin does not exceed rated values, either instantaneously or for prolonged periods.
- Note that when the microcontroller drive current is low, such as in the power saving modes, the +B input potential may pass through the protective diode and increase the potential at the VCC pin, and this may affect other devices.
- Note that if a +B signal is input when the microcontroller current is off (not fixed at 0 V) , the power supply is provided from the pins, so that incomplete operation may result.
- Note that if the +B input is applied during power-on, the power supply is provided from the pins and the resulting supply voltage may not be sufficient to operate the power-on reset.
- Care must be taken not to leave the +B input pin open.
- Note that analog system input/output pins other than the A/D input pins (LCD drive pins, comparator input pins, etc.) cannot accept +B signal input.

(Continued)

MB91360G Series

(Continued)

- Sample recommended circuits



WARNING: Semiconductor devices can be permanently damaged by application of stress (voltage, current, temperature, etc.) in excess of absolute maximum ratings. Do not exceed these ratings.

2. Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter		Symbol	Value			Unit	Condition
			Min	Typ	Max		
Operating temperature		T_A	-40		+85	°C	
Supply voltage (Internal voltage regulator)	Digital supply	$V_{DD} - V_{SS}$	4.25*	5	5.25	V	$V_{DDCORE} = 3.3 \text{ V}$
	Stepper motor control supply	$HV_{DD} - HV_{SS}$	4.75	5	5.25	V	$HV_{SS} = 0 \text{ V}$
	Analog supply	$V_{DDA} - V_{SSA}$	4.9	5	5.1	V	$V_{SSA} = 0 \text{ V}$
RAM data retention voltage		$V_{DD} - V_{SS}$	3.0	—	—	V	

*: This is only valid if the integrated power-down reset circuit is switched-off, else a reset can be triggered at voltages less or equal than 4.5 V (see "23. POWER DOWN RESET").

WARNING: The recommended operating conditions are required in order to ensure the normal operation of the semiconductor device. All of the device's electrical characteristics are warranted when the device is operated within these ranges.

Always use semiconductor devices within their recommended operating condition ranges. Operation outside these ranges may adversely affect reliability and could result in device failure.

No warranty is made with respect to uses, operating conditions, or combinations not represented on the data sheet. Users considering application outside the listed conditions are advised to contact their FUJITSU representatives beforehand.

MB91360G Series

3. DC Characteristics

Parameter		Sym- bol	Value			Unit	Condition
			Min	Typ	Max		
Current consumption	Run mode	I_{srun}	—	—	*1	mA	$T_A = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$
	RTC mode	I_{sRTC}	—	0.5 —	1.25 500	mA μA	$f_{clk} = 4\text{ MHz at } T_A = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ $f_{clk} = 32\text{ kHz at } T_A = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$
	Stop mode	I_{sstop}	—	10	200	μA	$f_{clk} = 0\text{ at } T_A = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$
Stepper motor control	H-port output voltage	V_{OHH}	$HV_{DD} - 500$	—	$HV_{DD} - 125$	mV	$I_{ol} = \pm 30\text{ mA, } T_C = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$
		V_{OHL}	$HV_{SS} + 125$	—	$HV_{SS} + 500$	mV	$I_{ol} = \pm 30\text{ mA, } T_C = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$
		V_{OHH}	$HV_{DD} - 500$	—	$HV_{DD} - 125$	mV	$I_{ol} = \pm 27\text{ mA, } T_C = 85\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$
		V_{OHL}	$HV_{SS} + 125$	—	$HV_{SS} + 500$	mV	$I_{ol} = \pm 27\text{ mA, } T_C = 85\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$
		V_{OHH}	$HV_{DD} - 500$	—	$HV_{DD} - 125$	mV	$I_{ol} = \pm 30\text{ mA, } T_C = -40\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$
		V_{OHL}	$HV_{SS} + 125$	—	$HV_{SS} + 500$	mV	$I_{ol} = \pm 30\text{ mA, } T_C = -40\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$
	SMC comparator threshold voltage	V_{THcomp}	$HV_{DD} / 9 - 70$	$HV_{DD} / 9$	$HV_{DD} / 9 + 70$	mV	
	Slew rate	—	—	40	—	ns	$C_{load} = 0\text{ pF}$
Alarm comparator	Threshold voltage	Over-voltage V_{TAH}	$4/5 V_{DDA} - 5\%$	$4/5 V_{DDA}$	$4/5 V_{DDA} + 5\%$	V	(external 4 : 1 divider)
		Under-voltage V_{TAL}	$2/5 V_{DDA} - 5\%$	$2/5 V_{DDA}$	$2/5 V_{DDA} + 5\%$	V	
	Switching hysteresis	V_{TAHYS}	12.5	25	50	mV	
	Alarm sense time	t_{AS}	—	—	10	μs	
	Input resistance	R_{in}	5	—	—	$M\Omega$	at V_{TAH}, V_{TAL}
Power down Reset	Threshold voltage	V_{TPOR}	3.5	4.0	4.5	V	
	Switching hysteresis	$V_{TPO-RHYS}$	20	50	80	mV	
	Reset sense time	t_{RS}	—	—	10	μs	
Digital outputs	Output "H" voltage	V_{OH}	$V_{DD} - 0.5$	—	V_{DD}	V	$I_{load} = 4\text{ mA}$
	Output "L" voltage	V_{OL}	V_{SS}	—	$V_{SS} + 0.4$	V	$I_{load} = -4\text{ mA}$

*1 : See "4. Run Mode Current/Power Consumption".

(Continued)

MB91360G Series

Parameter			Symbol	Value			Unit	Condition
				Min	Typ	Max		
Digital Inputs*2	CMOS (Type : Q, S, Y, T)	High voltage range	V_{IH}	$0.65 \times V_{DD}$	—	V_{DD}	V	
		Low voltage range	V_{IL}	V_{SS}	—	$0.25 \times V_{DD}$	V	
	CMOS Schmitt-Trigger (Types : E, F, U)	High voltage range	V_{IH}	$0.8 \times V_{DD}$	—	V_{DD}	V	
		Low voltage range	V_{IL}	V_{SS}	—	$0.2 \times V_{DD}$	V	
	CMOS Automotive Schmitt-Trigger (Types : A, B, K1, M1, J)	High voltage range	V_{IH}	$0.8 \times V_{DD}$	—	V_{DD}	V	
		Low voltage range	V_{IL}	V_{SS}	—	$0.5 \times V_{DD}$	V	
		hysteresis voltage	—	—	0.5	—	V	
	CMOS 3/5 V (Type : L, N, O)	High voltage range	V_{IH}	$0.65 \times V_{DD}$	—	V_{DD}	V	
		Low voltage range	V_{IL}	V_{SS}	—	$0.25 \times V_{DD}$	V	
	CMOS 3 V (Type : P, W)	High voltage range	V_{IH}	$0.65 \times V_{DD}$	—	V_{DD}	V	
		Low voltage range	V_{IL}	V_{SS}	—	$0.25 \times V_{DD}$	V	
		Input capacitance	C_{IN}	—	—	16	pF	
		Input leakage current	I_{IL}	−1	—	+1	μA	$T_A = 25\text{ °C}$
		Pull up resistor	R_{up1} R_{up2}	—	50 10	—	kΩ kΩ	Types : E, U Type : S

(Continued)

*2 : valid for bidirectional tristate I/O PAD cell

MB91360G Series

(Continued)

Parameter		Symbol	Value			Unit	Condition
			Min	Typ	Max		
ADC inputs	Reference voltage input	V_{REFH} V_{REFL}	$V_{REFL} + 3$ V_{SSA}	—	V_{DDA} $V_{REFH} - 3$	V V	
	Input voltage range	V_{Imax} V_{imin}	V_{REFL} —	—	V_{REFH} —	V V	
	Input resistance	R_i	—	—	3.6	k Ω	
	Input capacitance	C_i	—	—	30	pF	
	Input leakage current	I_{IL}	–5	—	5	μ A	
	Impedance of external output driving the ADC input	—	—	—	4.0	k Ω	at sampling time of 1.6 μ s
DAC analog outputs	Output voltage	V_{out}	V_{SSA}	—	V_{DDA}	V	
	Output impedance	R_{out}	—	2.9	—	k Ω	external voltage follower required
	Output capacitance	C_{out}	—	—	20	pF	
Sound generator	Output voltage	$V_{outHIGH}$ V_{outLOW}	$V_{DD} - 0.5$ V_{SS}	—	V_{DD} $V_{SS} + 0.4$	V V	
	Output current	I_{out}	4	—	—	mA	
PPG	Output voltage	$V_{outHIGH}$ V_{outLOW}	$V_{DD} - 0.5$ V_{SS}	—	V_{DD} $V_{SS} + 0.4$	V V	
	Output current	I_{out}	4	—	—	mA	
LED	Output voltage	$V_{outHIGH}$ V_{outLOW}	$V_{DD} - 0.8$ —	—	— $V_{SS} + 0.8$	V V	$I_{outHIGH} = 14$ mA $I_{outLOW} = 24$ mA
I ² C Bus Interface (Open Drain Output)	Output voltage	$V_{outHIGH}$ V_{outLOW}	— V_{SS}	—	V_{DD} $V_{SS} + 0.4$	V V	open drain output
	Output current	I_{out}	3	—	—	mA	$I_{outLOW} = 3$ mA
Lock-up time PLL1 (4 MHz → 16 MHz to 64 MHz)		—	—	0.1	1	ms	
ESD Protection (Human body model MIL883-B compliant)		V_{surge}	2	—	—	kV	$R_{discharge} = 1.5$ k Ω $C_{discharge} = 100$ pF

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4. Run Mode Current/Power Consumption

The power dissipation during normal operation is determined by the total power dissipation of the internal logic P_C , the dissipation from analog modules P_A and the power dissipation P_{IO} of the I/O buffers. Among the I/O buffers the dissipation caused by the stepper motor drivers P_{SMC} should be taken into special consideration.

So the overall power consumption P_D will be calculated as a sum of $P_C + P_A + P_{SMC} + P_{IO}$.

(1) Logic Power Consumption

The following formula can be used to calculate the maximum core current consumption when the PLL is used depending on the frequency settings for the internal clocks :

$$I_{CC} = 3.45 \text{ [mA/MHz]} \times CLKB \text{ [MHz]} + 2.52 \text{ [mA/MHz]} \times CLKP \text{ [MHz]} + 0.72 \text{ [mA/MHz]} \times CLKT \text{ [MHz]} + 35.5 \text{ mA.}$$

If clock modulation is used the following value must be added to this result : $0.24 \text{ [mA/MHz]} \times CLKB \text{ [MHz]}$.

This results in the following values (higher clock settings are not allowed) :

Clock frequencies [MHz]			Maximum Core Current Consumption [mA]	Logic Power Consumption P_C at 5.25 V [mW]	Remarks
CLKB	CLKP	CLKT			
64	16	16	308	1.70	no clock modulation possible
48	24	24	290	1.52	
48	16	16	264	1.40	
32	32	32	257	1.35	
32	16	16	205	1.08	
24	24	24	202	1.06	
24	12	12	163	0.86	
16	16	16	146	0.77	
2	2	2	40	0.21	no PLL, no clock modulation
0.125	0.125	0.125	30	0.16	no PLL, no clock modulation

In addition to this power consumption of the MCU core logic the following contributions to the overall power consumption have to be considered :

(2) Analog Power Consumption

Module	Typical Current Consumption	Maximum Current Consumption	Remarks
DAC		1 mA / channel	current at AVCC
ADC	3 mA	7 mA	current at AVCC
	1.6 mA	2.6 mA	current at AVRH
Power down reset	0.26 mA	0.5 mA	current at Vdd
Alarm Comparator	0.31 mA	0.5 mA	current at AVCC
Zero point detection	0.13 mA	0.25 mA	current at AVCC

To calculate the analog power consumption P_A , the current contributions of the active modules have to be multiplied by the maximum analog supply voltage of 5.1 V-or by the maximum digital supply voltage as in case of the Power down reset.

MB91360G Series

(3) I/O and SMC Power Consumption

SMC drivers :

The average current consumption per SMC channel is 38.2 mA, for four channels this results in 152.8 mA. At 2×0.5 V this results in 153 mW power consumption P_{SMC} for four channels of stepper motor drivers.

Other I/O Buffers :

The power dissipation (P_{IO}) (at 5.25 V) of the I/O buffers is represented as the sum of the dynamic power dissipation (P_{AC}) and the static power consumption (P_{DC}) .

$$P_{IO} = P_{AC} \times 1.1 + P_{DC}$$

The following table lists values for the calculation of P_{AC5V} and P_{AC3V} :

Buffer Type	Power Consumption P _{IB} /P _{OB} @ 5V to calculate P _{AC5V}	Power Consumption P _{IB} /P _{OB} @ 3.3V to calculate P _{AC3V}	Unit
Normal Input	12.4	12.4	μW/MHz (C _L in pF)
Bidirectional Input			
4 mA Bidirectional Output	194 + 25 C _L	85.5 + 11 C _L	
4 mA Output			
8 mA Bidirectional Output	353 + 25 C _L	154 + 11 C _L	
8 mA Output			

$$P_{AC} = P_{IB} \times I_n \times f \times \text{operating rate} + P_{OB} \times O_n \times f \times \text{operating rate}$$

P_{IB} : Power Consumption of Input Buffers and Bidirectional Inputs

P_{OB} : Power Consumption of Output Buffers and Bidirectional Outputs

I_n : Total number of input buffers and bidirectional buffer inputs

O_n : Total number of output buffers and bidirectional buffer outputs

f : System frequency

Operating rate : 1.0 if all buffers are switched simultaneously at system frequency

P_{DC} is the caused by off chip loads which are drawing static currents.

$$P_{DC} = V_O \times I_O \times DC_N$$

V_O : Output voltage drop - usually 0.4 V

I_O : Output current - usually 4 mA

DC_N : Number of output buffers and bidirectional buffers driving off chip loads causing static currents.

MB91360G Series

5. Clock Settings

Clock domain	Clock name	Max frequency setting	Remark
Core	CLKB	64 MHz	under normal operating conditions
		32 MHz	for supply voltage between 4.25 and 3.5 V
Resource bus	CLKP	32 MHz	
Ext. Bus	CLKT	32 MHz	
Clock for CAN	CANCLK	32 MHz	

Note : **F362GA** : If the maximum frequency of 64 MHz is set for CLKB and an odd division factor for CLKT (3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13, 15) has been selected, then the option to create an asymmetrical CLKT must be used (set bit 14 of the F362MD register to "1") .

6. Converter Characteristics

• A/D Converter

Parameter	Symbol	Value			Unit	Remark
		Min	Typ	Max		
Resolution	—	—	—	10	Bit	
Conversion error	—	—	—	±5.0	LSB	overall error
Non-linearity	—	—	—	±2.5	LSB	
Differential Non-linearity	—	—	—	±1.9	LSB	
Zero Reading voltage	V_{0T}	AVRL – 3.5	AVRL + 0.5	AVRL + 4.5	LSB	
Full scale reading voltage	V_{FST}	AVRH – 5.5	AVRH – 1.5	AVRH + 2.5	LSB	
Input current	$I_{A@V_{DDA}}$	—	3.0	7.0	mA	
Reference voltage current	IR	—	1.6	2.6	mA	
Conversion time	—	178 cycles CLKP	—	1 ms		
Ripple of supply voltage	—	—	—	±5.0	mV	

• D/A Converter

Parameter	Symbol	Value			Unit	Remark
		Min	Typ	Max		
Resolution	—	—	—	10	Bit	
Differential linearity error	—	–0.9	—	+0.9	LSB	

MB91360G Series

7. A/D Converter Glossary

- **Resolution**

The smallest change in analog voltage detected by A/D converter.

- **Linearity error**

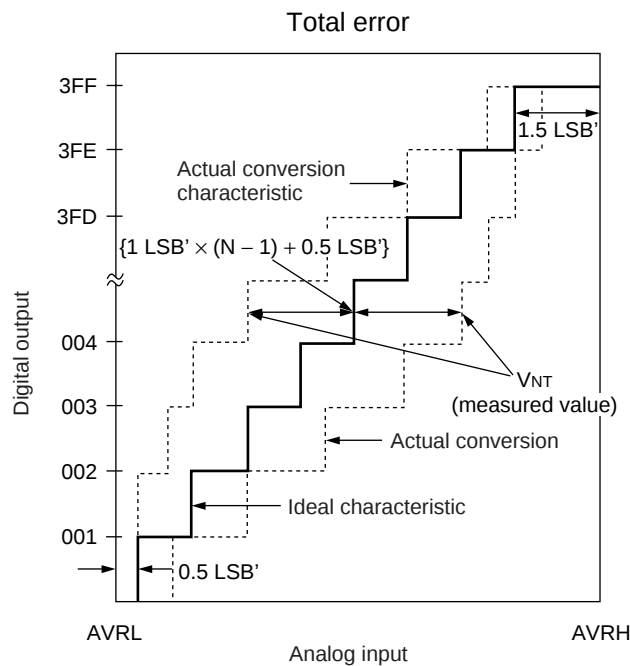
A deviation of actual conversion characteristic from a line connecting the zero-traction point (between “00 0000 0000” ↔ “00 0000 0001”) to the full-scale transition point (between “11 1111 1110” ↔ “11 1111 1111”) .

- **Differential linearity error**

A deviation of a step voltage for changing the LSB of output code from ideal input voltage.

- **Total error**

A difference between actual value and theoretical value. The overall error includes zero-transition error, full-scale transition error and linearity error.



$$\text{Total error of digital output } N = \frac{V_{NT} - \{1 \text{ LSB}' \times (N - 1) + 0.5 \text{ LSB}'\}}{1 \text{ LSB}'} [\text{LSB}]$$

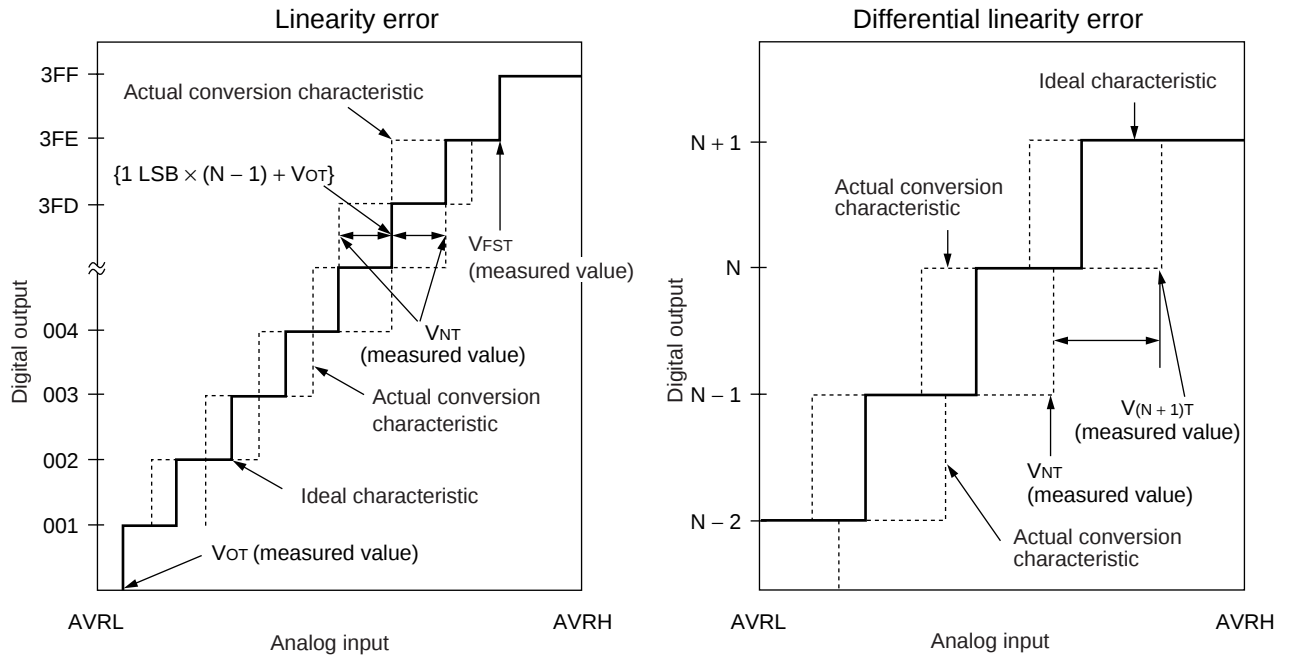
$$V_{OT}' \text{ (Ideal value)} = AVRL + 0.5 \text{ LSB}' [\text{V}]$$

$$V_{FST}' \text{ (Ideal value)} = AVRH - 1.5 \text{ LSB}' [\text{V}]$$

V_{NT} : A voltage for causing transition of digital output from $(N - 1)$ to N

(Continued)

(Continued)



$$\text{Linearity error of digital output } N = \frac{V_{NT} - \{1 \text{ LSB} \times (N - 1) + V_{OT}\}}{1 \text{ LSB}} \quad [\text{LSB}]$$

$$\text{Differential linearity error of digital output } N = \frac{V_{(N+1)T} - V_{NT}}{1 \text{ LSB}'} - 1 \quad [\text{LSB}]$$

$$1 \text{ LSB} = \frac{V_{FST} - V_{OT}}{1022} \quad [\text{V}]$$

$$1 \text{ LSB}' (\text{ideal value}) = \frac{AVRH - AVRL}{1023} \quad [\text{V}]$$

V_{OT} : A voltage for causing transition of digital output from (000)_H to (001)_H

V_{FST} : A voltage for causing transition of digital output from (3FE)_H to (3FF)_H

V_{NT} : A voltage for causing transition of digital output from (N - 1)_H to N

MB91360G Series

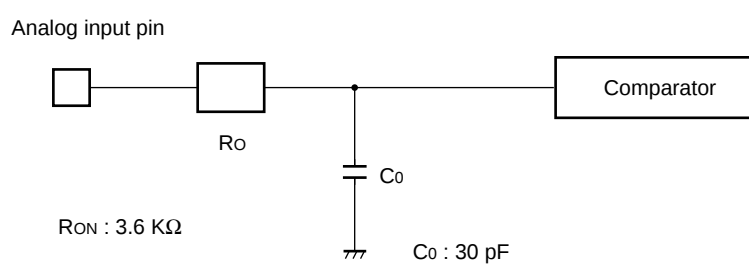
8. Notes on Using A/D Converter

Output impedance of external circuit of analog input under following conditions;

Output impedance of external circuit $< 4 \text{ k}\Omega$.

If output impedance of external circuit is too high, analog voltage sampling time may be too short for accurate sampling.

• Analog input Equivalent Circuit



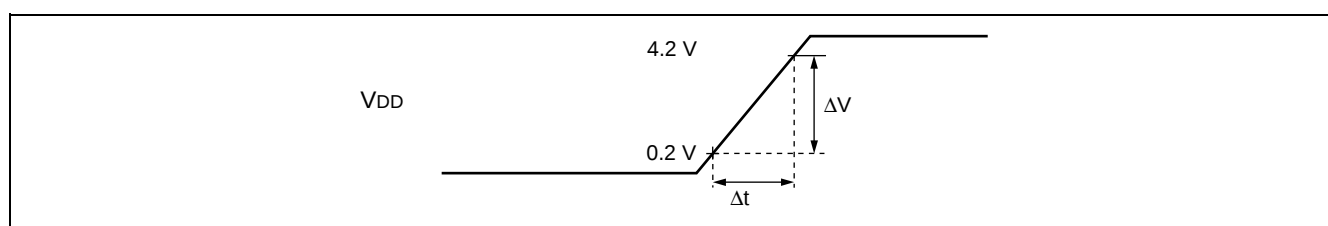
• Error

As the absolute value of $AVRH$ decreases, relative error increases.

MB91360G Series

9. The Time for Power Supply

Parameter	Symbol	Value			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	
Power supply raising slope	$\Delta V/\Delta t$	—	—	0.05	V/ μ s
Power supply raising slope	t_R	80	—	—	μ s



10. Flash Memory

• Erase and programming performance

Parameter	Condition	Value			Unit	Remarks
		Min	Typ	Max		
Sector erase time	$T_A = +25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 5.0\text{ V}$	—	1	15*	s	Excludes 00H programming prior erasure
Chip erase time		—	14	—	s	Excludes 00H programming prior erasure
Half word (16-bit) programming time		—	16	3,600*	μ s	Excludes system-level overhead
Erase/Program cycle	—	10,000	—	—	cycle	
Data retention time	—	100 K	—	—	h	

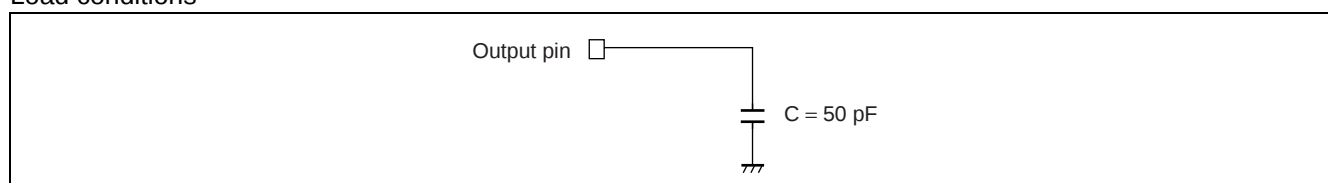
* : $T_A = +85\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 5.0\text{ V}$

11. AC Characteristics

• Measurement conditions

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit	Conditions
"H" level input voltage	V_{IH}	according to I/O spec	V	$V_{DD} = 4.25\text{ to }5.25\text{ V}$, $T_A = -40\text{ to }+85\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$
"L" level input voltage	V_{IL}		V	
"H" level output voltage	V_{OH}	$0.5 \times V_{DD}$	V	
"L" level output voltage	V_{OL}	$0.5 \times V_{DD}$	V	
"H" level input voltage	V_{IH}	3.0	V	$V_{DD} = 3.0\text{ to }3.6\text{ V}$, $T_A = -40\text{ to }+85\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$
"L" level input voltage	V_{IL}	0	V	
"H" level output voltage	V_{OH}	$0.5 \times V_{DD}$	V	
"L" level output voltage	V_{OL}	$0.5 \times V_{DD}$	V	

Load conditions



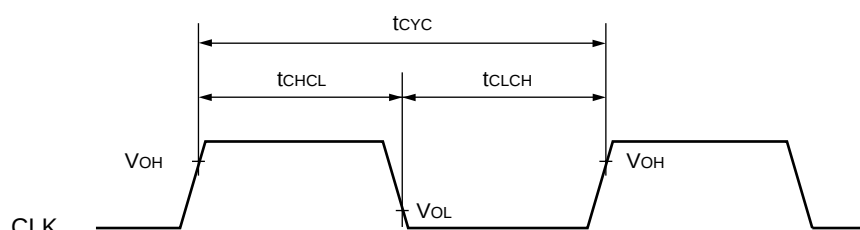
MB91360G Series

• External bus clock

($V_{DD} = 4.25 \text{ V to } 5.25 \text{ V}$, $T_A = -40 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C to } +85 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$)

Signal	Symbol	Pin name	Value		Unit
			Min	Max	
CLK cycle	t_{CYC}	CLK	t_{CPT}	—	ns
CLK rise → CLK fall	t_{CHCL}	CLK	$t_{CYC} / 2 - 10$	$t_{CYC} / 2 + 10$	ns
CLK fall → CLK rise	t_{CLCH}	CLK	$t_{CYC} / 2 - 10$	$t_{CYC} / 2 + 10$	ns

Note : This is only valid for operation without clock modulator

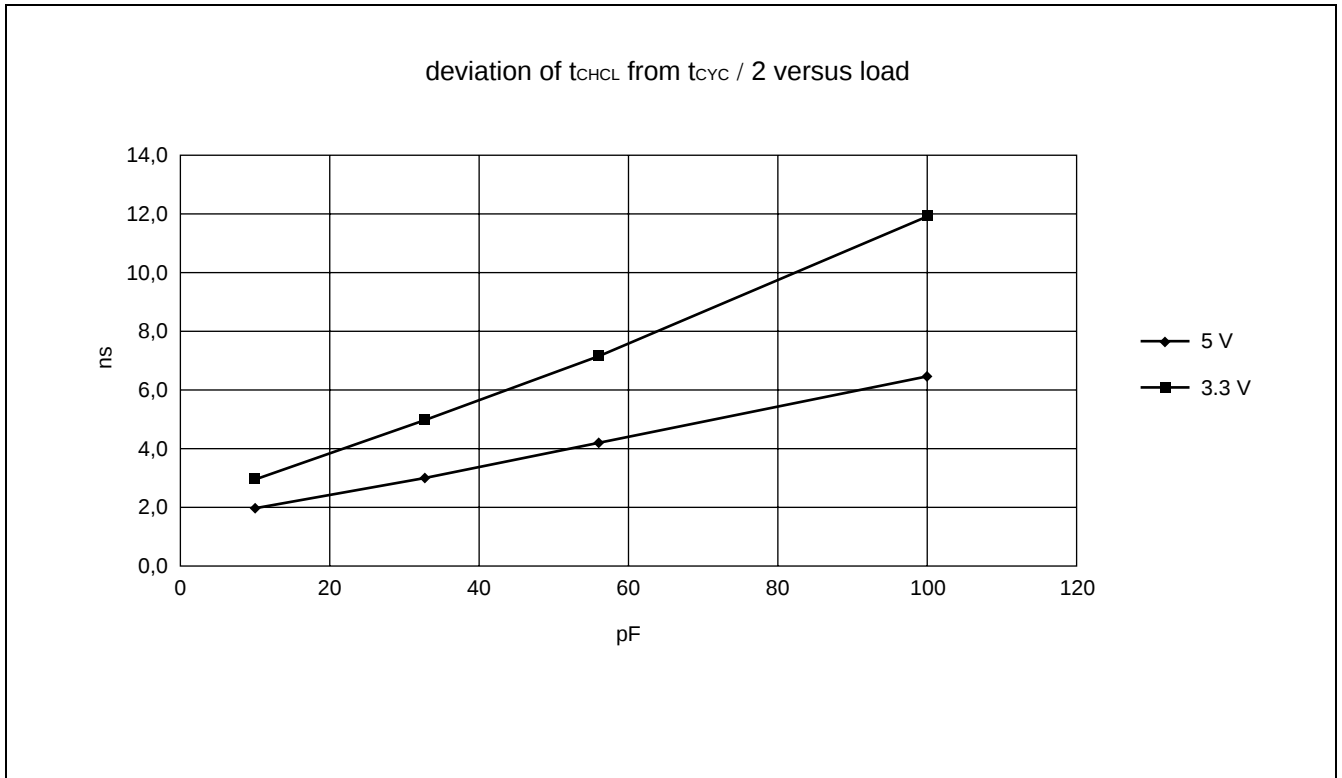


The values for t_{CHCL} and t_{CLCH} are heavily dependent on the load connected to the CLK pin. The following diagrams show this dependency for the worst case situation. The first diagram shows the situation for even division ratios between CLKB and CLK_T, the second diagram shows this for odd division ratios between CLKB and CLK_T (ASYMCLK_T bit is not set) .

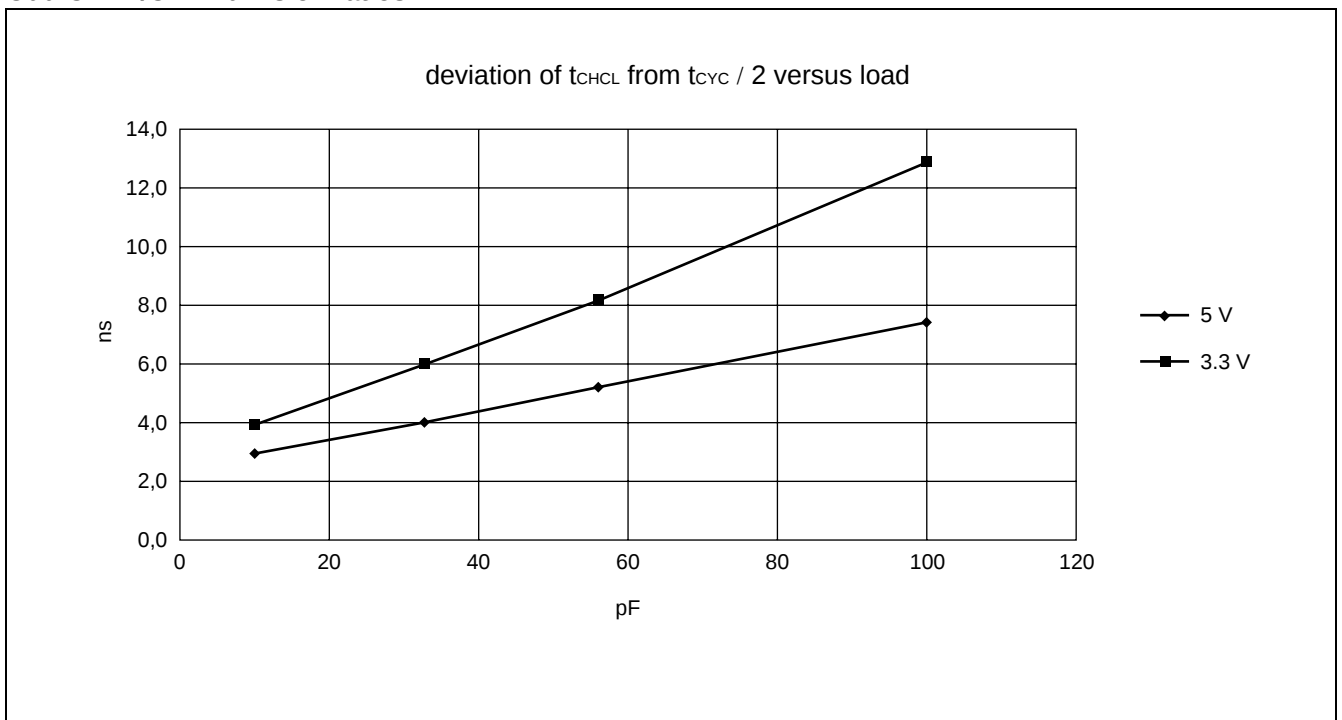
It has to note that when the combination of CLK frequency and load at CLK pin is such that rise or fall times are longer than $t_{CYC} / 2$ the duty ratio can get worse.

MB91360G Series

Even CLKB/CLKT division ratios :



Odd CLKB/CLKT division ratios :



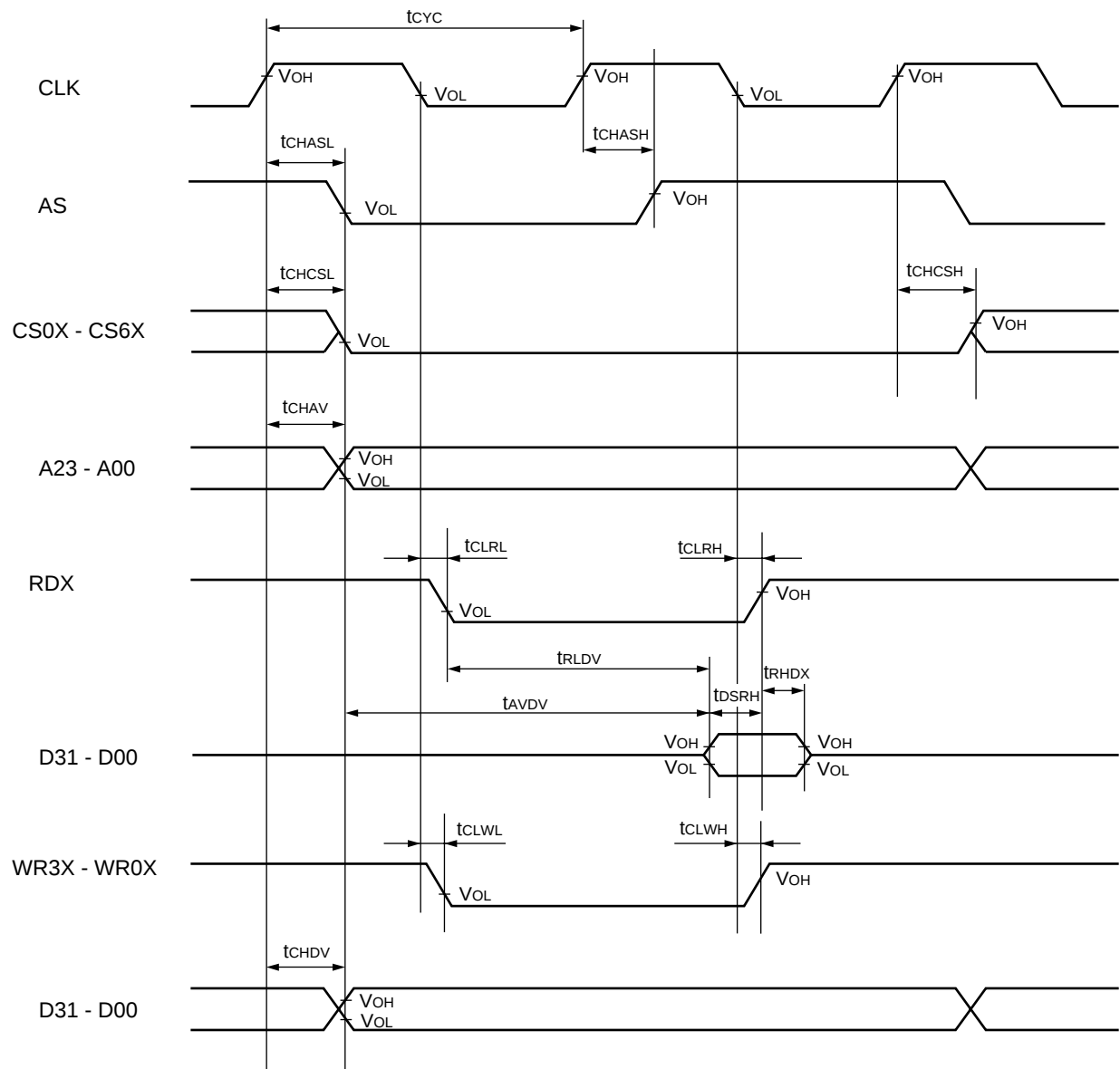
MB91360G Series

• External bus interface

($V_{DD} = 4.25 \text{ V to } 5.25 \text{ V}$, $T_A = -40 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C to } +85 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$)

Signal	Symbol	Pin name	Value		Unit
			Min	Max	
CS6X to CS0X delay time	t_{CHCSL}	CLK	—	15	ns
CS6X to CS0X delay time	t_{CHCSH}	CS6X to CS0X	—	15	ns
Address delay time	t_{CHAV}	CLK A20 to A0	—	20	ns
Data delay time	t_{CHDV}	CLK D31 to D0	—	16	ns
RDX delay time	t_{CLRL}	CLK	—	15	ns
RDX delay time	t_{CLRH}	RDX	—	15	ns
WR3X to WR0X delay time	t_{CLWL}	CLK	—	15	ns
WR3X to WR0X delay time	t_{CLWH}	WR3X to WR0X	—	15	ns
Effective address $\Rightarrow$ Effect data input time	t_{AVDV}	A20 to A0 D31 to D0	—	$3 / 2 \times t_{CYC} - 30$	ns
RDX (fall) $\rightarrow$ Effect data input time	t_{RLDV}	RDX D31 to D0	—	$t_{CYC} - 20$	ns
Data set up $\rightarrow$ RDX (rise) time	t_{DSRH}		25	—	ns
RDX (rise) $\rightarrow$ Data hold time	t_{RHDH}		0	—	ns
AS delay time	t_{CHASL}	AS	—	15	ns
AS delay time	t_{CHASH}	AS	—	15	ns

MB91360G Series

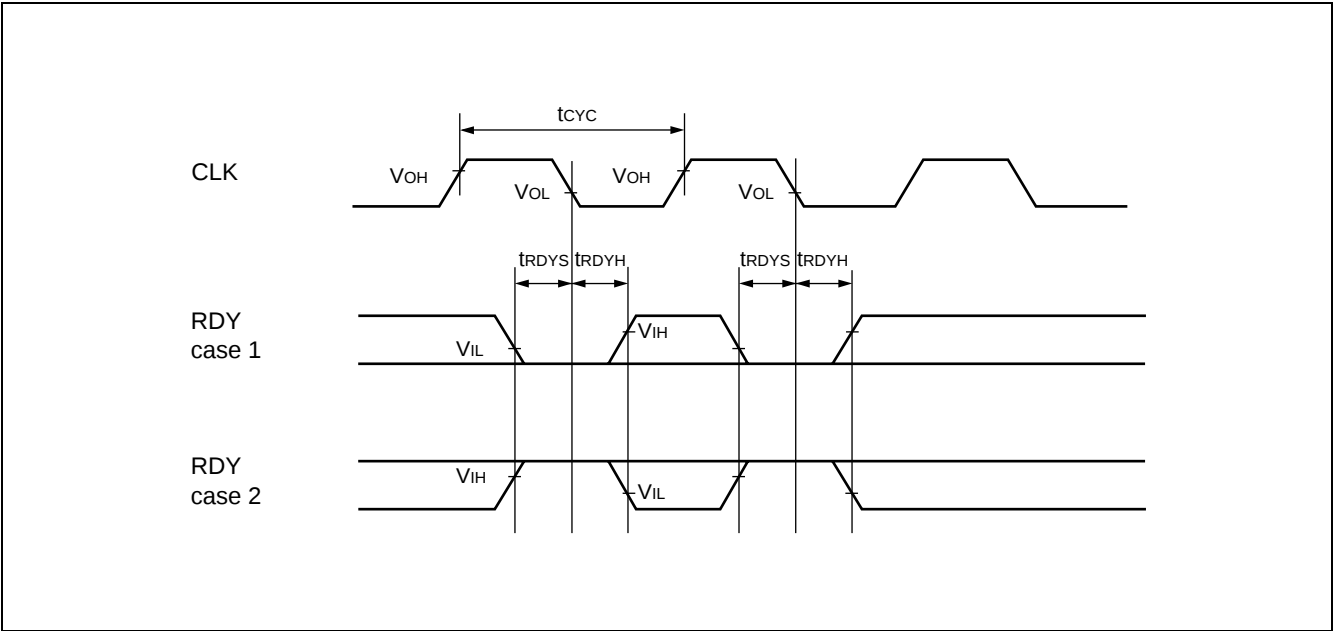


MB91360G Series

• RDY

($V_{DD} = 4.25\text{ V to }5.25\text{ V}$, $T_A = -40\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C to }+85\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$)

Signal	Symbol	Pin name	Value		Unit
			Min	Max	
RDY setup	t_{RDYS}	CLK RDY	16	—	ns
RDY hold	t_{RDYH}	CLK RDY	0	—	ns

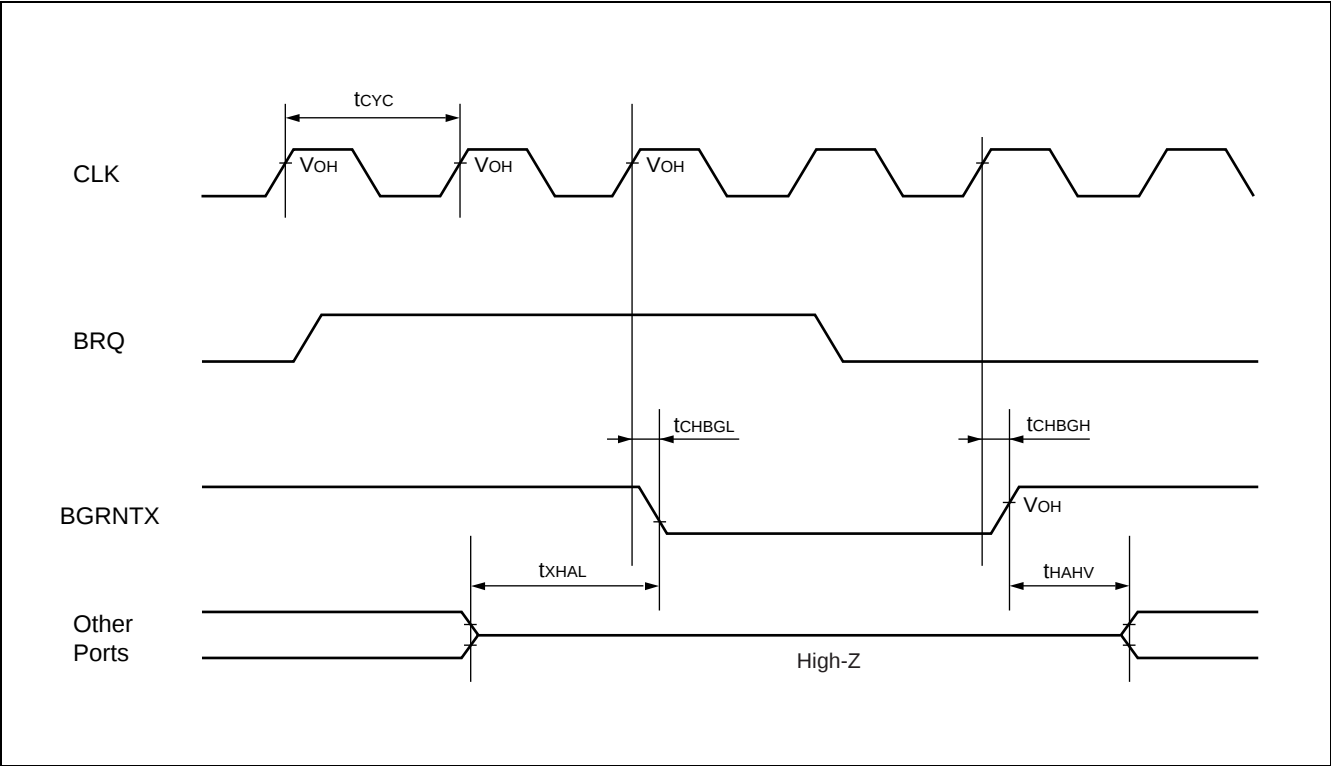


MB91360G Series

• BGRNTX

($V_{DD} = 4.25\text{ V to }5.25\text{ V}$, $T_A = -40\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C to }+85\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$)

Signal	Symbol	Pin name	Value		Unit
			Min	Max	
BGRNTX	t_{CHBGL}	CLK BGRNTX	—	10	ns
BGRNTX	t_{CHBGH}		—	10	ns
Bus access enabled BGRNTX falling	t_{XHAL}	BGRNTX	$t_{cyc} - 15$	$t_{cyc} + 15$	ns
Bus access disabled BGRNTX rising	t_{HAHV}		$t_{cyc} - 15$	$t_{cyc} + 15$	ns

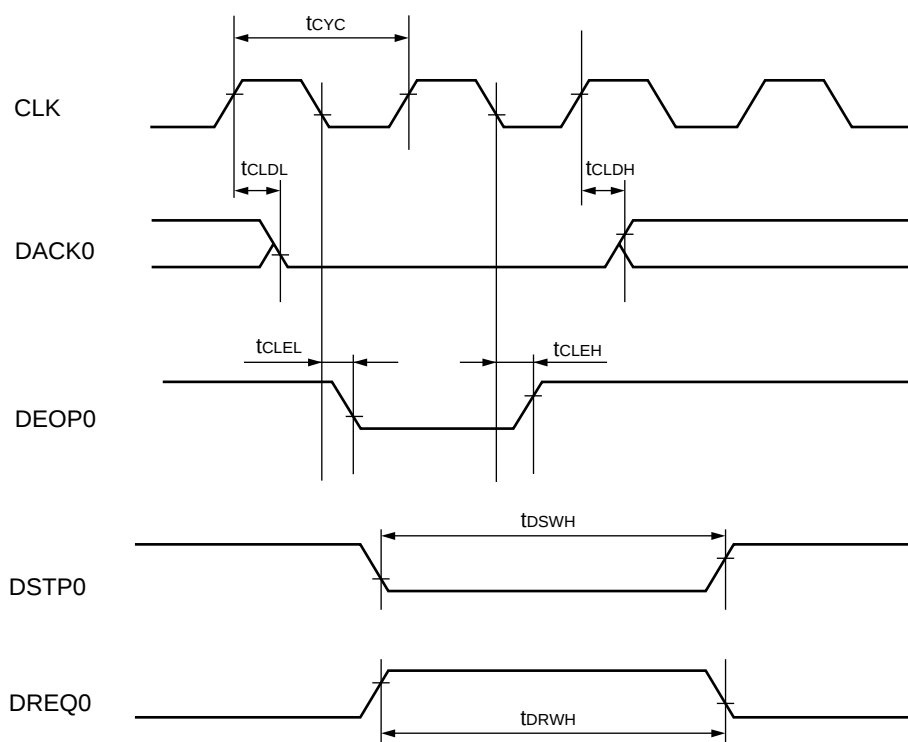


MB91360G Series

• DMA

($V_{DD} = 4.25 \text{ V to } 5.25 \text{ V}$, $T_A = -40 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C to } +85 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$)

Signal	Symbol	Pin name	Value		Unit
			Min	Max	
DREQ	t_{DRWH}	DREQ0	$5t_{CYC}$	—	ns
DSTP	t_{DSWH}	DSTP0*	$5t_{CYC}$	—	ns
DACK	t_{CLDL}	CLK	—	20	ns
	t_{CLDH}	DACK0	—	20	
DEOP	t_{CLEL}	CLK	—	20	ns
	t_{CLEH}	DEOP0	—	20	



* : DSTP and DEOP share a pin. The pin is possible to change DSTP and DEOP functions using a port function register.

MB91360G Series

■ PACKAGE THERMAL RESISTANCE INFORMATION

Package	Thermal Resistance [°C/W]			
	Theta-ja			Theta-jc
	0 m/s	1 m/s	3 m/s	
FPT-208P-M04	16	13	11	2.5
PGA-401C-A02	16	8.5	5.5	—
FPT-160P-M15	16	13	11	2.5

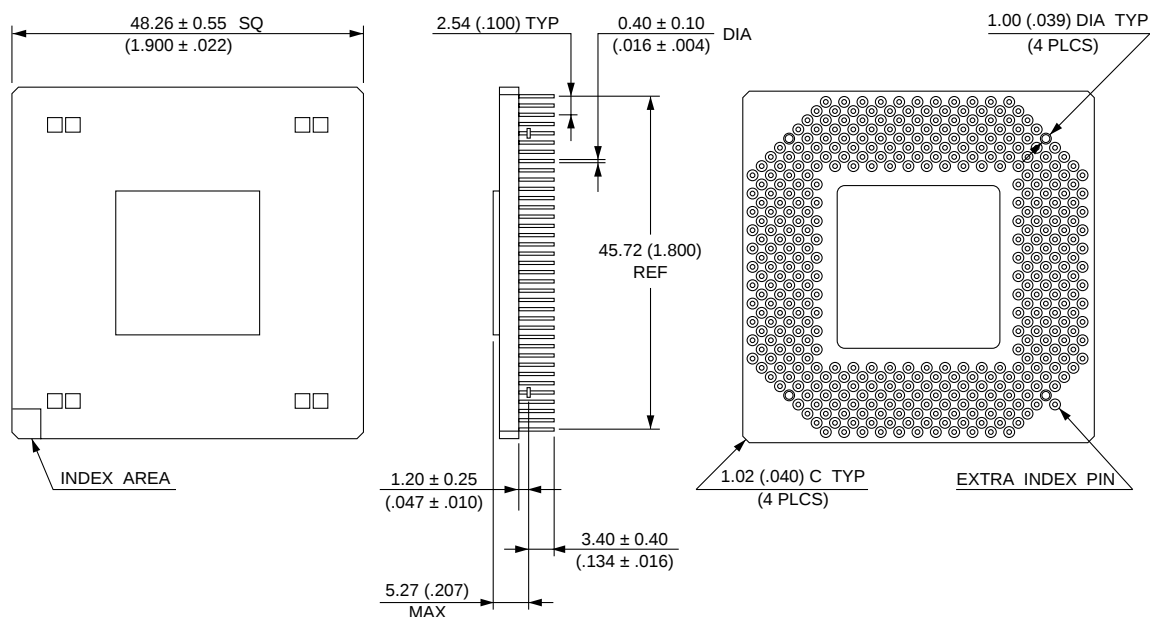
■ ORDERING INFORMATION

Part number	Package	Remarks
MB91FV360GACR	401-pin Ceramic PGA (PGA-401C-A02)	
MB91F362GAPFVS	208-pin Plastic QFP (FPT-208P-M04)	
MB91F369GAPQS1	160-pin Plastic QFP (FPT-160P-M15)	

MB91360G Series

■ PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

401-pin ceramic PGA
(PGA-401C-A02)

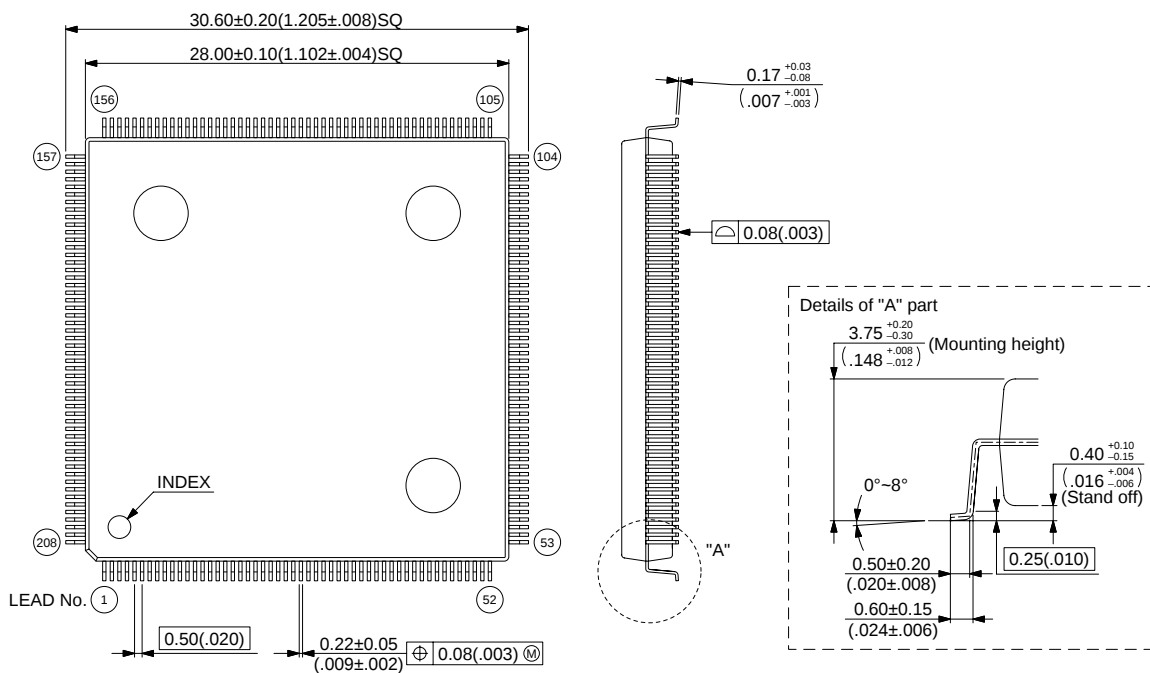


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Dimensions in mm (inches)

208-pin plastic QFP
(FPT-208P-M04)

Note : Pins width and pins thickness include plating thickness.



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Dimensions in mm (inches)

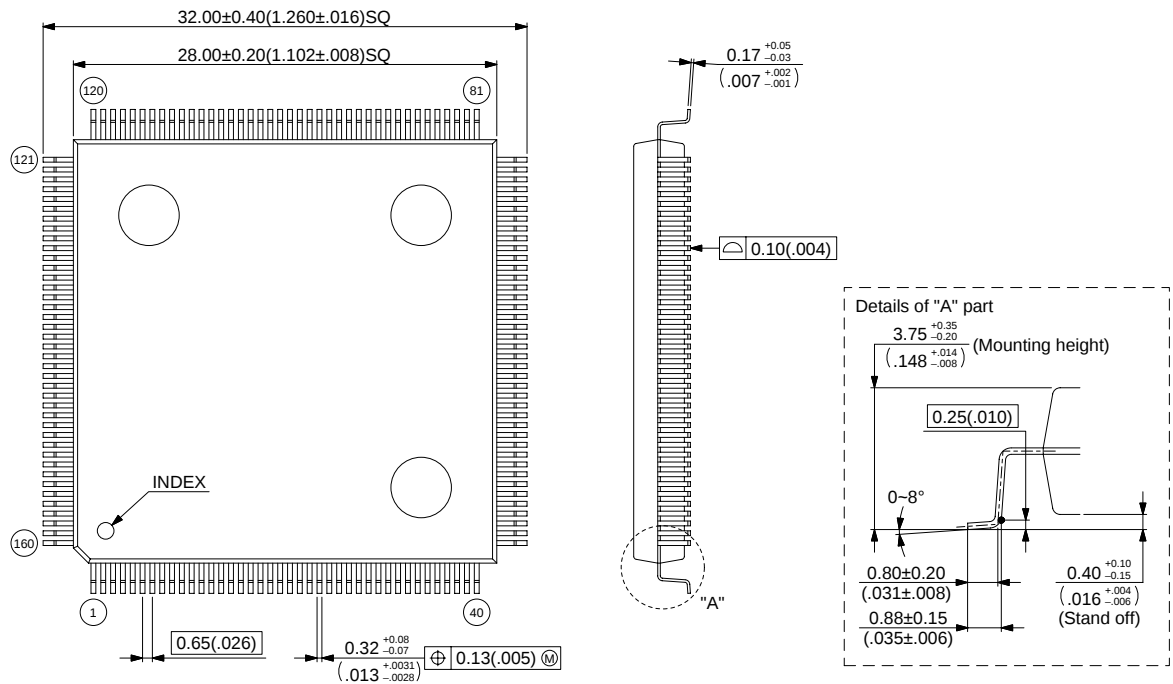
(Continued)

MB91360G Series

(Continued)

160-pin plastic QFP
(FPT-160P-M15)

Note : Pins width and pins thickness include plating thickness.



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Dimensions in mm (inches)

MB91360G Series

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