

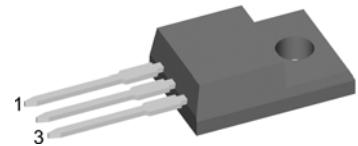
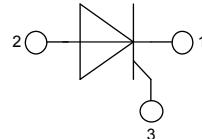
**Standard SCR**

Single Thyristor

**V<sub>RRM</sub>** = 1600 V  
**I<sub>T(RMS)</sub>** = 47 A  
**I<sub>T(AV)M</sub>** = 30 A

Part number

CMA 30 E 1600 PN



Backside: Isolated

**Features / Advantages:**

- Thyristor for line frequency
- Planar passivated chip
- Long-term stability of blocking currents and voltages

**Applications:**

- Motor control
- Power converter
- AC power controller
- Switch mode and resonant mode power supplies
- Light and temperature control

**Package:**

- Housing: TO-220FP
- Industry standard outline
- Plastic overmolded tab for electrical isolation
- Isolation Voltage 2500 V
- UL registered E 72873
- Epoxy meets UL 94V-0
- RoHS compliant

Symbol	Definition	Conditions	Ratings			
			min.	typ.	max.	Unit
V <sub>RSM/DSM</sub>	max. non-repetitive reverse/forward blocking voltage	T <sub>VJ</sub> = 25°C			1700	V
V <sub>RRM/DRM</sub>	max. repetitive reverse/forward blocking voltage	T <sub>VJ</sub> = 25°C			1600	V
I <sub>R/D</sub>	reverse current, drain current	V <sub>R</sub> = 1600 V	T <sub>VJ</sub> = 25°C		10	µA
		V <sub>R</sub> = 1600 V	T <sub>VJ</sub> = 125°C		2	mA
V <sub>T</sub>	forward voltage	I <sub>F</sub> = 30 A	T <sub>VJ</sub> = 25°C		1.45	V
		I <sub>F</sub> = 60 A			1.70	V
		I <sub>F</sub> = 30 A	T <sub>VJ</sub> = 125°C		1.40	V
		I <sub>F</sub> = 60 A			1.65	V
I <sub>T(AV)M</sub>	max. average forward current	T <sub>C</sub> = 40°C	T <sub>VJ</sub> = 150°C		30	A
I <sub>T(RMS)</sub>	RMS forward current	180° sine			47	A
V <sub>T0</sub> r <sub>T</sub>	threshold voltage slope resistance } for power loss calculation only		T <sub>VJ</sub> = 150°C		0.92	V
					18	mΩ
R <sub>thJC</sub>	thermal resistance junction to case				2.50	K/W
T <sub>VJ</sub>	virtual junction temperature		-40		150	°C
P <sub>tot</sub>	total power dissipation		T <sub>C</sub> = 25°C		50	W
P <sub>GM</sub>	max. gate power dissipation	t <sub>G</sub> = 30 µs	T <sub>C</sub> = 150°C		10	W
		t <sub>G</sub> = 300 µs			5	W
P <sub>GAV</sub>	average gate power dissipation				0.5	W
I <sub>FSM</sub>	max. forward surge current	t = 10 ms; (50 Hz), sine	T <sub>VJ</sub> = 45°C		260	A
		t = 8,3 ms; (60 Hz), sine	V <sub>R</sub> = 0 V		280	A
		t = 10 ms; (50 Hz), sine	T <sub>VJ</sub> = 150°C		220	A
		t = 8,3 ms; (60 Hz), sine	V <sub>R</sub> = 0 V		240	A
I <sup>2</sup> t	value for fusing	t = 10 ms; (50 Hz), sine	T <sub>VJ</sub> = 45°C		340	A <sup>2</sup> s
		t = 8,3 ms; (60 Hz), sine	V <sub>R</sub> = 0 V		325	A <sup>2</sup> s
		t = 10 ms; (50 Hz), sine	T <sub>VJ</sub> = 150°C		240	A <sup>2</sup> s
		t = 8,3 ms; (60 Hz), sine	V <sub>R</sub> = 0 V		240	A <sup>2</sup> s
C <sub>J</sub>	junction capacitance	V <sub>R</sub> = 400 V f = 1 MHz	T <sub>VJ</sub> = 25°C	9		pF

		Ratings			
Symbol	Definition	Conditions	min.	typ.	max.
$(di/dt)_{cr}$	critical rate of rise of current	$T_{VJ} = 125^\circ C$ repetitive, $I_T = 40 A$ $f = 50 \text{ Hz}; t_p = 200 \mu s$ $I_G = 0.2 A; di_G/dt = 0.2 A/\mu s$ $V_D = \frac{2}{3} V_{DRM}$ non-repetitive, $I_T = 22 A$			150 500 A/ $\mu s$
$(dv/dt)_{cr}$	critical rate of rise of voltage	$V_D = \frac{2}{3} V_{DRM}$ $T_{VJ} = 125^\circ C$ $R_{GK} = \infty$ ; method 1 (linear voltage rise)			500 V/ $\mu s$
$V_{GT}$	gate trigger voltage	$V_D = 6 V$ $T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$ $T_{VJ} = -40^\circ C$			1.3 1.6 V
$I_{GT}$	gate trigger current	$V_D = 6 V$ $T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$ $T_{VJ} = -40^\circ C$			28 50 mA
$V_{GD}$	gate non-trigger voltage	$V_D = \frac{2}{3} V_{DRM}$ $T_{VJ} = 125^\circ C$			0.2 V
$I_{GD}$	gate non-trigger current				1 mA
$I_L$	latching current	$t_p = 10 \mu s$ $T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$ $I_G = 0.2 A; di_G/dt = 0.2 A/\mu s$			90 mA
$I_H$	holding current	$V_D = 6 V$ $R_{GK} = \infty$ $T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$			80 mA
$t_{gd}$	gate controlled delay time	$V_R = \frac{1}{2} V_{DRM}$ $T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$ $I_G = 0.5 A; di_G/dt = 0.5 A/\mu s$			2 $\mu s$
$t_q$	turn-off time	$V_R = 100 V; I_T = 22 A$ $T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$ $V_D = \frac{2}{3} V_{DRM}; t_p = 200 \mu s$ $di/dt = 10 A/\mu s; dv/dt = 20 V/\mu s$		150	$\mu s$

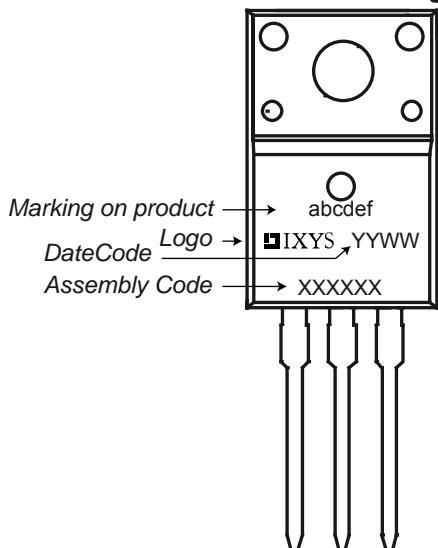
Ratings						
Symbol	Definition	Conditions	min.	typ.	max.	Unit
$I_{RMS}$	RMS current	per pin <sup>1)</sup>			35	A
$R_{thCH}$	thermal resistance case to heatsink			0.50		K/W
$T_{stg}$	storage temperature		-55		150	°C
<b>Weight</b>				2		g
$M_D$	mounting torque		0.4		0.6	Nm
$F_c$	mounting force with clip		20		60	N
$V_{ISOL}$	isolation voltage	t = 1 second	2500			V
		t = 1 minute	2000			V
$d_s$	creepage distance on surface		1.07			mm
$d_A$	striking distance through air		1.07			mm

<sup>1)</sup>  $I_{RMS}$  is typically limited by: 1. pin-to-chip resistance; or by 2. current capability of the chip.

In case of 1, a common cathode/anode configuration and a non-isolated backside, the whole current capability can be used by connecting the backside.

#### Part number

##### Product Marking

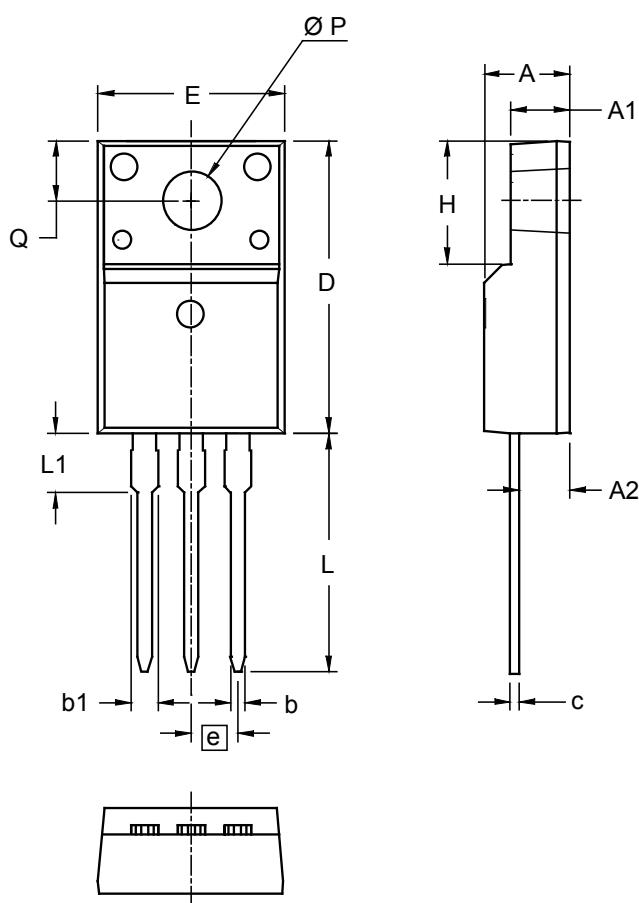


C = Thyristor (SCR)  
M = Standard SCR  
A = (up to 1800V)  
30 = Current Rating [A]  
E = Single Thyristor  
1600 = Reverse Voltage [V]  
PN = TO-220ABFP (3)

Ordering	Part Name	Marking on Product	Delivering Mode	Base Qty	Code Key
Standard	CMA 30 E 1600 PN	CMA30E1600PN	Tube	50	505254

Similar Part	Package	Voltage class
CMA30E1600PB	TO-220AB (3)	1600
CS22-12io1M	TO-220ABFP (3)	1200
CLA30E1200PB	TO-220AB (3)	1200
CS29-12io1C	ISOPLUS220AB (3)	1200
CLA30E1200PC	TO-263AB (D2Pak)	1200
CLA30E1200HB	TO-247AD (3)	1200
CS22-08io1M	TO-220ABFP (3)	800
CS29-08io1C	ISOPLUS220AB (3)	800

## Outlines TO-220FP



SYM	INCHES		MILLIMETERS	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	.177	.193	4.50	4.90
A1	.092	.108	2.34	2.74
A2	.101	.117	2.56	2.96
b	.028	.035	0.70	0.90
b1	.050	.058	1.27	1.47
c	.018	.024	0.45	0.60
D	.617	.633	15.67	16.07
E	.392	.408	9.96	10.36
e	.100 BSC		2.54 BSC	
H	.255	.271	6.48	6.88
L	.499	.523	12.68	13.28
L1	.119	.135	3.03	3.43
ØP	.121	.129	3.08	3.28
Q	.126	.134	3.20	3.40