



# LinearDimensions SEMICONDUCTOR

## LNDINA333A/B/C INA333 Footprint Compatible Instrumentation Amplifiers (INA) use 50% Less Current

### GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The LNDINA333A/B/C are precision instrumentation amplifiers designed to be footprint compatible with the TI INA333. Although the LNDINA333 are footprint compatible they offer similar performance to the INA333 with a 30% reduction in power consumption (25 $\mu$ A typical and 30 $\mu$ A maximum vs. 50 $\mu$ A typical and 80 $\mu$ A maximum for the INA333). The LNDINA333A has a single ended output replicating the INA333A while the outputs of LNDINA333B/C are fully differential.

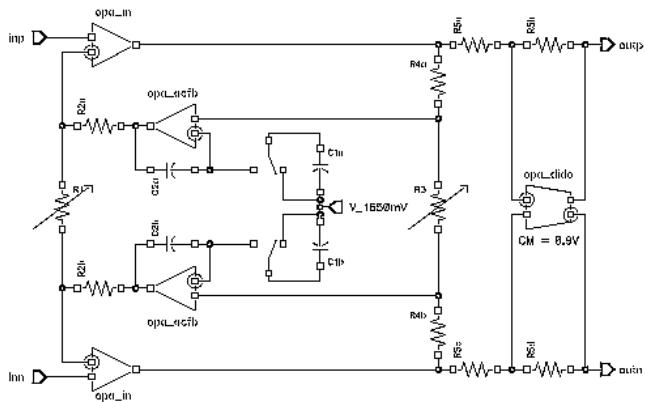
If an RG resistor is connected between the RG pins then the differential current will be set by the external resistor. On the other hand if the RG inputs remain high impedance then a pulse on RG/DIG- will cause an internal resistor to decrement in value, while a pulse on RG/DIG+ will cause the internal resistor to increment in value. Default is half scale.

The LNDINA333C is an AC only instrumentation amplifier which has a 5Hz 3dB high pass response. Integrators are connected between the output and feedback nodes to form a high pass response as shown in the block diagram below.

The LNDINA333A/B/C features 8kV HBM ESD protection compared to 4kV with the INA333. The inputs are also RFI filtered to reduce EMI susceptibility.

The LNDINA333A/B/C is available in a EPAD DFN-8 package which has a 65°C/W thermal resistance.

### BLOCK DIAGRAM



**Figure 1 – LNDINA333C Equivalent Block Diagram**

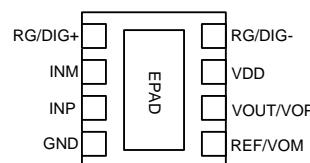
### FEATURES

- Instrumentation Amplifier
- Single ended (LNDINA333A)
- Fully differential (LNDINA333B)
- Fully differential AC only (LNDINA333C)
- +2.7V to +5.5V input range
- 25 $\mu$ A typ current consumption (INA333, 50 $\mu$ A)
- 35 $\mu$ A typ current (LNDINA333C)
- 350kHz typical bandwidth
- 25 $\mu$ V typical input offset voltage
- 100dB typical CMRR
- 100nV/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$  typical input referred noise
- RFI Filtered Inputs
- External resistor or programmable gain
- Minimum gain setting 100V/V
- Input range: GND-0.1V to VDD+0.1V
- Output range: GND+0.05V to VDD-0.05V
- Low drift: 2 $\mu$ V/ $^{\circ}\text{C}$  typical
- +/-5pA typical input bias current
- 10mA short circuit current
- 8kV ESD Protection (vs. 4kV for INA333)
- Temperature range: -40 $^{\circ}\text{C}$  to 125 $^{\circ}\text{C}$
- Footprint compatible with EPAD DFN-8

### APPLICATIONS

- Portable heart rate equipment
- Portable fitness & wellness products
- Non-critical diagnostics
- Vibration measurement equipment
- Instrumentation
- Bridge amplifiers
- Pressure sensors
- Weigh scales
- Sensor amplifiers

### PACKAGE



LNDINA333A, LNDINA333B, LNDINA333C					
<b>INPUT</b>					
Offset Voltage <b>vs Temperature</b>	-40°C < t < 125°C	-100 (V-)+0.1	25 <b>2</b>	100 (V+)-0.1	µV µV/°C V
Common-Mode Voltage Range Common-Mode Rejection Gain = 100 Gain = 1000	DC to 60Hz, VCM=(V-)+0.1V to (V+)-0.1V	90 90	100 100		dB dB
<b>INPUT BIAS CURRENT</b>					
Input Bias Current Input Offset Current			+5 +5	+50 +50	pA pA
<b>INPUT NOISE</b>					
Input Voltage Noise f = 100Hz f = 1kHz f = 0.1Hz to 10Hz Input Current Noise f = 1kHz	G=100		100 50 1		nV/√Hz nV/√Hz µVpp fA/√Hz
<b>GAIN</b>					
Gain Equation Range of Gain Gain Error G = 100 G = 1000	VS=3.3V, (V-) + 0.1V < V <sub>o</sub> < (V+) - 0.1V	100	1 + 100kΩ/RG +0.1 +0.25 <b>+15</b>	2000 +0.25 +0.5 <b>+50</b>	% % ppm/°C
<b>Gain vs Temperature</b>			10		ppm
Gain Nonlinearity G = 250 to 2000					
<b>OUTPUT</b>					
Output Voltage Sw ing From Rail Capacitive Load Drive Short-circuit Current			200 +10	50	mV pF mA
<b>FREQUENCY RESPONSE</b>					
Bandwidth, -3dB G = 100 G = 1000 Slew Rate Settling Time to 0.01%			3.5 350 0.03 500		kHz Hz V/µs µs
<b>REFERENCE OUTPUT</b>					
VREF		0.88	0.9	0.92	V
<b>POWER SUPPLY</b>					
Voltage Range Quiescent Current <b>vs Temperature</b>		2.7	25	5.5 27 <b>30</b>	V µA µA
<b>LNDINA333B</b>					
Common-Mode Output Voltage		0.88	0.9	0.92	V
<b>LNDINA333C</b>					
Quiescent Current <b>vs Temperature</b>		35 <b>42</b>	38	µA <b>µA</b>	
Common-Mode Output Voltage Middle-Point Common Mode Point Low -Pass Filter Cutoff Frequency		0.88 V <sub>s</sub> /2 2.5	0.9 0.92 5		V V Hz