## PR26MF12NSZ/ PR36MF12NSZ Series

### **■** Features

- 1. Compact 8-pin dual-in-line package type
- 2. RMS ON-state current I<sub>T (rms)</sub>:0.6A
- 3. Low minimum trigger current (I<sub>FT</sub>≤5mA)
- 4. Built-in zero-cross circuit (PR36MF22NSZ)
- 5. High repetitive peak OFF-state voltage

PR26MF12NSZ V<sub>DRM</sub>:MIN. 400V

PR36MF12NSZ/PR36MF22NSZ V<sub>DRM</sub>:MIN. 600V

- 6. Isolation voltage between input and output (V<sub>iso (rms)</sub>:4kV)
- 7. Recognized by UL (No. E94758)
- 8. Recognized by CSA (No. LR63705)
- VDE (VDE0884) approved type (PR36MF12YSZ, PR36MF22YSZ) is also available as an option

### ■ Applications

1. Various types of home appliances

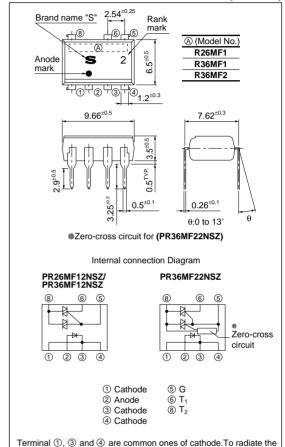
<b>Absolute Maximum Ratings</b> $(T_a=25^{\circ}C)$								
	Para	meter	Symbol	Rating	Unit			
Input	*1 Forward current		$I_{\mathrm{F}}$	50	mA			
Inp	Reverse voltage		V <sub>R</sub>	6	V			
ıt	*1 RMS ON-state current		I <sub>T (rms)</sub>	0.6	A			
	Peak one cycle surge current		I <sub>surge</sub>	6 (50Hz sine wave)	A			
Output	Repetitive peak OFF- state voltage	PR26MF12NSZ	$V_{ m DRM}$	400				
0		PR36MF12NSZ			V			
		PR36MF22NSZ		600				
*2]	Isolation vol	tage	V <sub>iso (rms)</sub>	4.0	kV			
Operating temperature PR26MF12NSZ PR36MF12NSZ PR36MF22NSZ			25 +- + 95					
		PR36MF12NSZ	$T_{opr}$	-25 to +85	°C			
		PR36MF22NSZ		-30 to +85				
Storage temperature			$T_{stg}$	-40 to +125	°C			
Soldering temperature			$T_{sol}$	260 (For 10s)	°C			

<sup>\*1</sup> The derating factors of absolute maximum ratings due to ambient temperature are shown in Fig.1, 2, 3, 4

# 8-Pin DIP Type SSR for Low Power Control

### ■ Outline Dimensions

(Unit: mm)



## ■ Model Line-up

	For 100V line	For 200V line
No built-in zero- cross circuit	PR26MF12NSZ	PR36MF12NSZ *(PR36MF12YSZ)
Built-in zero- cross circuit	_	PR36MF22NSZ *(PR36MF22YSZ)

heat, solder all of the lead pins on the pattern of PWB.

<sup>\*2 40</sup> to 60% RH, AC for 1 minute, f=60Hz

<sup>\*</sup> VDE (VDE0884) approved type

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■ Electr	ical Charac	teristics					(	$T_a=25^{\circ}C)$
Parameter			Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Innut	Forward voltage		$V_F$	I <sub>F</sub> =20mA	_	1.2	1.4	V
Input	Reverse current		$I_R$	$V_R=3V$	_	_	10	μΑ
	Repetitive peak OFF-state current		$I_{DRM}$	$V_D = V_{DRM}$	_	_	100	μΑ
	ON-state voltage		V <sub>T</sub>	I <sub>T</sub> =0.6A	_	_	3.0	V
Output	Holding current		$I_{H}$	V <sub>D</sub> =6V	_	_	25	mA
	Critical rate of rise of OFF-state voltage		dV/dt	$V_D=1/\sqrt{2} \cdot V_{DRM}$	100	_	_	V/µs
	Zero-cross voltage	PR36MF22NSZ	Vox	I <sub>F</sub> =10mA, R load	_	_	35	V
	Minimum trigger current		$I_{FT}$	$V_{D}=6V, R_{L}=100\Omega$	_	_	5	mA
Transfer	Isolation resistance		R <sub>ISO</sub>	DC=500V, 40 to 60%RH	5×10 <sup>10</sup>	1011	_	Ω
charac- teristics	Turn-on time	PR26MF12NSZ/PR36MF12NSZ	t <sub>on</sub>	$V_D=6V, R_L=100\Omega, I_F=10mA$	-	_	100	He
		DDOCMEOONICZ					50	μs

Fig.1 RMS ON-state Current vs. Ambient Temperature (PR26MF12NSZ/PR36MF12NSZ)

PR36MF22NSZ

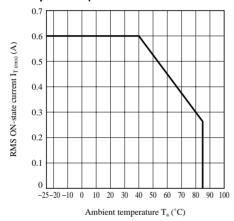


Fig.3 Forward Current vs. Ambient Temperature (PR26MF12NSZ/PR36MF12NSZ)

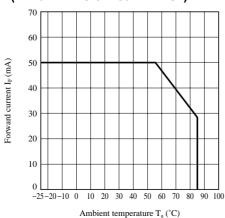


Fig.2 RMS ON-state Current vs. Ambient Temperature (PR36MF22NSZ)

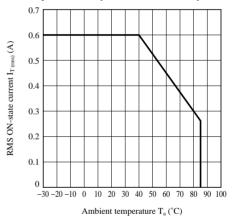


Fig.4 Forward Current vs. Ambient Temperature (PR36MF22NSZ)

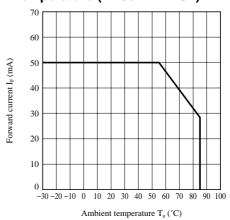


Fig.5 Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage

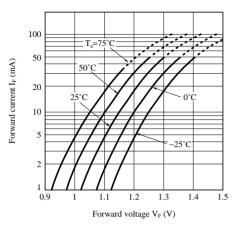


Fig.7 Minimum Trigger Current vs. Ambient Temperature (PR36MF22NSZ)

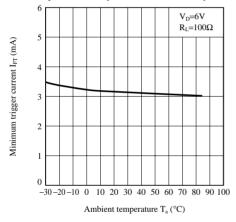


Fig.9 ON-state Voltage vs. Ambient Temperature (PR36MF22NSZ)

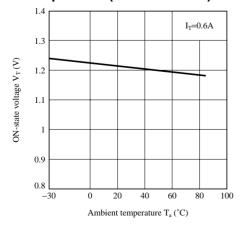


Fig.6 Minimum Trigger Current vs. Ambient Temperature (PR26MF12NSZ/PR36MF12NSZ)

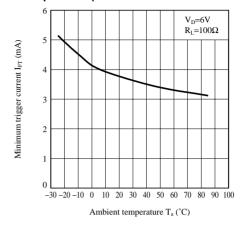


Fig.8 ON-state Voltage vs. Ambient Temperature (PR26MF12NSZ/PR36MF12NSZ)

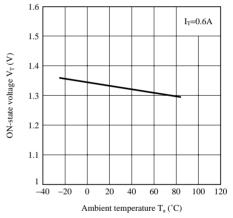


Fig.10 Relative Holding Current vs. Ambient Temprature (PR26MF12NSZ/PR36MF12NSZ)

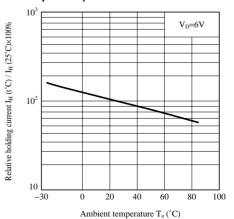


Fig.11 Relative Holding Current vs. Ambient Temperature (PR36MF22NSZ)

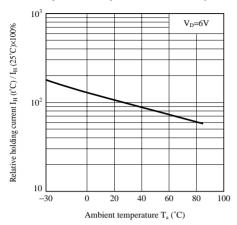


Fig.13 ON-state Current vs. ON-state Voltage (PR26MF12NSZ/PR36MF12NSZ)

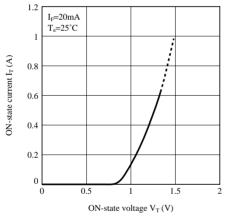


Fig.15 Turn-on Time vs. Forward Current (PR26MF12NSZ/PR36MF12NSZ)

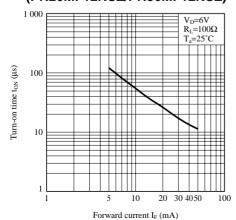


Fig.12 Zero-cross Voltage vs. Ambient Temperature (PR36MF22NSZ)

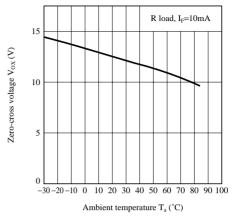


Fig.14 ON-state Current vs. ON-state Voltage (PR36MF22NSZ)

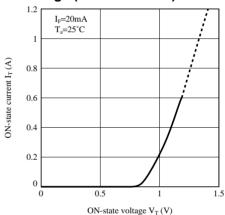
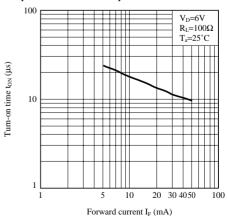


Fig.16 Turn-on Time vs. Forward Current (PR36MF22NSZ)



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